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1 2	SOUTHCENTRAL FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL
3 4 5	PUBLIC MEETING
6	VOLUME II September 21, 2000
7 8 9 10	Mentasta Lake Village School Mentasta Lake, Alaska
11 MEMBERS	PRESENT:
13 Ralph Lohse, Chair 14 Fred Elvsaas, Vice Chair 15 Fred John, Jr. 16 Gilbert Dementi 17	
18 19 Ann Wil 20	kinson, Coordinator
	P. Kolasinski, Recorder

00168 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 (On record) 5 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We're on. I'd like to call this fall meeting of the Southcentral Regional Subsistence Advisory Council back to order. Today is Thursday the 21st. It's a quarter to nine in the morning. 10 We finished Proposal 16 last night, and I think 11 we're on proposal 17 if I remember right. 12 13 MS. WILKINSON: You said that we were going 14 to start this morning with the staff..... 15 16 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, that's right. 17 going to let Tom Boyd speak first this morning So we will 18 do that. 19 20 MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair, I appreciate the 21 opportunity to kind of get out of your sequence of agenda 22 items and speak. And it's one of the staff reports in your 23 agenda, and it's referring to the resource monitoring 24 program, the Fisheries Resource Monitoring Program, which 25 is kind of a new aspect of the Federal Subsistence Program. 26 And as we've taken over fisheries management, or 27 subsistence fisheries management on Federal lands, we have 28 kind of an opportunity to expand and enhance our knowledge 29 of fisheries to help better manage, but more over, we also 30 have an opportunity to involve local users, native 31 organizations, tribes and other rural organizations in the 32 management of fisheries through this program. And so I 33 kind of wanted to bring you up to date on where we've been 34 in the 2000 season, kind of where we're going for 2001 and 35 2002. And if I could refer you to Tab H in your council 36 books, there is a write-up in there, and one of my staff 37 brought to me the day before I left a handout that looks 38 like this. It should be in front of you. And I would --39 I'm going to refer you back and forth to Tab H and this 40 handout, but the handout's a good outline, and I'm going to 41 be speaking from it, so that you can follow me fairly 42 closely in this presentation, and I'll try not to be too 43 lengthy with it, but we did want to bring you up to date. 44 45 What is the fishery monitoring program? And it's 46 essentially a unified, interagency effort on the part of 47 all the Federal agencies in the Federal Subsistence Program 48 to enhance our capacity or capability to manage subsistence 49 fisheries, to gather information and also to as I've said

50 before build capacity in the rural communities, Alaska

Native organizations and other organizations in fisheries management. And we do that primarily through cooperative agreements and other funding instruments to conduct studies, or to conduct monitoring work. So we -- the program is to identify information aids and bring that together to help manage subsistence fisheries, to fund studies, to collect information.

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And the information that we gather is generally of three types: Those that look at subsistence harvest patterns and uses; those that monitor stock status and abundance, you know, escapement, spawning escapements, and population parameters, so that we can have a good fix on what's happening in the fisheries; as well as gathering information which we've called traditional environmental knowledge or traditional ecological knowledge, or elders knowledge. So all of the studies that we're doing sort of fall in one of those three categories.

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I mentioned that this is an opportunity for Alaska 21 Native and rural organization involvement. This year we've 22 actually had cooperative agreements and various 23 arrangements through either the Federal or State, the 24 Alaska Department of Fish and Game, to work with local 25 entities, such as tribes or native organizations to help us 26 identify issues and information needs, to -- basically to 27 conduct the studies based on the information or the issues 28 that we've identified and the needs that we've identified.

29 30

And just as sort of a highlight of what we've been 31 able to do this year with the funding that we've had this 32 last year, we've been able to hire a total of 83 local 33 residents, primarily through seasonal jobs in these 34 monitoring studies, and 69 of those were Alaska Natives.

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36 In fiscal year 2000, that's this past year, we had 37 to scramble. It was the first year of the program. 38 kind of got out late in terms of the time needed to 39 identify studies and monitoring needs, and to get studies We were primarily looking for those 40 on the grounds. 41 studies that had some basis already in planning. 42 efforts were already under way, studies were already being 43 conducted. In previous years we had something on the shelf 44 that we could identify as something ready to go. And 45 during the course of soliciting for proposals for studies, 46 some 160 proposals were received, and out of that 45 47 studies were actually funded. And these were funded to the 48 tune this last year of \$5.6 million. Just a bit of a 49 breakout, three and a half of those -- three and half 50 million came from the Department of Interior, and 2.1

00170 million came from the Forest Service budget.

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In terms of who received the funding this past year, we have a breakout there of 38 percent came from -or went to Alaska Native or other organizations in local hires. That represents about \$2.2 million, and these were -- you know, if I could broadly categorize those, non-Federal, non-State type organizations. And these were mostly native organizations. There were some others, like 10 the University of Washington that funded -- we funded one 11 study through, but primarily native organizations. Forty 12 percent of this went to the Alaska Department of Fish and 13 Game, representing 2.2 million again. And 22 percent 14 stayed with Federal agencies for about 1.2 million.

I could refer in your book under Tab H some further 17 breakouts. If you look on the second page, there's a table 18 at the top of the page that looks like this in your book, 19 to kind of give you an idea of the regional breakouts for 20 these projects. And I'll refer you to about the middle of 21 that table which is your region, Cook Inlet. We call it 22 Cook Inlet/Gulf of Alaska. There were 17 projects funded 23 for about \$827,000, representing just under 15 percent of 24 the total project budget.

25 26 Looking forward to 2001, I'd refer you to the 27 fourth page in your book. There's a schedule in there that 28 looks like this, and that's the schedule that we're 29 following, and the process that we're following to identify 30 programmatic needs and fund studies for next season. You 31 can see we're already well into it. In our last meeting of 32 this council and the other councils, we tried to identify 33 information needs, and that's sort of an on-going process 34 as we go through regulatory proposals, as we go through 35 discussions of those, sometimes these sort of just jump out 36 at you. I know in the course of the meeting yesterday I 37 identified two or three information needs that sort of 38 jumped out at me. So these -- this is the kind of thing 39 that we try to do is listen and learn from the councils as 40 well as just every day as we encounter issues to try to 41 identify those management issues and information needs that 42 aren't currently being covered by monitoring or studies. 43 So we're well into this process.

At step number three, we've just passed September 45 46 15th, and we had had a solicitation for proposal. We call 47 them preproposals, project preproposals, out since the 48 early part of the summer. And those were due by the middle 49 of September, and so that date has come and gone now. 50 That's step three there. And just the other day, just

before we left for this meeting, I had asked the staff how many of those preproposals had come in, and there's just over 300 is what I'm told. They don't have a final count yet, but that's statewide. So currently we're in the process of beginning to screen those preproposals and narrow those down to the studies that will be funded for 2001.

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The next step in the process will be to, once we 10 narrow those down, to prepare investigation plans. 11 a much more expansive document that sort of lays out how 12 the studies will be conducted. And those will then form 13 the basis of item six, a draft annual resource monitoring 14 plan, and that plan will be sent back to you, the regional 15 advisory council, sometime around the first of the year. 16 And during a special meeting of all of the regional 17 advisory councils, similar to what we had last January, we 18 want to bring in all of you to go through these annual 19 monitoring plans and to give us your recommendations with 20 regard to that. And we've targeted the 22nd through the 21 26th of January for that meeting in Anchorage. And then 22 sometime in February we'd have the Federal Board then make 23 a decision on that annual monitoring plan so then we could 24 begin to start funding those studies for 2001.

25

I should point out that there are prob -- there
have been problems since we started in terms of schedule
and how we administer this since we started. Obviously we
started behind the curve, behind the time curve, so that's
kind of overlapped into 2001. And we hope by the time we
started behind the 2002 process we'll have a schedule that's
pretty much, you know, gives us plenty of time between the
steps to more properly and appropriately engage the
councils for your input, but this has been a scramble from
the start and we're still playing catch-up even through
Me want this schedule to fit your meeting schedule,
and give you more time to prepare and review for the annual
studies plan review. So that's kind of where we've been
and where we're going.

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Moving to 2002, we're fixing to kick that process 42 off, so all of this is overlapping. And I'd refer you to 43 probably about the sixth page in your book, and it looks 44 like this. It's very similar to the other schedule you 45 just looked at. It has some dates down the left side, and 46 these are -- this is going to be kind of the annual 47 schedule from 2002 on as we go through this cycle every 48 year, so you'll notice there's no years behind these dates. 49 It's from 2002 to 2003, et cetera. And it's a very similar 50 process. and I won't go over it again, that I've just

described for 2001. So we're kicking that off November 1 with a call for proposals again, so you can see the 2001 and 2002 processes are overlapping.

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Yeah, just some important dates to focus you on is early on in step one, sort of the year-round step we call it, but it's the identification of management issues and information needs, that's an on-going process, and as we go through, I think a good place to do this is as we go through regulatory proposals, and you identify information needs, you can highlight those and let us know. Also, my staff is going to be listening for those. I know I was listening for them yesterday, and even today as you talk about regulatory proposals. So that's an on-going process. So I'd focus you there. And also, down at the fall meetings in September and October when you -- when -- as we get on step, you'll be reviewing the annual resource monitoring plans.

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20 Looking ahead also in this program, and I talked --21 I touched briefly on building capacity in rural and native 22 organizations. We've identified the ability to fund up to 23 nine professional positions that we hope to place this next 24 year in rural organizations to build capacity in those 25 organizations to participate in the program, and in the 26 studies program as well. Tentatively I think we've 27 identified six fishery biologists and three social 28 scientists to place out in these organizations. We haven't 29 identified those organizations yet. They'll be distributed 30 among the regions based on need, and the organizations that 31 will have the positions will be chosen with an open 32 competitive process. In other words, we'll submit a 33 request for proposals fairly soon. I don't have a date 34 yet, but by the end of the year, and then we'll screen 35 those and try to identify where to place those positions 36 based on where we think the program needs are.

37 38

What our -- what my hope is, is that we can get -39 there are clearly not enough positions for every rural
40 organization out there. Any my hope is that we can get
41 people to collaborate, organizations to sort of form
42 coalitions and collaborate around this.

43

What we see is a need to put positions out there to 45 help provide technical assistance in these projects that 46 I'm talking about, to provide technical capability within 47 these organizations so that they can effectively 48 participate in this regulatory process, to provide the 49 ability to mentor employees in these organizations as they 50 perform these projects. So there's a whole host of skills

that we're looking for, and duties that these people will be performing. But the idea is to build some professional capacity in rural organizations so that they can more effectively participate in the subsistence program. That's kind of a quick overview of the studies 7 program, and I'll stop there and see if you have any questions. 10 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions, council 11 members? 12 13 MR. DEMENTI: Will the funding still be 14 there for these programs next year? I mean, would funding 15 be on-going? 16 17 MR. BOYD: That's our hope. I mean, 18 obviously we won't know what we've got -- we put in our 19 budgets every year, and we're budgeting for this to be a 20 continuing program. And obviously we don't know what we 21 get every year until Congress approves our budget, but --22 and 2001 is our first real budget, and we -- and the 23 Department of Interior, I can't -- I don't know what the 24 number is for Agriculture, but the Department of Interior's 25 put in for seven and a half million dollars to fund this 26 program. Now, when I say seven and a half million, that's 27 not all in projects. We have some overhead costs, like 28 staff and -- to administer the program, but that's -- you 29 know, we've tried to put in an ample amount of funding to 30 run the monitoring program. And our hope is that this will 31 be a recurring annual thing. 32 33 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I see with your schedule 34 that basically you're hoping to get so you're actually 35 working a year in advance instead of..... 36 37 MR. BOYD: Exactly. 38 39 ....instead of working in CHAIRMAN LOHSE: 40 the same year that you're trying to do it. 41 42 MR. BOYD: Yeah. We've really been under 43 the gun with short staff and behind the time curve to try 44 to get this off the ground. I've been very pleased with 45 the staff's ability to get something going in 2000. I 46 think it was a pretty big task to get these projects off 47 the ground in 2000. And we're still behind in 2001, but 48 we're catching up, and we're getting staff on board now 49 that will help us to administer this process.

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I might point out to you in your books, and I won't go into these in detail, but this is provided to you for information, is a -- as you turn the pages, you'll see -you can't read them from here, but pages that look like These are the proposals that I talked about. This is what came in in 2000, and what were selected for funding in 2000, and we have one for all of the projects within your region in your book here. And it starts with the abundance and run timing of adult salmon in Tanada Creek 10 that we funded this creek. I understand that project met 11 with difficulties this year, there was high water and it 12 washed the weir out, but I mean, that's the intent here is 13 to show you the projects that we were intending to fund in 14 2000, that were funded in 2000. 15 16 We want to keep this in front of the councils on an 17 on-going basis as you meet and this will become a recurring 18 part of your agendas, and it's our hope that you'll be 19 fully integrated into the process of helping us identify 20 information needs and recommend projects for approval. 21 22 I might add at the end of that section is kind of a 23 spreadsheet that breaks out the studies and sort of columns 24 on the different places where funding went from the kinds 25 of organizations, and then the total funding, so these 26 spreadsheets that look like this at the end. It's kind of 27 a summary. 28 29 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Tom, are these projects 30 that are already okayed, or are these projects that are on 31 the drawing board? 32 33 MR. BOYD: These are already okayed. This 34 is what we.... 35 36 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: These are already okayed? 37 MR. BOYD: Yeah. This was in the plan for 39 2000, which obviously we've..... 40 41 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. This was.... 42 43 MR. BOYD: .....just come through the field 44 season. 45

> CHAIRMAN LOHSE: This was done this year?

48 MR. BOYD: Right.

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50 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.

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00175
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                   MR. BOYD: Now -- that's correct.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now, will a lot of these
  projects be repeated then in two -- I mean, are they on the
  planning book for 2001?
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                   MR. BOYD: Some of these are multi-year
  projects. I mean, obviously you can't -- you need several
  years in some cases to.....
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11
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: To do (indiscernible -
12 simultaneous speech) essentially.
13
14
                             .....get enough information.
                   MR. BOYD:
15 Right. So some of these are multi-year projects.
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17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    So basically when you get
18 into next year's projects, you already have a certain
19 number of projects that are pre-approved and on the -- on
20 the books....
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22
                   MR. BOYD: That's correct.
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24
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....because you can't
25 drop them, because you've started them.....
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                   MR. BOYD: That's correct.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....so that takes up some
30 of the funding for next year?
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                   MR. BOYD: That's right.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So you don't have to find
34
35 all new projects?
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                   MR. BOYD: No.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah.
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                   MR. BOYD: But our hope is that we can
42 start -- you know, once you -- well, probably after two or
43 three or five years of this, we're going to see some pretty
44 routine stuff coming along, but....
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46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah.
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                  MR. BOYD:
                             .....there will always be room
49 for new projects. I think that's the goal, is to, you
50 know, we'll have recurring projects and new projects.
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00176
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh. Yeah, because
   some of these look to me like they could last for a long
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                   MR. BOYD: Uh-huh. (Affirmative) And we
  may meet with some difficulties on these projects. We may
  find out that one year's enough. You know, during the
  course of the study, we may determine that there's no use
  in going further with -- for one reason or another,
10 and....
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But are you going to have
13 to increase your staff then to.....
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                  MR. BOYD: Yes.
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17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....as you go.....
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19
                  MR. BOYD: Well, our....
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21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....through this further?
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23
                   MR. BOYD: We plan for a staff of nine
24 fisheries and social science professionals in what we call
25 our Fishery Information Services Division within my office,
26 and that will be their job is to implement or administer
27 this program.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So they'll be in the
30 office, they won't be in the field?
31
32
                  MR. BOYD: They will be in the office
33 primarily. We would -- with these other nine position that
34 I spoke to, they would be housed in local organizations
35 somewhere, or a native organization. Possibly one of the
36 regional organizations. We do have field staff in the
37 agencies, but we have not received approval from -- at
38 least on the Interior side, to fund field staff to help
39 oversee these projects, so we're relying in large part on
40 existing field staff, as well as the field staff of the
41 Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and hopefully these new
42 nine positions to help us provide the technical assistance
43 needed for these projects.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So basically what you do
46 is you either contract with an organization or another
47 governmental body for the field staff?
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                  MR. BOYD: That's correct.
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00177 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for 2 Tom? 3 4 (No audible response) 5 6 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Have you got more for us? 7 MR. BOYD: One other item, and I'll just briefly mention it. Under Tab -- let's see, where would it 10 be? It may also be under Tab H. Yes. You talked about 11 staffing, and it looks like this. It's right -- the next 12 page behind the monitoring pages. This kind of just gives 13 you a quick overview of our staffing to date in the 14 fisheries part of the Federal Subsistence Program. And in 15 a nutshell, we've hired -- all the agencies have hired 21 16 people, new people. You know, it's not counting existing 17 staff. We've had some turn-over, but sort of the net gain 18 for fisheries has been 21, and we plan to hire another 22. 19 And you kind of see the agency breakouts. That first line, 20 Fish and Wildlife Service, FWS, OSM, that's Office of 21 Subsistence Management, that's the office that I oversee. 22 We're the folks that have the coordinators and the 23 biologists and the anthropologists to provide you staff 24 support. And you can see we've increased by nine to date, 25 and plan to hire six more for a total of 15 new in my 26 office. That will expand my office to some 45 people. 27 total net -- total gain for all agencies will be 43 people 28 as we move towards completing our -- fulfilling our 29 staffing needs. 30 31 I already mentioned to you what the studies program 32 does, or did this year. We were able to hire 83 people on 33 a seasonal basis through these projects. I mentioned 34 already the nine new positions, the technical positions, 35 that will go to the native or other rural organizations. 36 37 And I should highlight one of the positions that's 38 going to be a new position. We will be filling a position, 39 the BIA is recruiting now, for a native liaison position 40 that will work closely with the Federal Subsistence Board 41 and Alaskan native organizations, essentially in a 42 coordination capacity, liaison capacity, but also will be 43 participating on what we call the interagency staff 44 committee that provides recommendations to the Board, staff 45 recommendations to the Board. So that position is 46 currently under -- being recruited. I'll be working fairly 47 closely with that position. The idea is to build some

48 bridges with the native community. So that's kind of a 49 quick overview of where we are with staffing right now.

00178 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And how has it worked out with the -- oh, with the projects that you've worked out with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game? Have you had pretty good success and been working together on information gathering projects? 6 7 MR. BOYD: Yes, and I think we've had very good success. I got a report, a briefing just last week, the latter part of last week. I'd been getting some 10 reports. Generally people accentuate the native, and I'd 11 been getting some reports on two or three projects that 12 weren't going well. And so I asked staff to put together 13 an overview of how well these projects are going, and I got 14 a briefing last week on all of the projects statewide. And 15 I was pleased to find that things are going quite well for 16 the whole -- all of the 46 projects. There were several 17 projects that we would -- you would normally expect on a 18 program of this scale that would -- were not what we'd call 19 totally successful this year. I mean, weirs that got 20 washed out, miscues in coordination between different 21 organizations that had to be worked out. Communication 22 problems, people problems, and those sorts of things. But 23 on the whole I think it was a good year. I would say we're 24 on a learning curve, and my expectation is we're going to 25 continue to have these problems. It's just -- I mean, we 26 would have these problems if it were purely within the Fish 27 and Wildlife Service, in one organization where you would 28 minimize communication problems. But, you know, things 29 happen out there that you don't have a lot of control over, 30 but most of the projects are off and running, and I think 31 doing quite well, so..... 32 33 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I know you spent a lot of 34 time on that protocols and everything last year. Has..... 35 36 MR. BOYD: Okay. 37 .....that worked out? I 38 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: 39 mean, as far as information sharing and everything, has 40 there been a pretty good open sharing of information? 41

MR. BOYD: I think so. I think the real 43 test came this year on the Yukon River, and early on I 44 think when the first run of -- runs were coming in, the 45 Chinook runs on the Yukon, for example, we began to 46 recognize there were big problems. The fish just weren't 47 coming in like they should have, like they were projected 48 to. There were some -- there were a couple of early 49 commercial openings, and I think we had some early 50 communication problems between Federal and State in-season

managers. That got ironed out fairly quickly. I think we recognized we were going to have to pull together, and it turned in to be a very dismal year for both chinook and the fall chums. But the communication between the in-season managers improved over the course of the year. We were able to make all of the in-season decisions in sync with the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and from my perspective, they were generally good decisions, and, you know, first to protect the resource, and the subsistence 10 uses. And I -- you know, I think once we got into the flow 11 of it, there was lots of communication, not only between 12 the managers, but also with the user community, the Yukon 13 Drainage Fishermen's Association, and we had a coordinating 14 committee made up of council members from the three 15 councils along the river, and we tried to keep everyone in 16 the loop about what was going on, what the information was, 17 so that people could weigh in as we -- you know, prior to 18 making these difficult decisions. So that was the real 19 test, and I think it really panned out.

20 21

We had some similar issues early with the chinook 22 runs on the Kuskokwim, and the communication was very good 23 there from the very start. We didn't have the same 24 problems in some of the other regions of the state, so they 25 weren't really coming to me, so I don't have a -- I guess 26 silence sometimes is positive. You know, if you don't hear 27 anything. No news is good news they say, so I can only 28 suspect that things were working well in the other parts of 29 the state.

30 31

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I was just wondering about

32 Bristol Bay. 33

MR. BOYD: Well, we had a situation over there. The jurisdictional layout over there is a little bit different than other places. The headwaters occur in the Lake Clark National Park area. Probably the Park Service, some of the representatives here might have a better handle on that situation. But I know we had a situation in the Kvichak where they had to curtail the commercial fishing season, and allow escapements. I'm not sure about the communication between the two agencies though. I don't know if anybody from the Park Service wants to address that or not.

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46 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I don't see any

47 volunteers.

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MR. BOYD: Okay.

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00180
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Anybody else have any
   questions for Tom?
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                   MS. McBURNEY: I'd be happy to give you
   just like....
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Sure.
                                           Yeah.
8
9
                   MS. McBURNEY: ..... (indiscernible - away
10 from microphone).
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12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Sure, Mary.
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14
                   MS. McBURNEY: I'm Mary McBurney, and I'm
15 the subsistence program manager for Lake Clark, Katmai,
16 Aniakchak, and the Alagnak Wild River. And with regard to
17 the in-season management in Bristol Bay, and particularly
18 with the Kvichak, it was -- I think that this is where we
19 probably came up with the people problems and miscues and
20 miscommunication. And I'm not quite sure -- well, right
21 now there is a Bristol Bay fisheries conference that is
22 taking place, and this particular meeting took precedence
23 for me over that. But they -- the Bristol Bay Native
24 Association has convened a meeting where they have invited
25 Commissioner Rue and the Fish and Game managers to sit down
26 and kind of do a recap, and step by step I think go through
27 and relive some of the management decisions that were made
28 with regard to the sockeye fishery. And I -- being -- it's
29 always easy to be, you know, a Monday night quarterback,
30 and be able to say you did it differently, but at least
31 from my perspective, it did look as though information was
32 not flowing as smoothly between State and Federal folks,
33 and for that matter even between I think divisions within
34 the State. And I know that many of the comments that I got
35 back from communities in the Lake Clark Region, there was a
36 lot of dissatisfaction with the fact that the burden of
37 conservation seemed to fall most heavily on the sport
38 fishery, of which many people in the lake communities are
39 very dependent upon, that many of their local businesses
40 rely on that sport business during the summer months.
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42
           So I'm not exactly sure how that may be changed in
43 the future, but it will be something that we'll need to
44 keep an eye on, and perhaps to avoid miscues where the
45 sport fishery is shut down, and then the commercial fishery
46 basically continues, which in many cases was where a lot of
47 the tensions arose.
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So -- but basically it
50 wasn't -- it was mostly -- that was State of Alaska, that
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00181
  was not too much -- there wasn't many decisions made by the
  Federal department in it?
                   MS. McBURNEY: No. No, in fact we -- there
  was very little for the Federal manager to do at that
  point. It was between the sport fish and the commercial
   fish divisions, and their timing of emergency closures.
9
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Any other questions
10 for Mary?
11
12
           (No audible response)
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thank you.
15
16
                   MS. McBURNEY: Thank you.
17
18
                   MR. BOYD: Thanks, Mary. That's my report.
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20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That's your report.
21 Anybody have any more questions for Tom?
22
23
                   MR. ELVSAAS: No.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Anybody in the audience
26 got a question for Tom?
27
28
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Drive safely.
29
                   MR. BOYD: I'm going to listen a little
30
31 more.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Nobody has a question for
34 you. You're -- thank you for the report. We'll see you.
35 Like he said, drive safely if you leave before the rest of
36 us.
37
38
                   MR. BOYD: Okay.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Let's take a five-
41 minute break, and five-minute breaks always end up being
42 ten-minute breaks, so let's go to 9:30, and then let's get
43 started back on our proposals.
44
45
           (Off record)
46
47
           (On record)
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Put the meeting back in
50 session. I got a request for testimony on the resource
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monitoring program, and I'd like to give somebody a few minutes to talk on that from the other side. Bruce?

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MR. CAIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm Bruce Cain with Native Village of Eyak, and I just had a comments on the process that maybe it will be helpful in the future. I know this is a new program, and we're kind of working the kinks out of it.

9

10 For example, the project 34, the Miles Lake sonar 11 improvement project. That's a very important project to 12 us, but I notice in the consultations portion of this 13 project, it says we are providing copies of all proposals 14 to the Native Village of Eyak, and are waiting comments and 15 discussion. Now, you know, maybe they've done that, but to 16 my knowledge we don't have any record of that in our files 17 that I've seen, and I know that the council has not, at 18 least to my knowledge, met and discussed this. And I think 19 that's kind of a common problem across the state. I had 20 Matt from the Sport Fish Division came by my office on the 21 15th at about 3:00 o'clock and dropped a proposal off, said 22 he wanted me to review it and get back to him. You know, 23 there was no way for me to get that to the council or have 24 it reviewed, although I appreciated him bringing it by. 25 That's the first one that at least I've seen of fish and 26 game proposals that have come to the Native Village of 27 Eyak.

28

One of the things that would maybe help, and this 30 is kind of just standard operating procedure among most 31 proposal submission process with tribal governments is that 32 you have a resolution of the tribe submitted with the 33 proposal. That kind of takes, you know, the gaming out of 34 it. You know, if you've got to have a tribal resolution 35 with your proposal, you know, that's pretty solid 36 documentation that you've consulted with the tribe, that 37 the council has, you know, reviewed it and approves of the 38 project. You know, the -- going and talking to a member of 39 the tribe, you know, that doesn't count as tribal 40 consultation. You know, it needs to go to the governing 41 body. You know, bringing a proposal by the executive 42 director, you know, two hours before the proposal's 43 submitted is not tribal consultation. I'm -- you know, I'm 44 just an employee. And so, you know, the tribal resolution 45 from the governing body is pretty much your prima facie 46 evidence that tribal consultation has occurred. And I 47 would suggest that that's something that, you know, for the 48 managers and the Fish and Game people, and everybody 49 working in this new program, that that be a procedure that 50 we institute.

And just kind of a specific on this proposal, not to belabor it, some of the problems that it causes is, for example, in this proposal there's \$50,000 going to a local contractor to upgrade the substrata at the Miles Canyon site. You know, the Native Village of Eyak is very capable of doing that work, and very much would like to do that work, but, you know, at least at this point, I was by there last Saturday, and you know, it was sitting there way out of the water, ready to be snowed on, nobody's out there 10 working on it. And here's -- you know, here's \$50,000 on 11 the table to get that job done. I mean, I could have guys 12 out there today working on it if I knew about it. And, you 13 know, getting that job done.

15 So those are the kind of problems that this 16 nonconsultation process is creating. And I think it's good 17 that, you know, people are working together, and I think 18 it's good that we're -- you know, we have some of these 19 opportunities, but, you know, I think a simple change in 20 the process that's already, you know, just a standard 21 procedure, you know, with tribal contracting just be, you 22 know, extended to this. So I guess that's my comment.

23 24 CHAIRMAN LOHSE:

Any questions for Bruce?

25 Tom, have you got any questions for him?

MR. BOYD: No. I don't have any questions, 28 just -- I'll just provide a response. It -- I made note of 29 his comments and I'm going to be following up on them.

30 31

26 27

14

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Yeah, I like the 32 idea of the fact that you'd have to have a tribal 33 resolution so that you know it's from the group and not 34 just from an individual in the group.

35

36 MR. BOYD: Yeah. Another comment. 37 would have occurred -- this was a preproposal that came in 38 early this year. I'm not sure of the date, but as we 39 scrambled to get this program off. I'm no sure when a 40 proposal went to the Native Village of Eyak, but it would 41 have been several months ago, prior to the summer season. 42 So these are -- this is a copy of the preproposal that came 43 in that we selected the 2000 projects from. So it was some 44 time ago. I'm not sure what -- it says -- it sort of spoke 45 that we were awaiting comments and discussion. 46 sure if there was actual follow-up or any comments 47 provided. I'm not even sure that the copy of the proposal 48 went to the Native Village of Eyak, but I will follow up to 49 find out.

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00184
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Tom, was this a proposal
   that -- when it's a 2000 proposal, though, it's something
   that was supposed to be done.....
5
                    MR. BOYD: In this year.
6
7
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....in 2000?
8
9
                   MR. BOYD: Yeah, in 2000.
10
11
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It was supposed to be
12 done....
13
14
                   MR. BOYD: Right.
15
16
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....in 2000.
17
18
                   MR. BOYD: Right.
19
20
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It's not a proposal put in
21 in 2000 for 2001, right?
22
23
                    MR. BOYD: That's correct. And I'm not
24 sure why work hasn't been done, but again I'm going to be
25 following up.
26
27
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     And was it in -- this is
28 the preproposal, but was this an approved proposal?
29
30
                   MR. BOYD: Yes.
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: This was one that went
33 through then?
34
35
                   MR. BOYD: That's correct.
36
37 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: yeah, I know, I was out 38 there, too, Bruce, and I saw the substrate sticking out of
39 the water.
               It sure would have been easy to work on it
40 right now.
41
42
                   MR. BOYD: Right.
43
44
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So -- we have the Forest
45 Service right there.
46
47
                   MR. BAKER: Yeah. Ralph and Tom, on this
48 particular project, I believe it has been postponed at the
49 request of Alaska Fish and Game until next year, so we can
50 follow up, you might check on it.
```

00185 MR. CAIN: Well, just for the record, on -you know, the Native Village of Eyak is very interested in that \$50,000 contract to upgrade the substrate. 5 6 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. 7 MR. CAIN: And we'd like to know about anything that happens on it. 10 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I'll ask you later why 11 they postponed it. 13 MR. BAKER: I don't know. 14 15 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You don't know, okay. 16 Okay. With that, now we're going on to our proposals. 17 have Proposal 17 in front of us. 18 19 MR. BERG: Good morning everyone, Chair, 20 members of the Council. Proposal 17 addresses the 21 Batzulnetas fishery, and, of course, that's the fishery 22 that instigated the Federal involvement in the fisheries, 23 and basically has been regulated by court orders for the 24 past 13 years, and so hopefully by -- if we can work out a 25 solution to get this put into regulation, it will lessen 26 the burden on the participants so they don't have to go 27 back to the court every year to -- for this fishery to 28 occur. 29 Proposal 17 was submitted by the Native American 30 31 Rights Fund on behalf of the plaintiffs, and requests five 32 different changes to the current existing Batzulnetas 33 subsistence fishery that's occurring under the court order. 34 And I've summarized those five changes on the first page of 35 the staff analysis, and basically the changes that they're 36 requesting would open up the fishery seven days a week 37 without weekly harvest limits. Currently they're 38 restricted to 250 sockeye salmon per week. Permit holders 39 would be allowed to harvest chinook salmon. Currently 40 they're not allowed to harvest chinook salmon. They would 41 be able to use rod and reel. And they're also requesting 42 that the permits be issued and administered by that 43 National Park Service, and that Park Service install and 44 maintain regulatory markers. 45 46 The current fishery is operating under the 47 stipulations outlined on page two, and I won't go into

48 those details. Well, I guess I could briefly summarize, 49 that chinook are not allowed to be taken, the fisheries 50 open seven days a week, June 1st to September 1st, no more

than 250 sockeye a week. No more than 1,000 sockeye per season. Permits are issued by Fish and Game. Fish wheels and dip nets are allowed in the Copper River Section portion of the fishery, and dip nets and spears are allowed in Tanada Creek. Fish wheels operating in the Copper River must be equipped with a live box or monitored at all time, and chinook are to be released to the water.

8

Basically the -- for those who are not familiar, the Batzulnetas fishery is located upstream of the upper Copper River District near the confluence of Tanada Creek and the Copper River, and on page 100 you'll see a map of the Copper River area, and the location of the Batzulnetas fishery. Access to the Batzulnetas fishery, it does require crossing either private lands or transportation by boat, so access is somewhat limited.

17

And that's important because of the customary and 19 traditional use determination that exists in Federal 20 regulation at this time. And it's somewhat complicated, 21 but I'll try to explain it as best I can. The original C&T 22 determination that was made for this fishery and other 23 fisheries statewide basically are the result of a general 24 provision that was adopted by the Federal Subsistence 25 Board, and basically they adopted provisions to allow all 26 residence in each fishing area to have a C&T for a 27 particular fisheries, and expected that specific findings 28 of C&T would be developed at a later date. So that's kind 29 of how we got to where all Prince William Sound area 30 residents are currently allowed to have -- or currently 31 have C&T for the Batzulnetas fishery, just as they do in 32 the Glennallen Subdistrict and other areas around the 33 state, was that they adopted a general provision for 34 fisheries in the areas around the state.

35 36

As you may remember on the wildlife side, it used 37 to be that all -- unless there was a specific C&T that had 38 been made, all rural residents would qualify for certain 39 C&T's until a specific finding was made.

40

And to make it even a little bit more specific, in the Batzulnetas fishery, if you look as more specific map on page 104, you can see that Tanada Creek and Tanada Lake and the Batzulnetas fishery lies entirely within the national park boundary, and is not in the preserve. And so that makes a difference on who is eligible under Park Service regulations. And since that fishery occurs within the park boundary, the participants are limited to those who are eligible in the resident -- or are in resident zone communities or qualify under the 13.44 permit process. So

even within the Prince William Sound area, residents who are eligible under the Federal subsistence regulations, Park Service regulations further limit it to those who have resident zone status, and that's 17 different communities, and I've listed those there on the top of page 101.

6

Just to briefly go through some of the regulatory history, of course, the Batzulnetas has been a traditional fish camp by the Ahtna people for thousands of years and it wasn't until 1964 when the Copper River tributaries, including Tanada Creek and the Copper River above Slana were closed to subsistence fishing by State regulation. And then in 1985, of course, is when Katie John filed civil suit in the U.S. District Court to re-establish her traditional fishing area and fishing rights in that area. There was no court decision made in that year. In 1996 (sic) there was no court order issued. And it wasn't until 181987 that there was a court-directed fishery, and, of course, that fishery's been court directed from 1987 through the present, through this 2000 season.

21 22

To go over some of the biological information that we have for Tanada Creek, there are over 124 salmon stocks that have been identified throughout the entire Copper River drainage, and two of those stocks have been identified to be spawning populations in Tanada Creek, one around the perimeter of the lake and then another one at the outlet of the lake. And Fish and Game has conducted aerial surveys in Tanada Creek since 1962, and then Park Service has participated in doing aerial surveys in most recent years. And then there was some efforts to put a weir in Tanada Creek, and Fish and Game operated that weir in three different years, and then Park Service operated the weir in 1997 and '98, and then, of course, it got washed out this year as you heard already.

36 37

And basically aerial counts, you know, they're not 38 meant to be an absolute number of fish in the run. They're 39 just used as a relative index of the run strength in the 40 stream, so there is some effort to try to, you know, make 41 some sort of a correlation between the weir counts, which 42 is a little bit better estimate of total run size, and the 43 aerial counts, even though there's only five years of data 44 and you can't really make a correlation at this time.

45

And as you can see, the weir counts, operated by 47 Fish and Game in the 70s, and then the Park Service in the 48 later 90s, have varied quite a bit, and so the run size 49 does appear to vary substantially in that stream. But 50 based on the limited data that we do have, it does appear

that the sockeye salmon return to Tanada Creek could be as high as 19,000 fish, but that again is based on the limited data that we do have, and it does appear that the abundance is highly variable if you look at the weir counts.

5

For chinook salmon there's even -- you know, there certainly is limited data available as well. The weir in the five years that it did operate only counted five chinook in 1979, two in '97, and two in '98, so very few chinook salmon appear to be coming into Tanada Creek, even though some -- there could be a few more chinook arriving in the creek prior to when the weir was put in, and maybe we can get more information here at the council meeting, folks in the -- and maybe Fred John on the council, or other members in the audience that can provide a little bit more information if they have it on that -- on the chinook fishery in Tanada Creek.

18 19

And then I also provided some background information on the Copper River management plans, just as I kind of discussed a little bit yesterday. There's a brief 22 summary of these plans in the report, in the staff analysis 23 here, and there's three management plans for the Copper 24 River that help guide harvest management, and the 25 escapement goals are identified in these plans for the 26 managers to use when they manage the fishery.

2728

There's some information on harvest reports from 29 the Batzulnetas fishery and the permits that were issued 30 since 1987, and harvest reports have varied from a low of 31 16 sockeye salmon in 1995 to a high of 997, just short of 32 the 1,000 fish season limit in 1994, but it's typically 33 been in the hundreds of fish during those years.

34 35

You can see in the table that I've summarized some 36 of the other harvest for the other fisheries that occur 37 lower down in the system.

38

And with that, that really brings me to the preliminary conclusion which is to support the proposal with some modifications, of course, and that is to issue -- continue to try to issue a State subsistence permit rather than a Park Service permit as requested. And that would certainly -- we feel that would minimize confusion and keep the reporting the same to Fish and Game. It would have start -- we're also suggesting that we establish harvest limits similar to the Glennallen Subdistrict permit requirements, and that is you could get a permit for 30 sockeye for a household of one or 60 for a household of two, or if requested, you can get a permit for 200 sockeye

00189 for a household of one or 500 sockeye for a household of two or more. And because the C&T determination doesn't seem to fit the use of the Batzulnetas fishery, we do recommend that a C&T analysis specific to that fishery be done in the 2002 regulatory year, so basically next year we're recommending that a C&T analysis be done for that fishery. 8 9 We're suggesting that we maintain the ADF&G 10 regulatory markers for the Batzulnetas fishery, since they 11 already exist there, but also recommend putting into regu 12 -- you know, a description of where those regulatory 13 markers are into regulation so basically it would describe 14 and say that the lower one-half mile of Tanada Creek would 15 be open to sockeye salmon harvest. 16 17 We're also recommending that the use of rod and 18 reel be allowed in Tanada Creek, but maintaining the 19 closure on chinook salmon and that chinook salmon may not 20 be harvested. And with that chinook salmon restriction, 21 we're also recommending that we maintain the regulation 22 that's in place that fish wheels operating in the fishery 23 be equipped, either be equipped with a live box, or 24 monitored at all times to release the chinook salmon that 25 are caught, because there's low -- because of the low 26 numbers. 27 28 And with that, that's all I have. Be happy to 29 answer any questions and get into more details if you have 30 questions. 31 32

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Anybody have questions for 33 Jerry?

MR. ELVSAAS: I have one question on page 35 36 108, subsistence fishery, the sockeye harvest limit, 1000 37 per season, is that for the system? Is that for the creek 38 or per person? 39

40 MR. BERG: That's for the Batzulnetas 41 fishery.....

MR. ELVSAAS: As a whole?

MR BERG: As a whole.

34

42 43

44 45

46

47 MR. ELVSAAS: Okay. Because looking at the 48 catches, it doesn't -- there's a great difference there. 49 And the next page, the harvested fish is -- a matter of 50 fact, '99 only 52 fish were taken, but I see in '94 it was

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00190
   close to the limit, so.....
3
           MR BERG: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
4
5
                   MR. ELVSAAS: ....that seems to be
   reasonable then. Also, well, the two runs, is the fishery
  primarily the late run fish, or do they fish the whole
  season? It says there's two runs of fish, the early run
  and late run.
10
11
                   MR. BERG: Well, I'm -- maybe Fish and Came
12 can answer that more specifically. I'm only aware of the
13 two different spawning populations in the lake itself, and
14 I'm not sure if there's an early run or late run. It seems
15 like the run timing is variable, and sometime dependent on
16 the water flow out of Tanada Creek. But....
17
18
                   MR. ELVSAAS: I understand. I was thinking
19 it was two runs. It's two populations. They basically
20 come through the same timeframe then?
21
22
                   MR. BERG: Yeah, that's my understanding,
23 is they come through at the same time line, but they spawn
24 in separate areas in Tanada Lake.
25
26
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Right.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     Anybody else?
29
30
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR:
                                     Mr. Chair?
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     John?
33
34
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I'd like to know why
35 chinooks not allowed to be up here when the other areas
36 chinooks are allowed to be caught?
37
38
                   MR. BERG: Yeah, I think that's -- you
39 know, that's probably the most difficult part of this
40 proposal in my mind is, you know, we just -- we don't have
41 very much chinook information, and it -- you know, from the
42 limited data that we do have, there's very few chinook
43 coming through the system. It could be that, you know,
44 there's more chinook coming through the system prior to the
45 weirs being put in, the years that we do have that
46 information, and I was, you know, wondering if maybe
47 there's some historical harvest information that you're
48 aware of, or anybody else, that -- of what the chinook 49 harvest have been in that fishery. There -- you know, I
50 guess -- my understanding is that Fish and Game did do some
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00191
  aerial surveys for chinook in that area in years past, but
  typically do not survey that area for chinook at this time
  for aerial surveys, because it's not known to be a real
  high chinook producer in that system. And I'm not even
  sure if there's a real stable -- it could be a small
  population of chinooks spawning in there, but if there is,
  it's a very small population, and certainly want to protect
  them if there are chinooks spawning in there.
10
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: What you mean, you
11 really don't know if there's a lot of chinook or there's
12 hardly any?
13
14
                   MR. BERG: That's my understanding is that
15 we're -- yeah, there's very limited data, and we're not
16 quite sure what the -- they could just be strays that are
17 coming up into the system, or it could just be a small
18 population.
19
20
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Thank you.
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for
23 Jerry?
24
25
                   MR. DEMENTI: Yeah, Jerry, before you did
26 your studies, do you know if there was a lot of chinook
27 there? Did they fish a lot of chinook there or.....
28
29
                   MR. BERG: I don't -- I'm not aware of.....
30
31
                   MR. DEMENTI: .....was there any word by
32 mouth or whatever?
33
34
                   MR. BERG: Yeah. I'm not sure.
35
                   MR. TAUBE: The historical information we
37 have on Tanada is all based upon aerial surveys mainly
38 flown by Ken Roberson back in the '70s and '80s, and there
39 were never any large numbers of chinook spotted in Tanada
40 Creek when that was done, or even probably into the '60s
41 that we saw from the air. And so there -- it's always been
42 just a small remnant population possibly that we suspect.
43 And a lot of the upper Copper River chinook populations are
44 pretty small. Our largest one we see is on the
45 Chistochina, and then up above there, they're all, you
46 know, a couple hundred spawners in each of those little
47 streams.
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Has anybody gathered any
50 historical knowledge as to whether, you know, was it a
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00192
   chinook fishery, or was it a sockeye fisher historically?
3
                   MR. TAUBE: That I don't -- I don't know if
4
   our Subsistence Division could answer that better than I
5
   could.
6
7
                   MR. SIMEONE: We're in the process of
   collecting information, but I haven't -- I can't recollect
  off hand if I've -- if we found any historical, or like
10 1920s, harvest data. I know there is a little bit of that
11 information from a Fish and Wildlife Service guy that was
12 up here in the '20s, but I haven't -- I can't remember what
13 it said, and I haven't seen it for a long time.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     Bruce?
16
17
                   MR. CAIN: Yeah, that report that Bill's
18 referring to, there was -- there is a report that I've seen
19 that is published by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
20 think it goes from 1920s to 1938, or maybe it was the start
21 of the war, maybe even 1941, and one of the index -- one of
22 the indexes that they used for estimating the Copper River
23 run at that time was the count of salmon on native fish
24 racks, and the Batzulnetas camp was one of the index camp.
25 And they have tabulated the data from 1920 to 1938. And I
26 think as I recall there was as high as 27,000 fish on the
27 fish racks at Batzulnetas. Now, I don't know if they broke
28 it out by kings and sockeyes, but it might be a good report
29 to review, and it might get you started, you know, talking
30 to some people that are maybe still around that could, you
31 know, give you an idea.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Bruce. I've
34 got a couple questions, Jerry. You said that the run might
35 be as high as 19,000 sockeyes, and yet the weir count in
36 '98 was 28,000, '97 was 27,000. So -- I mean, that's --
37 the run's got to be over 19,000 if it's that size.
38
39
                   MR. BERG: Yeah, that's just an estimated
40 average taken....
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Oh, that's an average run.
43
44
                   MR. BERG:
                              Yeah.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Okay.
47
48
                   MR. BERG:
                              Right.
49
50
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now....
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00193
                  MR. BERG: Given that variation. And, of
  course, that's a -- you know, that's not a very firm number
  as well, I don't believe, just because of the limited
  amount of data that is available. It does appear that
  there's, you know, a relatively strong run of fish going up
  that river, but, you know, just how strong it is I guess is
  somewhat speculative.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, now why wouldn't the
10 weir count be hard data?
11
12
                   MR. BERG: Oh, I think those weir counts
13 are good hard numbers.....
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But you think those.....
16
17
                   MR. BERG: ....there just aren't very many
18 years working with them.
19
20
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. What you're saying
21 is you don't have enough of them to get a.....
22
23
                   MR. BERG: Yeah.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....to get a good
26 average?
27
28
                  MR. BERG: Right. Maybe....
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But the -- there's no --
31 there's nothing suspect about those weir counts then? I
32 mean, they're.....
33
34
                   MR. BERG: No.
35
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....they were good solid
37 weir counts. And then this year you lost the weir, right?
38
39
                   MR. BERG: Right.
40
41
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Because that brings up the
42 next question. Was the catch of 52 this year because of
43 high water, because of lack of effort, or because of lack
44 of fish?
45
46
                  MR. BERG: In 1999?
47
48
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: In 19 -- oh, in 1999.
49 Yeah, 1999.
50
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00194 MR. BERG: I'm not sure why that harvest was so low. I don't know if Tom can add to that. 3 MR. TAUBE: Oh, a lot of times with this, and maybe Fred might be better to answer it, what I've learned is a lot of times the wheel has been damaged or something, and it cuts in fishing time. And it's more a factor of effort. And I guess the other thing with these weir counts you need to consider is that '97/98 we had some 10 very high sockeye return to the Copper River drainage. 11 And, you know, we had sonar counts of over 1.2 million I 12 believe in '97, and in '98 it was around 900,000, and so 13 the individual stocks can be highly variable in returns in 14 each given year, so saying that there's a return of 20,000 15 doesn't mean that every year there's going to be 20,000 16 fish returning to that system. 17 18 21 in long enough to get some good averages? 22

23

27

31 32

37

47

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Now, is that weir 19 project that washed out this year, is that weir project on 20 the maintenance list? I mean, that's intended to have that

MR. BERG: Yeah, that project is funded at 24 least for the next two years, and I would imagine that, you 25 know, even past that time that there would be another 26 proposal submitted to extend that project.

28 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Did they lose the weir 29 early enough this year that they got no indication at all 30 or?

MR. BERG: Maybe Eric Veach could answer 33 that more. He was in charge of that project. I know they 34 got some aerial surveys this year which will helpful as 35 index counts, but I'm not sure if they got any counts at 36 all. Maybe Eric could answer that for us?

38 MR. VEACH: No, we didn't get any counts at 39 all. We operated the weir for about three days or so this 40 year, and the fish hadn't moved up yet. We have been doing 41 some aerial counts, and ADF&G's been doing some aerial 42 counts, and actually they've been seeing a little higher 43 numbers that we do, than we have, but there were definitely 44 -- there was a fair slug of fish that did make it up to 45 Tanada Lake this year, but my guess is probably not as high 46 as we saw in '97 and '98.

48 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So you say that the aerial 49 counts were below '97/98, but pretty fair aerial count. 50 you know....

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00195
                   MR. VEACH: Yeah.
1
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....was there much
4
   subsistence fishing on Tanada Creek this year?
5
6
                   MR. VEACH:
                               Fred John might be able to tell
7
  us that better, but I -- we didn't observe any. We didn't
  observe the wheel operating, we didn't observe anyone
9
  dipnetting in the stream this year, so.....
10
11
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do you have any idea on
12 that, Fred?
13
14
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: What I gather is that,
15 you know, some years the waters are too high, and then we
16 monitor the fish wheel compared to some when we go down
17 and camp out, but most of the time when we leave we, you
18 know, like we shut the fish wheel down, and a lot years we
19 lost the fish wheel. So it's kind of hard, you know, to
20 stay there every day, because we all --well, we all live up
21 here in the village, and we work and probably Kathryn could
22 -- Kathryn Martin could say some more about it.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Do you have any -- anybody
25 else have any questions? Do you have another piece of
26 information to share?
27
28
                   MR. VEACH: I was just going to mention we
29 did notice that the wheel had washed out this year, that in
30 fact I was out there earlier this week, and it looked like
31 it needed some work, so.....
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Okay. So basically
34 what the proposal asks for is to allow chinook, to take
35 away the limit on sockeye, to add rod and reel, and to
36 change to National Park Service administration, am I
37 correct?
38
39
                   MR. BERG: Yes, and add National Park
40 Service markers. That pretty well.....
41
42
                                    To add National Park.....
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
43
                             .....summarizes it.
44
                   MR. BERG:
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....Service markers?
47
48
                   MR. BERG: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
49
50
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And you're suggesting a
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00196
  modification that does what? How much of that?
3
                   MR. BERG: Well, we're suggesting that we
  maintain the ADF&G permits and ADF&G regulatory markers
   since they're already in place, and it seems like it would
  keep it a simpler system. But that basically the -- it was
  -- the fishery was limited to the plaintiffs in the court
   case prior to, so this would open it up to all Prince
  William Sound area residents, so that's one difference,
10 even though access would be limited, because you have to
11 cross private land, or you could come up with a boat, which
12 would be fairly difficult. We are suggesting that rod and
13 reel be allowed in Tanada Creek, but maintaining that
14 chinook salmon not be harvested, and that while the fish
15 wheel is operating, either someone be there to monitor
16 that, to release the chinook salmon, or we get back into
17 the live box issue from yesterday, which is similar, but
18 not the same for this proposal. And then since there --
19 you know, the harvest limits in the past were no more than
20 250 per week, or 1,000 for the season, we're suggesting
21 that we just adopt the Glennallen Subdistrict harvest
22 limits for the Batzulnetas fishery, which would basically
23 allow each permit holder, if they wanted to, to harvest up
24 to 500 sockeye salmon per permit.
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And that's because this
27 proposal then opens it up to people other than just the
28 plaintiffs in the case?
29
30
                   MR. BERG: That's correct.
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: This proposal opens it up
33 to anybody that from what I understand lives -- that has a
34 Park Service 13.44 or lives in a resident zone community?
35
36
                  MR. BERG: That's correct.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
                                           Thank you, Jerry.
39
40
                              Thank you.
                  MR. BERG:
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thanks for the
43 introduction on that. Let's take a look at what the ADF&G
44 has to say?
45
46
                  MR. ELVSAAS:
                                 I have a question
47 (indiscernible - simultaneous speech)
48
49
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You have a question for
50 Jerry?
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MR. ELVSAAS: Excuse me, I have a question.
  You said they -- there was -- to access the creek, you had
  to cross private land, and here it shows it as park land.
  Is there private land between the road and the creek, or
  what -- is there in-holdings in the park?
7
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah, there's private
   land. There's private land right in that area.
9
10
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Oh, okay. It just doesn't
11 show it there is all.
12
13
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It's inside the park
16 though?
17
18
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, but it's private
21 land. Any other question for Jerry?
22
23
                   MR. ELVSAAS: No.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Alaska Department
26 of Fish and Game.
27
28
                   MR. HAYNES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
29 You'll see the Department's comments on the original
30 proposal on page 114. The modifications made to this
31 proposal by -- in the Federal staff analysis addresses many
32 of the concerns we raised in our comments.
33
34
           Tom and I were just talking that we may have to do
35 a little bit of -- if -- assuming that this preliminary
36 conclusion would end up being the regulation, the ability
37 of the Department to issue a permit allowing more than one
38 gear type, we could not do that right now. So even though
39 we would like to see the Department continue to issue
40 permits, our regulations in this area don't allow us to
41 issue more than one permit per family, and the permit can
42 only be for one gear type. So if there was an interest in
43 using gear other than fish wheel, or having the opportunity
44 to use multiple gears, we would have to do some fine tuning
45 to our regulations it appears.
46
47
           So we basically believe that the preliminary
48 conclusion addresses most of our concerns, and the issue of
49 the permit is something we could hopefully get worked out.
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00198 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Would it be easier, Terry, I know -- I see you don't support having a parallel permit program, but since it's in the park, would it be easier to have a parallel permit program than it would be to get Alaska department regulations changed to allow more than one gear type, and then the burden would be on the National Park Service instead on the Alaska Department of Fish and Game? 9 10 MR. HAYNES: I'm not sure how to answer 11 that. I wasn't involved in some of the discussions that 12 our staff have had with the Federal staff, and I know that 13 we did -- we do want to see this permit program discussed 14 in the context of other coordination and protocol 15 activities, and perhaps Jerry has some insights on what 16 kinds of discussion we may have had about permitting. 17 18 MR. BERG: Yeah, we -- you know, this --19 the permitting issue comes into play in a number of 20 proposals statewide as to how we're going to issue, have 21 Federal regulations with a State permit, and we certainly 22 want to stick with a State permitting system as much as we 23 can, just to -- it's already a complicated system with dual 24 management, and that just further complicates the matter. 25 But we did discuss permitting for this fishery in, you 26 know, specifically with Park Service and with Fish and 27 Game, and if we do have to go to a Federal permit, because 28 we can't work out the details, you know, Park Service has 29 indicated that they're willing to take on that 30 responsibility if we need to go in that direction. 31 32 It does currently state I believe that only -- you 33 can get a permit under -- using these different methods, 34 but you have to identify what method you want to use on 35 your permit, and so we might have to work around those 36 details to allow multiple gear types for this permit. 37 38 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Terry? 39 40 MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, I just noticed 41 in the Federal subsistence fishing regulations the 42 same.... 43 44 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Same wording? 45

MR. HAYNES: Same wording. In the upper 47 Copper River district, subsistence salmon fishing area, 48 only one type of gear may be specified on a permit, and 49 only one permit per year may be issued to a household. So I guess that problem occurs in the Federal regulations as

00199 well. 3 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Devi? 4 5 MS. SHARP: Devi Sharp, Wrangell/St. Elias. 6 I would like to reiterate that the Park Service would be happy to issue the permits, and in fact we already do have a Park Service who has been authorized by ADF&G to issue State subsistence fishing permits. So we already do that 10 from the Slana ranger station. So it's really not an 11 additional burden to the users. And the benefit to us is 12 that we would have some oversight over eligibility. 13 14 UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: Yeah, that's..... 15 16 MS. SHARP: And I think that's a big 17 benefit, and -- but it also helps separate in people's mind 18 State subsistence fishing and Federal subsistence fishing, 19 and there are probably times where we want to make a bright 20 line on that one, and this is probably one of those cases 21 where it would be good for people to understand that this 22 is a Federal subsistence fishing opportunity, and only 23 Federal qualified users, particularly because it -- because 24 of the private land issues, and the traditional use and the 25 importance of that cultural site. And having us 26 controlling the gate, the access -- not the access, but the 27 people who get their permits allows us to protect the site 28 and the integrity of the site and the resource a little 29 better. So the Park Service would prefer to write the 30 permits. 31 32 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Devi. 33 feeling, my feeble feeling would be that, you know, if 34 we're going to open this fishery, which has been basically 35 only to the plaintiffs, and make it accessible to what at 36 least looks on paper to everybody, because people have a 37 tendency not to look at private property in our state, and 38 -- or not respect private property I guess is a better way 39 of putting it, this would be one way to make -- to probably 40 just make it so somebody doesn't on the spur of the moment 41 go up there and think that they, because they have a State 42 permit, they can -- since it's open, they can go there and 43 fish. If they have to go through the Park Service, they'll 44 know that it's a special deal. But it's interesting that 45 they both have the same one gear type, so that would have

46 to be modified somehow or another. And so that -- but 47 basically how about concerns as far as stocks as I didn't 48 notice any concerns as far as impact on -- biological

49 impacts listed in your comments, Terry.

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00200
                   MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, we believe that,
   you know, based on what we know about that fishery now,
  that if the -- we support continuous fishing from June 1st
  to September 1st. We think that the individual and
  household bag limit should be retained, and that would
  provide some protections to.....
8
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     That would provide.....
9
10
                   MR. HAYNES: .....to those stocks.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That would provide the
13 necessary protection?
14
15
                   MR. HAYNES: Yeah. Yeah. We believe so.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     Okay. So there's no
18 problem with the season length?
20
                   MR. HAYNES: No, I -- again, you have to
21 look at this as a package of recommendations.....
22
23
                    CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     Right.
24
25
                   MR. HAYNES:
                                .....that are being made, and
26 if you remove any one of those, then that potentially
27 affects how we might respond to the others.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Right. Okay. Any other
30 questions for Terry?
31
32
                   MR. ELVSAAS: You know, from what I know of
33 this, it seems the wheel turns and turns, and the State has
34 had the position of no fishery in this area, they went to
35 court with Katie John, had to sue to get something to get
36 eat, and now the State wants to issue permits in this area
37 to others. It just seems, you know, that we need to have 38 something that's a viable fishery for the people of the
39 area. As I understand it, that's where we're headed. I
40 just have a mixed feeling about the State being involved in
41 the permitting in something that they fought so hard to
42 deny the people, but nonetheless I think it's a good move.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Terry, correct me if I'm
45 wrong on that, this proposal wasn't put in by the State,
46 was it?
47
48
                   MR. HAYNES: No.
49
50
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I mean -- and it's not --
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00201 it's the fact that this proposal the way it's written, opens it up to everybody, that that's why the permit process has -- there has to be some kind of permit process on it, because if it -- it doesn't -- it no longer limits it to just the plaintiffs, right? 7 MR. HAYNES: That's certainly one of the 8 results of this proposal is that there is additional 9 eligibility. 10 11 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Okay. So any other 12 questions for Terry? 13 14 (No audible response) 15

16

18 19

23 24

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CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. A this point 17 in time, written public comments, do we have any, Ann?

MS. WILKINSON: Yes. Yes, you do. I'll 20 summarize. The United Fishermen oppose this proposal. 21 implied unlimited harvest concerned them. They believe 22 that an annual harvest needs to be limited.

The Copper River/Prince William Sound Advisory 25 Committee opposes this. They said that this is an 26 administrative exercise with little relationship to 27 conservation or actual subsistence harvest. The advisory 28 committee's primary concern is the elimination of chinook 29 conservation, excuse me, measures, in other words, the live 30 box, release and monitoring. They believe that more 31 comprehensive investigation should be completed to relaxing 32 precautionary conservation measures.

There is also a comment from the Native American 35 Rights Fund. Heather Kendall Miller on behalf of Katie 36 John and Mentasta Tribal Council. The staff has 37 recommended several modifications to proposal FP01-17 38 submitted by the Native American Rights Fund respecting the 39 Batzulnetas subsistence fishery. I offer the following 40 comments in response to those recommended modifications. 41 I'm reading the whole thing because she has some specific 42 things here.

Staff has recommended that subsistence fishing 45 permits be issued by the State to minimize duplication of 46 effort and confusion amongst the various user groups. This 47 recommendation cannot be adopted as it is contrary to the 48 District Court's decision of March 30, 1994. In State 49 versus Babbitt, Number 90-0264 CV (HRH), consolidated with 50 Number A90-484-CV (HRH), the State argued in count three of

its first amended complaint that it is entitled to continue management of fish and game on the public lands, including the ability to issue subsistence permits irrespective of the Alaska Supreme Court's decision in McDowell versus State, 785 page -- excuse me, paragraph 2(d)(1), Alaska 1989.

6

Judge Holland rejected this contention on several grounds. Most pertinent to this discussion is the fact 10 that the State is no longer in compliance with ANILCA's 11 requirements in section 805(d), and therefore lacks the 12 power to take action to implement a rural Alaskan 13 preference.

14 15

In addition, even if the State were to issue 16 permits consistent with Federal regulations, the court 17 noted that there would be a substantial risk of State court 18 litigation which would seek to prevent the State from doing 19 by indirection what the Alaska Supreme Court has expressly 20 found to be unconstitutional, a rural preference. 21 the view of this court that such a suit would likely be 22 successful. And at, excuse me, 19 through 20.

23 24

Accordingly, permits cannot be issued by the State 25 and must be administered through the National Park Service.

26 27

Staff has also recommended that all fish wheels be 28 equipped with a live box. We continue to oppose the use of 29 a live box on the basis that the use of such is 30 inconsistent with customary and traditional practices.

31 32

On a final note, we recommend that the proposal be 33 modified to conform with other proposals submitted by CRNA 34 and provide for an open season as long as the catch does 35 not go over the harvest limit. In other words, the season 36 should not be limited to June 1 through September 1, but 37 should remain open to assure maximum opportunity up to the 38 catch limit.

39 40

And those are the only written comments I have.

41 42

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. That's the written 43 comments. I guess we can't ask any questions on them. 44 Okay. We have a bunch of people who would like to testify 45 on this one.

46 47

MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Morris Ewan.

48 49

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Morris Ewan.

00203 1 MR. M. EWAN: Can I use your glasses? 2 3 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, you sure can. 4 5 6 I lost mine. MR.M. EWAN: 7 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Don't let the paper clip fall out of it. 10 MR. M. EWAN: Good morning. My name is 11 Morris Ewan. I'm from the Village of Gulkana. I am of the 12 Caribou Clan. I serve on the following committees and 13 boards: Subsistence Committee for Gulkana Village. I am a 14 board member of Gulkana Village Council, and I serve as a 15 tribal vice president for the Copper River Housing 16 Authority. 17 I am here to give public testimony on Proposal 17, 19 harvest limits, methods and means of harvest and season. 20 support Proposal 17 with the change of having an open 21 season. I think the villages of Mentasta and Dot Lake 22 should be able to harvest salmon in an open season, and in 23 those areas as written in the proposal submitted, and be 24 able to use rod and reel to harvest fish and to turn 25 permits into Wrangell/St. Elias Park and Preserve. 26 27 The Villages of Mentasta and Dot Lake have 28 customarily and traditionally used the area described in 29 the proposal. There's documentation to show that they have 30 used these areas. All of the villages should be open --31 should have an open season for fishing on the Copper River. 32 The villages have customarily and traditionally fished in 33 mid May until late October to harvest fish. Obviously 34 there wouldn't be that many people fishing in this area, 35 and they would not take too many chinook, steelhead or 36 rainbow trout. Most of this area is land and this would --37 most of this area is private land, and this would permit --38 prevent too many people putting fishwheels in this area.

Additionally, I am opposed to subsistence users 41 having the regulation of having to have a live box in the 42 fish wheel. This is not the way we have fished, and it is 43 not customary and traditional. This was a regulation and 44 just another regulatory imposition upon subsistence users.

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50

46 I think the native people in Mentasta and Dot Lake 47 want to have Wrangell/St. Elias Park and Preserve 48 distribute and collect fish permits, that is fine with me. 49 Thank you for listening to me. Questions?

00204 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for us? 2 3 (No audible response) 4 5 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. Don't forget 6 your glasses. 7 MR. M. EWAN: Boy, they made me squint. 8 9 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Bruce. 10 Kathleen Martin. 11 12 MS. WOLF: We come by two. I'm Lotha Wolf, 13 and this is Katherine Martin. We're from Mentasta. I'll 14 have Katherine talk first, because we wrote down some of 15 the notes that we hear -- overheard. 16 17 MS. MARTIN: Good morning. I'm, how you 18 say, tribal administrator for the Mentasta Traditional 19 Council, also a mother of five. And I also how you say 20 live off the land and the river. And there's some things 21 that we'd like to bring up. 22 23 We are against the live box. This is not a 24 traditional thing for us. This would be something if it 25 was, how do you say, put on us that we'd have to learn. 26 Like they said, it would be -- they explained about it some 27 yesterday. To me it would be a hardship for us. It would 28 be something else more that's put on us. My grandma and 29 family have been fighting for this fishing for how many 30 years. 31 32 About the chinook and the king salmon, I would say, 33 yes, it should be, how you say, in the dip netting, or if 34 we're -- it's caught by dip net, rod and reel, whatever, 35 that it should be put back. But if it's caught in the fish 36 wheel, I don't think we should be restricted on us, because 37 we aren't there 24 hours, you know, watching the wheel. 38 mean, if we do catch a king salmon in there, we're not 39 going to throw it back, not in the fish wheel. And I don't 40 think that restriction should be put on us. 41 42 And about the opening to the public or to the 43 Prince William Sound area, we're against this also. That 44 is private property there. It belongs to three people. 45 Katie John, which she's an elder from here. Gene Henry, 46 he's an elder from Dot Lake. Doris Charles, which is an 47 elder from Dot Lake. And we, how you say, through Katie

48 John using her property, been able to put in a fish wheel, 49 and also through Gene Henry. Doris Charles basically had 50 told us, you know, if we needed to use her land, we could, but we, how do you say, have stayed away from her property, just in respect for her. And if it's opened to the public, I think this would also cause a hardship on us, because like you said, some people won't know about the private property. They'll go in and do whatever they want to do, and that's one thing we've been fighting for right here in our own community.

8

And about the chinook, 50 years ago there used to 10 be a lot of chinook going up that way. Grandma remembers 11 them 50 years ago. She hasn't seen any since. Now maybe 12 Fish and Game or Park Service has seen, you know, one or 13 two in the couple past years, but Grandma said she hasn't 14 seen any in the past 50 years.

15

16 On the permit also, I don't think it should be 17 restricted to just -- if we get a permit, that we just have 18 to use the wheel, or if we just get it for dipnet, or if we 19 just get it for -- I think we should have the opportunity 20 to use all three. We also think it should be open season. 21 When they first started issuing these and we started 22 fishing, it was like you can fish Tuesday, Wednesday, 23 Thursday, and it's like what about, you know, Friday, 24 Saturday, Sunday, Monday when -- I mean, they didn't know 25 when the fish were coming through, and so like it shows on 26 our permits how many we have caught and whatnot, but it had 27 to do with the day and time that we were fishing, it had to 28 do with the water, it had to do with the channel of the 29 river. I mean, a lot of things and a lot of these 30 restrictions that were put on us, we were unable to harvest 31 the amount of fish that we needed for our community.

32

33 And on the permit, I believe that should stay with 34 the National Park Service, because the Mentasta Traditional 35 Council, we already have a cooperative agreement with the 36 National Park Service. It's a government-to-government 37 relationship that we have with them. Anything that happens 38 within Batzulnetas area, they talk with us, and we, how you 39 say, we work things out, and anything that we want to do, 40 we'd do the same thing, to make sure that we're staying 41 within the law and not breaking any, how you say, laws and 42 whatnot. And I think through this cooperative agreement, 43 if we do -- or if the National Park Service has it, that 44 issuing of the permit go right to the Mentasta Traditional 45 Council, because we're the ones that are fishing down 46 there. We should be able to issue the permits to who we 47 want to. And, how do you say, but not saying who we want 48 to, but to say also because we can educate, if it's going 49 to be open to the public and say, you know, hey, this is 50 private property, you cannot be on there or whatnot. That

is one thing that we have been working with the National Park Service on already is trespassing down there. There's some people that have traplines on the private property down there, and they've been investigating that. And so I think that the permit should stay with the National Park Service, and that it be worked out between them and the Mentasta Traditional Council on issuing of the permits.

8

Another thing I'd like to say is I know there's a 10 lot of, how do you say it, Fish and Game that came up and 11 talked, and said what they knew, or the history of it. But 12 basically to me if they really wanted to know, they would 13 have asked Grandma Katie. She was born and raised there. 14 She's grown up there, she knows that whole area. 15 every war that was fought there. She know every family 16 that's from there. She know where every family from -- has 17 -- that's moved away from there. She knows the fishing 18 that's there. She knows, how you say, everything about 19 that area. And I just wanted to say that as -- we should 20 be involved in this as much as possible, because we've 21 always, how you say, from my grandma's parents to their 22 parents, they've always been there, managing and protecting 23 the land and the fish and game. And we do have traditional 24 and customary laws that we follow. And we do have 25 documentation that talks about the fish trap in Tanada 26 Creek, that her grand -- or her father used to use. We 27 have documentation that shows historical use. What else do 28 we have?

29 30

MS. WOLF: It was midway for all the 31 villages to come.

32 33

MS. MARTIN: There's -- we have 34 documentation on that whole area, and working with the 35 National Park Service and University of Fairbanks, and 36 Cindy Answorth, we have all this documented on tape and 37 paper. And it's been just through the elders and that's 38 all the comments that I have.

39

MS. WOLF: My comment and concern is that 41 why all of a sudden is the State decide to put in their two 42 cents since they cut all us off from everything before, and 43 now we finally establish fishing rights there, and now they 44 want to get back in. They never worked with us before. 45 They never live around here. They never been living here 46 for two or three years to know what we're talking about. 47 They don't know that there's a steep bank at that river. 48 It's hard to get in the Batzulnetas, the road is erosion, 49 water goes through, we cannot drive through there. There's 50 about three people can be able to go in there and do some

fishing and come in and share, 200 people they have to share their fish with. And we haven't been doing that for the last couple of years because of the problems that occur, like we could not -- we cannot get -- that fish wheel goes too fast, because the river goes too fast, and my Aunt Katie say when that happen, it's a time we should use net. It's easier to carry that net across where the channel change where the -- all the fish probably went. It's on the other side of the river from where we generally 10 fish. If we can be able to take our net across there and 11 catch them fish, maybe we will have some fish, but you 12 don't see any here. Last year my husband and I went out 13 there to fish when they only got 52. That fish wheel go 14 too fast, and it kept breaking up, they kept fixing it over 15 and over the whole summer. All we had was 52 fish from 16 there.

17

And we talked to my aunt about it, and she said, 19 well, find out if we can put net in there. We can take it 20 across that creek where we fish at to the Bane (ph) River, 21 and maybe we can be able to get some fish there. We 22 brought it up I don't know how many time to different 23 places, and so far I haven't even saw it in the paper or 24 nothing about it.

2526

When are these states going to start learning to 27 work with us? Always make bad people out of us. It's just 28 frustrating with them. Thank you.

29 30

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions? Fred?

31 32

MR. ELVSAAS: Well, I understand what 33 you're saying, and I appreciate that. But this proposal 34 was made by the Native Rights Fund, Heather Kendall Miller, 35 and did she consult with the village and so forth? And so 36 at this point does the village support this proposal?

37

38 MS. MARTIN: Yes, we do, but not with the 39 modifications that the people before us brought up.

40 41

MR. ELVSAAS: Okay. Thank you. Thank you. 42 I understand now. Okay.

43 44

MS. MARTIN: 'Cause like what State Fish 45 and Game said, and then I don't know who the other person 46 was representing, but because of those modifications, it 47 puts more restriction on us, and that's what we're up here 48 trying to say is we don't want any more restrictions on us, 49 just let us fish.

00208 1 MR. ELVSAAS: Thank you. 2 3 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions? 4 5 6 MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah. 7 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Fred? 8 9 MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Katherine, I don't 10 understand how they say this is not a court case, yet when 11 the State of Alaska is fighting again the Katie John case, 12 and right now if it's in litigation again, how can they say 13 they could have all these other rural people in there 14 again, because I don't understand it very well. 15 American Native Right Fund, all they want to do is just

19 20

18 Batzulnetas area.

MS. MARTIN: I really don't understand the 21 legal aspect of it also, but I believe because I think the 22 reason why the State is going involved now is because I 23 believe they're going to end up losing and so they're 24 trying to get their protection in there now.

16 what they said right in there. They didn't put in where 17 it's open up to everybody and everything in just that

2526

MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Thank you.

27

28 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Katherine, I think that 29 even if the State doesn't issue permits, if I understand 30 this correct, this proposal that was put in basically until 31 there would be a limiting C&T automatically does open it up 32 to all qualified subsistence users that have a Park Service 33 resident zone community status. Even if -- I mean, even if 34 the State is not involved in it, this proposal basically 35 opens it up to, if I'm -- and Devi can correct me if I'm 36 wrong, but I think that by the analysis, it opens it up to 37 all people who have a 13.44 or resident zone status in the 38 national park, because it's in the national park. And so 39 that's what this proposal does. Because there is no 40 limiting in here. What would have to be done is there's 41 going to have to be a proposal put in in the future to 42 grant C&T, and limiting C&T on that area. Otherwise, all 43 qualifying users can use it. But you still have the 44 private property issue, and that's all qualified users do 45 not have the right to go on private property.

46

MS. MARTIN: When this was submitted, I 48 don't think, how you say, that was something that was 49 brought up. I think our understanding was it always going 50 to be just for us.

## CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh.

MS. MARTIN: For Mentasta, and, you know, the original C&T users of that place. I don't know if --what the process is or what not, is that possible to get that submitted into this proposal now, to make that modification, that it be for just the C&T users of it?

8

Othairman Lohse: Not now, but it can be done for the next cycle. And then the other question is, leven if it's not in there, how many other people are going to go over there because of the fact -- is the private property marked? And if they have to get their permit from the Park Service, the Park Service can inform them that it's private property, and so maybe you'll have no problem with anybody else.

17

18 MS. MARTIN: I wouldn't see having any 19 problem with anybody else. Talking with Grandma Katie, 20 there's only very few families are descendants of the 21 families that came from that area, and we know who those 22 people are. Anybody else that tried to go -- approach us 23 in the past hasn't, we never had anybody approach us in the 24 past of using that area. Mentasta, Katie John and her 25 family, Gene Henry and his family are the only ones that 26 I've known to use that area. Doris Charles in the 27 beginning of the litigation, when they started fishing did 28 use the area, but due to her age and health, she hasn't, 29 and none of her family has, how you say, come down and 30 approached or what -- or even tried to go down there and 31 fish, so as of right now, there's just Katie John and her 32 family, and Gene Henry and his family.

33 34

34 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So you could possibly wait 35 and see if there was a problem, and if there ever is a 36 problem, then you could put in for a C&T at that point in 37 time. It's possible that you'll have, you know, no problem 38 there at all.

39 40

MS. MARTIN: Yeah, especially because we 41 have been working with the National Park Service, we have 42 that cooperative agreement with them. We've been working 43 on issues of trespass down there. We've been working on 44 the issue of the fishing. I mean, we just, how you say, 45 I'd like to say we have a really good working relationship 46 with the National Park Service, and I'd hate to see that 47 being I guess broken by saying that State has to issue.

48

The other thing though, too I that brings up, if 50 State is issuing the permits, that means we'd have to go to

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Tok or Glennallen then, and what we've been doing is going
   just right to the Slana Ranger Station, which is right on
  our way to Batzulnetas.
5
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thank you. Any other
6
  questions for Katie or Lotha?
7
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah, just one. The -- of
  the permits issued through the years, and mostly it's one
10 permit, and two permits, whatever, are they all from
11 Mentasta?
12
13
                   MS. MARTIN: Yes.
14
                   MR. ELVSAAS: So is there any fishing
15
16 effort up there without permits?
17
18
                   MS. MARTIN:
                               Without permits?
19
20
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah, without.
21
22
                   MS. MARTIN: No.
23
24
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Okay. So this is the
25 fishery right here then?
26
27
                   MS. MARTIN: Yes.
28
29
                  MS. WOLF: I thought you said in the
30 past....
31
32
          (Whispered conversation)
33
34
                   MS. MARTIN: She has a comment on that.
35
                   MS. WOLF: About three years ago we got
37 report back from the NPS stating -- asked us if we did any
38 fishing up there, because there was a lot of fish laying
39 there or some -- it looked like somebody had been fishing
40 there, and no one was there that time of month, but there
41 was a lot of vehicle -- someone -- you have to park on the
42 side of the road to be able to get down there, and they
43 saw, I don't know, two or three other vehicle was parking
44 there at the time, but they weren't from the village, or
45 anybody that we know. But people do trespass through
46 there. And do their -- some of their fishing back there
47 that we're not aware of, but NPS noticed that and informed
48 us about it. And that's when we started working with them
49 to -- for trespassing.
50
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00211
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Lottie, can I ask you a
  question?
3
4
                   MS. WOLF: Yes.
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now, can you drive right
7
  to the site, or do you drive to the other side of the river
  and have to cross the river?
10
                   MS. WOLF: No, you can drive to the site.
11 We're -- it's on this side that we do all our fishing, and
12 I don't know how many year ago, probably five years ago
13 when the channel switched to the other side of the river, I
14 mean, the whole side of the river where the fish camps at.
15 And the bank is like from up to the ceiling, and straight
16 down, the same way our -- your wall is, down to the river.
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh.
19
20
                   MS. WOLF: And it's really swift river.
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. Let's see, we
23 have a couple more people that wish to testify. Thank you.
24
25
                   MS. MARTIN:
                               Thank you.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And we'll move through the
28 rest of the testimony and then we'll take a break, and then
29 we'll act on this. Donald Johns.
30
31
32
                   MR. D. JOHNS: My name is Donald Johns, I'm
33 the AHTNA subsistence coordinator for the record. I am in
34 support of the proposal with the -- I'm with the CRNA and
35 Mentasta on their quest to open the season and oppose -- we
36 oppose the open box. They should have a season where they
37 can have some chinook I feel with the fish wheels, and also
38 to open for rod and reel in that area, because of the swift
39 water, when they can't fish on the fish wheel. And I feel
40 they should have the opportunity to get some fish somehow.
41 And I just want to go on record I support CRNA and
42 Mentasta.
43
44
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Anybody, questions for
45 Don?
46
47
          (No audible response)
48
49
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Don. Gloria?
50
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MS. STICKWAN: I support an open season. In the proposal it refers Mentasta and Dot Lake, so I presume they were talking about just those two villages when they're referring to people who use this area, and I support them using -- those two villages to use this area, to have rod and reel, and to turn the permits in with an open season. We don't support a live box for the reasons stated yesterday. According to the report I read, this is private land, Katherine Martin just said that it was Gene 10 Henry's and Katie John, and Doris Charles' land. 11 -- it sounds to me like it's native allotment owned by 12 these three elders who are -- some of them have passed on. 13 They've used this area, and there is well docu -- good 14 documentation they said on this area. They should be able 15 to use dip nets and fishing rod and reel. And the National 16 Park Service should be able to administer their -- to give 17 out permits.

18 19

I just had one thing to say. Katherine Martin, I 20 respect her comments and what she said, but I really think 21 they need to do a C&T in this area. That it should be 22 done, we shouldn't wait for somebody to apply to -- because 23 there will be an interest in people fishing there, that 24 they know it's open, they will, so I think we really need 25 to get C&T studies done, so that it won't be open to other 26 communities that are listed.

27 28

And Katherine Martin's comments about her grandmother having documentation and knowing about this area, part of Federal management's, you know, what they all want to do is include traditional ecological knowledge. They should be up there talking to Katie John and asking her about historical use of this area. She has a lot of knowledge she could share with them. If they went to her before this report was written, she could have given them this information.

37 38

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you.

39

MS. STICKWAN: But I really think C&T 41 should be done in this area before. It shouldn't be left 42 waiting. And there should be documentation showing proof 43 of this area. I say that, because in Proposals 19 and 20, 44 Dot Lake is asking for C&T on the Copper River, those four 45 villages. CRNA has made a recommendation on those C&T 46 requests. That will be brought up later. That's why I 47 really think we need to have C&T done in this area.

48 49

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Questions for Gloria?

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00213
1
           (No audible response)
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gloria, do you think we
   should go ahead with this proposal before we have a C&T?
                   MS. STICKWAN:
                                 I would like to see an
7
   amendment to this proposal or else C&T just for those two
  villages, Dot Lake.....
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We can't amend to put a
11 C&T on this one at.....
12
13
                   MS. STICKWAN: Okay.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....this point in time.
16 We can amend the proposal, it's a regulation proposal, we
17 can amend it for regulations, but we can't amend it for a
18 C&T. C&T would have to have a study on it.
19
20
                   MS. STICKWAN: Well, I suppose for this
21 first year, if they wanted to go through with it, but then
22 next year somebody should for sure put a C&T proposal in,
23 and it needs to be done soon.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thank you.
26
27
                   MR. DEMENTI: Ralph?
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Go ahead.
30
31
                   MR. DEMENTI: I think the Park Service
32 should have already established C&T for.....
33
34
                   MS. STICKWAN: They do. They have resident
35 zones, but those resident zones in my opinion don't qualify
36 for people to be fishing in this area. And I don't think
37 they have C&T use of that area.
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    They don't, and you're
40 saying the resident zones are too broad?
41
42
                   MS. STICKWAN:
                                 Yes.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions?
45
46
                   MR. ELVSAAS: So residents only, residents
47 of what, the state?
48
                   MS. STICKWAN: Resident zones which are --
50 they're established C&T use for the park.
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00214
                  MR. ELVSAAS: So for residents of the
  creek?
3
                  MS. STICKWAN: No, this is residents -- NPS
  could explain better than I could. They're resident zones
  that....
7
8
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Well, it seems to me.....
9
10
                  MS. STICKWAN: .....C&T use.
11
12
                   MR. ELVSAAS: .....that the residents are
13 Mentasta.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Devi's on like -- Devi is
16 the next person that's on the list to testify, so.....
17
18
                   MS. SHARP: And it was about this very
19 animal.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for
22 Gloria?
23
24
                  MR. ELVSAAS: No.
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: She can't answer that one.
27 Thank you, Gloria. Would you please explain.....
28
29
                   MS. SHARP: Devi Sharp, Wrangell/St. Elias.
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....the resident zone
31
32 communities thing first?
                   MS. SHARP: Yes. The resident zone
34
35 communities are communities -- let me step back here a
36 minute. For the other Federal land management agencies,
37 rural residents in Alaska can hunt on Fish and Wildlife
38 land, Forest Service and BLM. The Park Service has a
39 different set of regulations, because of the difference in
40 our mandate and how we manage lands. And the who can do it
41 is identified by resident zone communities, and we have
42 currently 18 resident zone communities, and they're very
43 clearly spelled out what those communities are. They're
44 actually listed in your book on page 101.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh. Yeah.
47
48
                  MS. SHARP: Chisana, Chistochina, Chitina,
49 Copper Center, Gakona, Gakona Junction, and so on down the
50 line. And when a community thinks that they should be able
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00215
  to utilize subsistence resources in the park, they can come
   to us and request, excuse me, resident zone status.
   has happened in the last few years, and we have five
  communities pending for resident zone status. And those
  communities are the Upper Tanana communities of Tetlin,
  Tanacross, Dot Lake, Healy Lake and.....
8
                   MS. SHARP: Northway. It seems we -- none
  of us can get those all. So that's the gist of the
10 resident zone communities. Is that fairly clear?
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And I think what needs to
13 be realized is if it's in the park, all of those -- unless
14 there's a separate C&T, all of those.....
15
16
                   MS. SHARP: Uh-huh.
                                         (Affirmative)
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....resident zone
19 communities have access to the resource that's in the park.
20
21
                   MS. SHARP:
                                That's correct, and in the
22 wildlife book it will say.....
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Right.
25
                   MS. SHARP: .....which communities. If you
26
27 look at Unit 11 or Unit 12, you'll see specifically
28 communities have C&T for each of the species.
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And the C&T hasn't been
30
31 done for fish.
32
33
                   MS. SHARP: Right.
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Did you have
35
36 something else other than what you testified before to
37 testify to?
38
39
                   MS. SHARP: Well, my comment was exact --
40 was about the resident zone communities, and I don't think
41 anybody realized -- I don't think Heather Kendall Miller
42 realized when she wrote up the proposal that she was
43 opening it up to all of Prince William Sound. I don't
44 think that was her intention. Jerry was sharp enough to 45 catch that that was probably a mistake and it needed to be
46 restricted to park resident zone communities, and I think,
47 and I guess it's -- it will have to be addressed in the
48 next regulatory cycle that it needs to be limited to the
49 communities that truly have C&T so that we don't encourage
50 misuse of the resource, trespassing, and access to what I
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00216
  think is a sacred site. So I guess it's just going to be a
   follow up that we correct the C&T for next year and I think
  Jerry for catching that.
4
5
6
                                    Thank you.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
7
                   MS. SHARP:
                               That's it.
8
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Faye. I know I saw her,
10 too. Did you get your moose last night?
11
12
                   MS. F. EWAN: No. Extend the season.
13 joke. Hi, my name is Faye Ewan. I'm from the Native
14 Village of Kluti Kaah. I support Batzulnetas fisheries
15 proposal, but there should be, you know, more clarification
16 on the traditional fish camp in that area.
                                               There's going
17 to be a lot of impact of different areas once they open it
18 up. And the State of Alaska hasn't been a good neighbor to
19 these people here for many years. As you know, it's in the
20 histories of fisheries. And I believe that subsistence --
21 I mean the Federal Subsistence Board should help these
22 people regulate and make the regulations where it could
23 benefit the people and protect their land on their fishing
24 grounds, because this is traditional fishing grounds, and
25 it's the headwaters of the Copper River, and this is a very
26 important spawning, fishing country here that we're talking
27 about. And if we open it up, to the different areas, it's
28 going to be a great impact, and there's a lot of
29 communities in this area that sit in the park, like Slana,
30 and different areas along the road that will be having
31 access to this, because I believe this is a traditional
32 fish camp and it should be left into Katie John's family's
33 hands, and it should be protected, you know, as a
34 traditional grounds
35
36
           And I believe that when they submitted this
37 proposal, that a lot of people do not really know how to
38 clarify, to submit proposals that we should -- they should
39 submit a C&T for their uses here to clarify this proposal
40 here. And I think that if we recognize this here, maybe
41 the other communities, if they want to be included in here,
                                         Thanks.
42 they can submit their own proposals.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for
45 Faye?
46
47
          (No audible response)
48
49
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thank you, Faye.
50
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00217
                  MS. F. EWAN: Uh-huh.
1
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Sue? No? Okay.
  takes care of all of our public comment. Did I miss
  anybody that had put a blue slip in?
7
                   UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: (Indiscernible - away
8
  from microphone)
9
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Okay.
                                           Thank you. Do you
11 want to go take a break, or shall we go on to deliberation
12 real quick?
13
14
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Take a break.
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Take a break. Okay. Ten
17 minutes.
18
19
          (Off record)
20
21
           (On record)
22
23
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I'll call this meeting
24 back into session. We've heard all the testimony on
25 Proposal 17. It's the wish of the council how you would
26 like to make a motion, put it on the floor so we can
27 discuss it. You can put it on the floor as it was written,
28 you can put it on the floor as it's been modified, or you
29 can put it on the floor with modification of your own. Do
30 I hear a motion?
31
32
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I'd like to make a
33 motion we put the Proposal 17 on the floor as written.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: As written?
36
37
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do I hear a second?
40
41
                   MR. DEMENTI: Second.
42
43
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It's been moved and
44 seconded to put the Proposal 17 on the floor as written.
45 Discussion, comments? Fred, as the maker of the motion, do
46 you want to say anything to the motion?
47
48
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Well, the original --
49 what I like about this is that it probably open up to the
50 resident zone community, but if we have the National Park
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00218 Service, which we work pretty well with, issue a permit to us, I take it there will be more protection there for, you know, that a lot of people know that -- they would let a lot of people know that -- all the people know that it's private land, and so far this kind of like protect us against -- I mean in future court cases, because the State has already, you know, reopened this case again, the Katie John case, and we -- what we need is some protection there. 10 And the live box, I still don't know what a live 11 box is to tell you the truth, but that's not C&T, or -- and 12 it's just an extra burden on us like Katherine said. 13 14 And for some of those reason, I think the original 15 will do. Mostly it's a protection for Batzulnetas fishing. 16 That's all for right now. 17 18 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. Fred? 19 20 MR. ELVSAAS: No, I support the motion. 21 hope that the next step would be to apply for C&T, and I 22 think that would be a good way to do it. 23 24 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gilbert? 25 26 MR. DEMENTI: I'm with both the Freds here. 27 28 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You're with both the 29 Freds? 30 31 MR. DEMENTI: Yeah, both Freds. 32 33 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, the only problem 34 that I see with the original motion as written is it took 35 away that seasonal limit of 1,000 and didn't put in any 36 kind of a limit at all. And that seasonal limit of 1,000 37 seems to have been adequate since it's never been exceeded. 38 I guess I'm just a little afraid to open up anything 39 without have some kind of a -- something to keep it from 40 getting out of control if somebody else figures out a way 41 to make use of it. And from that standpoint, the only 42 thing that I would see that I would like to see added is 43 that the original 1,000 fish limit be retained or that the 44 current subsistence -- Glennallen subsistence, Glennallen

45 District subsistence limit be retained simply because they 46 both seem adequate, yet they would prevent -- they would 47 prevent somebody else coming and taking advantage of it. 48 But I can't make a motion to that effect. And so if none 49 of the council wishes to do so, we'll have to leave the

50 motion stand as it's on the table.

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00219
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Mr. Chairman?
1
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah?
4
5
                   MR. ELVSAAS: In the original proposal, I
  don't see any change of -- that must be in regulation, and
  we're not changing regulation. It's not in the proposal.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, that was part of the
10 -- there is no regulation on this. That was part of the --
11 it's not a court-ordered injunction, it's a court-ordered
12 fishery, right?
13
14
                   MR. ELVSAAS: It doesn't change the limit.
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But it doesn't -- so does
17 -- in passing this -- I'll ask some advice. Tom, Jerry,
18 Terry, one or the other of you, if you can answer something
19 for my -- if we pass this proposed regulation as it's
20 written, does that have any effect on the current bag limit
21 that's in place?
22
23
                   MR. BERG: The current bag limit that's in
24 place is a result of the court order, and so there aren't
25 -- there currently -- there would be no bag limit said as
26 proposed by the proponent, so it does seem appropriate to
27 me to set some sort of a harvest limit, whether it be the
28 1,000 fish or the Glennallen Subdistrict harvest limits,
29 because the only harvest limits that we're relying on at
30 this point are from the court-ordered fishery.
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And that court-ordered --
33 once this regulation is put in place, that court order will
34 no longer take affect?
35
36
                  MR. BERG: That's correct.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Just like that court order
39 doesn't take effect in barring resident zone communities
40 once this regulation's put in place?
41
42
                  MR. BERG: Right.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So.....
45
                  MR. DEMENTI: Jerry, but if we pass this
47 the way it is, at a later date you still could put a limit,
48 right?
49
50
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We could do that if
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00220
   there's a problem?
3
                   MR. BERG: Yeah, there need -- there would
  need to be a limit set or at least recommended for the
  Federal Board to consider at their meeting in December, and
  I think it would be helpful if the council would make some
  sort of a suggested harvest limit that they feel is
  appropriate.
9
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Fred, go ahead.
11
12
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Why would this cease the
13 court order ruling when the court's still in session on
14 this whole deal here?
15
16
                   MR. BERG: Well, my understanding is that
17 the court orders have been issued on a year-by-year basis,
18 and my -- I believe that they expire after the season, and
19 that there's been a recurring court order put in place....
20
21
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Uh-huh.
22
23
                             .....for the fishery each year
                   MR. BERG:
24 since 1987.
25
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And so once the regulation
28 would be put in place, there would be no need of a court
29 order.
30
31
                   MR. BERG:
                             That's right.
                                             So hopefully by
32 taking action here, placing this into regulation, then
33 there will be no need for a court-ordered fishery.
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Tom, do you have something
35
36 to add on it?
37
38
                   MR. BOYD: Just a point. I'm not an
39 attorney on this, but I would think Mr. John is on to
40 something. I think the court would have to make that
41 determination whether there would no longer need to be a
42 court-imposed fishery, and obviously putting this
43 regulation in place takes us down the road of, you know, of
44 a regulated fishery under the auspices of the Federal
45 program, but that -- I don't know the legal technical
46 terms, but that case will not be -- will not go away until
47 sort of all parties agrees and the court's satisfied that
48 we're on the right track with allowing this fishery.
50
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So the court could still
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00221
   impose a 1,000 fish limit for next year, if it did?
3
                   MR. BOYD: Yeah, but -- you know, the court
  may not be satisfied with where we end up, in which case
  they would impose whatever they thought was appropriate.
  We know what they've thought in the past, we don't know
  what they would think in the future, but I think it's a
  pretty good guess that they could possibly stay with where
  they are. I mean, I don't know what the outcome would be,
10 but what we're trying to do here is get this into
11 regulation so there's no longer a need for court oversight
12 in this case.
13
14
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Tom, what the letter
15 says from Heather Kendall is that it just try to enforce
16 the court order about permit system, you know.....
17
18
                   MR. BOYD: Uh-huh.
19
20
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.:
                                     .....what it is. And
21 that's what I got from the letter.
22
23
                   MR. BOYD: Yeah.
24
25
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: And forcing National
26 Park to issue a permit instead of State court. And she's
27 quoted some, you know.....
28
29
                   MR. BOYD: Right.
30
31
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: .....what Judge Holland
32 said and everything, so, you know (indiscernible) it.
33
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Fred?
35
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Well, the court order says
37 1,000 fish. If we was to make an amendment to reinforce
38 that, would the people of Mentasta have a problem with
39 that?
40
41
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I don't think we need to
42 second -- I don't think we need to make an amendment. I
43 think we -- I guess I'd.....
44
45
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Just let it go as it is?
46
47
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: ....let -- the court's
48 still on there.
49
50
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Okay, I'll take your
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00222
  assurance.
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Hearing no amendment, the
  motion stands as written. Is there any further discussion
  on the motion?
7
                   MR. ELVSAAS: I have none.
8
9
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Hearing none, the
10 question's in order.
11
12
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Ouestion.
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    The question's been
15 called. All in favor of the motion to pass Proposal 17 as
16 written signify by saying aye?
17
18
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: All opposed by signify by
21 saying nay?
22
23
           (No opposing responses)
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Motion carries. I also
26 think that since we're going to have to come back to C&T on
27 this one, that if there's a problem with limit, we can just
28 come back on that, too. Okay. Nineteen and 20. George?
29
30
                   MR. SHERROD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
31 Proposals 19 and 20 both request adding some upper Copper
32 River -- excuse me, upper Tanana residents to the existing
33 C&T for the Glennallen Subdistrict, and we've sort of all
34 reached a conclusion that there's some problems with the
35 existing C&T for the Glennallen Subdistrict, but I think
36 the issue here at hand is adding these communities, whether
37 they deserve to come in and not get back into some of the
38 problems with the existing C&T which hopefully can be
39 changed next year.
40
41
           Proposal 19 would add -- or both proposals would
42 add the communities of Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, and
43 Tetlin. Proposal 19 also requests that Tok be added, and
44 that those individual residing along the Alaska Highway
45 from the Canadian Border to Dot Lake, and along the Tok
46 cut-off from Tok to Mentasta Pass be added. Proposal 20
47 requests that Healy Lake be added to -- in addition to the
48 four communities addressed by both of them. Proposal 19
49 was from Douglas Horsken from Tok, Proposal 20 is from the
50 Dot Lake Village Council.
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In addition to these communities, in the course of doing the staff analysis, it was decided to also look at the individuals that live along the Nabesna Road. Portions of the Nabesna Road are actually within the upper Tanana drainage, and are currently excluded. However, the Nabesna Road is probably geographically and culturally, socially closer tied to the Copper River area than it is to the upper Tanana.

9

10 It's important to note in looking at the customary 11 and traditional determinations that all of the upper Tanana 12 River communities addressed in this proposal have 13 previously been granted customarily -- customary and 14 traditional use determinations for multiple resources in 15 the Copper River Valley, including salmon. In fact, while 16 not -- what do I want to say? Prior to the court decision, 17 I believe it was the Madison case, under State regulation 18 upper Tanana River villages were recognized as having 19 customarily and traditionally used Copper River salmon in 20 the area. Fish provide a significant portion of harvested 21 resources for rural communities, and for the upper river --22 upper Tanana River communities, the Copper River is the 23 closest source of salmon as salmon in any great number do 24 not occur north of -- or upriver from Delta Junction. 25 Since the 1940s a system of highways has linked the upper 26 Tanana communities to the Copper River area, and it's safe 27 to assume that the Copper River area is within reasonable 28 distance from these communities for harvesting fish and 29 other resources. All of the communities addressed here 30 have been documented in harvest ticket as taking salmon in 31 the Copper River, and the Department of Fish and Game, 32 Office of Subsistence Management, conducted a study in the 33 mid 40s that looked specifically at the use of Copper River 34 salmon by upper Tanana River communities.

35 36

If you turn to page 130, and page 130 is the primary conclusion, and I'll read that in a minute, I had this one modification in the course of doing some edits, Healy Lake somehow disappeared from the list of communities that it will be recommended as having a positive C&T. This recommended or regulatory language combines all the communities addressed in both proposals and the individual households that live along the Nabesna Road in that portion of the road that is actually within the upper Tanana River drainage. And I'm going to read the proposed regulatory language that is the result of this analysis.

47

Prince William Sound area, Glennallen Subdistrict 49 of the upper Copper River district, of the waters of the 50 Copper River between ADF&G regulatory markers located near

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00224
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the mouth of Tanada Creek and approximately one-half mile downstream from the mouth of Tanada Creek, between ADF&G regulatory markers identifying the open waters of the creek, salmon-dash-residents of Prince William Sound area, that is the existing determining, then here are the additional communities, Dot Lake, Healy Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok, and those individuals that live along the Alaska Highway from the Canadian border to Dot Lake, and along Tok Cut-off from Tok to Mentasta Pass, and 10 along the Nabesna Road. Just for simplicity I put the 11 entire Nabesna Road in there rather than just the Unit 12 12 drainage or Nabesna Road, mile so and so to so and so. 13 14

Justification for this is that the data 15 demonstrates that these individuals have had a past history 16 of harvesting resources in this area, including salmon. 17 And that's the end. I'll entertain questions.

18 19

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, George, this -- and 20 the waters of the Copper River between ADF&G regulatory 21 markers located near the mouth of Tanada Creek, and 22 approximately one-half mile downstream from that mouth in 23 Tanada Creek between ADF&G regulatory markers, basically 24 that's the area we were just working on, right?

25 26

MR. SHERROD: Yes, it would be the 27 Glennallen Subdistrict and that area, so it would be both 28 the Glennallen Subdistrict.....

29 30

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Does that area have to be 31 included?

32 33

34

35

MR. SHERROD: That area was in Proposal 19.

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It was in Proposal 19?

36 37 38

MR. SHERROD: It was in Proposal 19. I 39 mean, it's the discretion of this body, considering the 40 actions that you've just dealt with on this last proposal 41 and the issues that have come up, and the fact that you are 42 going to reconsider C&T for that specific area later on, 43 that you might -- you have the option of striking that, and 44 just dealing with the Glennallen Subdistrict.

45 46

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, we did receive 47 testimony that residents of Dot, that some of the residents 48 of Dot Lake have property at the mouth of Tanada Creek.

50

MR. SHERROD: Right.

```
00225
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But it's not required that
   that be left in there, is it?
3
4
                   MR. SHERROD: No, and, I mean....
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    They....
7
8
                   MR. SHERROD: Given what I've heard today,
   and since I drafted this, I would be more than willing to
10 support striking this and just going at this point with the
11 Glennallen Subdistrict.
12
13
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Just go with the
14 Glennallen Subdistrict.
15
16
                   MR. SHERROD: Of course, it's easier for me
17 to do that if you guys make that cut.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh. Okay. But as --
20 for those communities, basically there is sufficient
21 evidence to show that they have all used in past and are
22 using the Glennallen Subdistrict of the Copper River?
23
24
                   MR. SHERROD: Well, until they were
25 excluded. After the Madison case, they were basically
26 dropped from the customary and traditional use
27 determination, so then they fell on par with nonsubsistence
28 or all rural -- or I should say all Alaska residents, but,
29 yes, since then through personal use information, they've
30 used the area. Prior that it was documented that they had
31 used it for subsistence fishing.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for George?
34 Thank you. ADF&G.
                      Terry?
35
36
                   MR. HAYNES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
37 Department's comments on this proposal are on page 133 of
38 your book, and we basically, you know -- in our written
39 comments, we deferred detailed comments until we had an
40 opportunity to review the analysis that George has just
41 summarized.
               And at this point we support the staff
42 recommendation for action on this proposal. And if there
43 are additional modifications made, of course, we'll revisit
44 those and our comments would be subject to revision before
45 the board meeting.
46
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    I notice you had the same
48 reservations I did though, or the Department had the same
49 reservations as I did about including the Tanada Creek
50 area.
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00226
                   MR. HAYNES: Yes, it may well be a good
   idea to look at that separately, and I think if there's
  sufficient explanation provided as to why you're doing
  that, then the proponent of the proposal 19 would have an
  opportunity to react to that and decide if he wanted.....
6
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Yeah.
8
9
                   MR. HAYNES:
                               ....to resubmit.
10
11
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, I think we shouldn't
12 add anything to that area until we do a C&T on it, and that
13 would be my thinking of it. So -- okay. So basically
14 otherwise -- as far as the communities involved, Fish and
15 Game felt the same as the staff and had the same
16 reservations as I did on the Batzulnetas area.
17
18
                   MR. HAYNES: Yes, Mr. Chairman I might add
19 that a lot of the information for the upper Tanana
20 communities originally was gathered in a study I was the
21 lead author on back in 1984, and what -- fishing by many of
22 the upper Tanana communities in the Copper Basin is a
23 product of their kinship ties with people down here, at
24 least among the native people, whereas, you know, the non
25 native folks would fish in different areas. But the native
26 people would come down and fish and in return their
27 relatives from the Copper Basin might come up to the upper
28 Tanana region to obtain resources that aren't as readily
29 available down here, so it's very much in keeping with the
30 customary practices.
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Terry. Any
33 questions for Terry or George? Fred? Gilbert?
34
35
                   MR. DEMENTI:
                                No.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Looks like you guys are
38 off the hook. Written public comments?
39
40
                  MS. WILKINSON: Sir, there are none.
41
                                   There are none.
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
43 Then we have public comments on this. Gloria?
44
45
                   MS. STICKWAN: I just want to state last
46 year when they C&T for these upper Tanana villages, Healy
47 Lake is mentioned in Proposal 20. They -- their C&T was
48 based on intermarriages along with people related to Dot
49 Lake, Northway, Mentasta, and it was -- they were grant C&T
50 based on their intermarriages, being related to them. They
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00227
  had no documentation, but yet they were -- we accepted
  their C&T. They even admitted themself they didn't have
  C&T documentation, but yet we accepted them. So that's one
  community that's listed in here that does not have
  documentation.
6
7
           We talked about this -- these proposals in our
 area, and we don't mind the villages of Dot Lake,
  Tanacross, Tetlin, Northway to have C&T. It was
10 recommended that they'd have C&T north of Slana River. It
11 was agreed upon by the villages of the Ahtna people. We
12 had a meeting on September 15 -- or last Friday. And it
13 was agreed that C&T be granted north of the Slana River.
14 That's the area that we said they -- we recommended.
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now, is there a fishing
17 district north of Slana River?
18
19
                  MS. STICKWAN: That's a marking point, a
20 way of marking it. That's what we're saying, that.....
21
22
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I just want -- I
23 think....
24
25
                  MS. STICKWAN: .....where it comes to.....
26
27
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ..... (indiscernible -
28 simultaneous speech)
29
30
                                 .....confluence of the Slana
                   MS. STICKWAN:
31 River north of Copper River. I....
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I just was wondering, is
34 there currently a fishing district even open in that area?
35
36
                   UNIDENTIFIED VOICE: No.
37
                   MS. STICKWAN: You know where the Slana
39 River drains into the Copper River, I'm saying north of
40 that.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh.
43
44
                  MS. STICKWAN: That's the only way I know
45 how to describe it. Five miles down.
46
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Uh-huh. And then not in
48 the Glennallen Subdistrict?
50
                  MS. STICKWAN: That was the recommendation
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00228
   by the -- that was agreed on by the villages.
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for Gloria?
4
5
           (No audible response)
6
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: No questions. Don.
8
9
                   MR. D. JOHNS: My name is Donald Johns.
10 I'm the Ahtna subsistence coordinator. And I support what
11 Gloria was talking about. I believe there should be more
12 C&T studies within that area that are on the -- on there,
13 and mainly Tok and Alaska Highway. I don't really know
14 about that area too much. I think it should be taken into
15 consideration, that they need more C&T study. That's all I
16 have.
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for Don?
19
20
           (No audible response)
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                     Thank you, Don. Mary Beth
23 Gardner? I don't see her here. Frank Entsminger? I don't
24 see him here. That's.....
25
26
                   MS. WILKINSON: (indiscernible - away from
27 microphone) have something.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, and, Sue, did you -- I
30 think you were -- you have 20 down, and I didn't know 31 whether -- okay. What we have in front of us is just a
32 list of subsistence fishing permits that were issued for
33 the -- if I recognize right, is this the Glennallen
34 District?
35
36
                   MS. WILKINSON: Right. Mr. Entsminger gave
37 me that yesterday, and wanted it given to you before he
38 gave his testimony.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: By residents of Tok, Dot
41 Lake. And that's for this -- if I recognize right, that's
42 for this year, right?
43
44
                   MS. WILKINSON: Yes.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yes, that was this year's
47 permits. Okay. That takes care of our discussion. We
48 have to have a motion. I mean, that takes care of our
49 staff analysis and -- oops, Tom wishes to say something.
50
```

MR. BOYD: Mr. Chair, as I listened to this proposal, I had a thought that might address the problem that we encountered in the previous proposal dealing with Tanada Creek and the Batzulnetas fishery. And I think it's totally within our legal framework to make an adjustment to this proposal before you. I mean, I think it opens the door for us to take a hard look at perhaps distinguishing the users of the Tanada Creek fishery. We have a proposal before us basically for C&T for the Glennallen Subdistrict 10 of the upper Copper River district, and the waters of the 11 Copper River between ADF&G regulatory markers located near 12 the mouth of Tanada Creek, and approximately one-half mile 13 downstream of that mouth and in Tanada Creek. And it's all 14 of the residents basically, the four communities in the 15 upper Tanana area plus the Prince William Sound area. And 16 I think based on the testimony that we've heard in the 17 previous proposal, and some of the documentation it's 18 become clear to me that the fishery at Batzulnetas was 19 refined, the users were defined by the testimony in what I 20 heard, and I may be wrong on this, I probably need some 21 clarification, by certain residents of Dot Lake and 22 Mentasta Lake. And it might be possible to make an 23 adjustment to this proposal by the board, by the council 24 here, if you would -- if you choose to do so, recommend 25 maybe refining C&T to that area of the upper Copper River 26 district defined by Tanada Creek to those communities, if 27 I'm making myself clear. 28

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, I think I

30 understand.

31 32

29

MR. BOYD: And I think it's appropriate for 33 the council to do that, and this may be a way of resolving 34 this C&T problem that we encountered earlier. I'd 35 certainly -- you know, I think the recommendation could 36 come forth from the council, and I would certainly want to 37 run it through a legal review when I get back, but I think 38 we have an opportunity before us to take a hard look at 39 this and maybe refine the C&T for the Batzulnetas fishery 40 right here with this proposal. If it makes sense to you.

41

42 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, it makes sense to 43 me. I'm just trying to think of -- do we have to put it on 44 the table and then modify it, or can we modify it before we 45 put on the table?

46

MR. BOYD: I think you could make one 48 motion to what you want basically, and I could provide you 49 some suggested language if that's your desire.

00230 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: What do you think? take a break to do some -- give us time to do some thinking on how to write that up. 5 MR. BOYD: Okay. 6 7 (Off record) 8 9 (On record)

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, we're back in 12 session. Okay. Tom, if you've got some suggestions?

10 11

13

39

44

14 MR. BOYD: Well, I'm going to give you my 15 suggestion, and then I think Mr. John had some further 16 thoughts when we were discussing it. And all I'm offering 17 you is my thoughts, and I'm not trying to direct you or 18 steer you in any one direction, but listening to the former 19 testimony in the previous proposal, I was thinking if you 20 wanted to make an adjustment to this proposal, you could do 21 that. It's totally appropriate. 22

23 And let me just throw out my thoughts. I would --24 to accommodate some of the concerns that I heard earlier 25 about Tanada Creek, I would word the proposed regulation as 26 this: Glennallen Subdistrict of the upper Copper River 27 district, excluding Tanada Creek. Actually I wouldn't say 28 -- let me just start again. Glennallen Subdistrict of the 29 upper Copper River District, salmon, residents of Prince 30 William Sound and residents of Dot Lake, Northway, 31 Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok, and those individuals that live 32 along the Alaska Highway from the Alaska/Canadian border to 33 Dot Lake, along the Tok Cutoff from Tok to Mentasta Pass 34 and along the Nabesna Road. I would also suggest you think 35 about including Healy Lake in that list. Then I would go 36 on and say, Tanada Creek, that area around Tanada Creek, 37 the markers and upstream in Tanada Creek, residents of Dot 38 Lake and Mentasta Lake.

40 Now, I understand that Mr. John probably has some 41 concerns about some of this language, and I'll let him make 42 whatever clarifications he would like to with regard to 43 that.

Okay. Well, before we can 45 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: 46 go any further as a council, we need a motion on the table 47 either to take one of these proposals as written, to take 48 one of the proposals as modified, or to modify a proposal 49 and set it on the table. And then after in the discussion, 50 changes can be made to it in any way that you'd like to

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00231
  make changes to it. But before we can go any further, we
   need a motion on the table.
3
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Do you want to make a
5
  motion? I think.....
6
7
           (Whispered conversation)
8
9
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Okay. I don't have it
10 written down, but I want to make the motion. I'd like to
11 -- I'll make a motion that we, the Glennallen Subdistrict
12 of the Copper River District and the water of the Copper
13 River, except Tanada Creek. This one here.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
                                           That's the top.
16
17
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Except....
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Except the waters of the
20 Copper River between ADF&G regulatory markers located.....
21
22
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....near the mouth of
25 Tanada Creek, and approximately one-half mile downstream
26 from that mouth and in Tanada Creek.
27
28
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Okay.
                                             Salmon -
29 Residents of Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok,
30 and the Tok -- and from the Tok cutoff from Mentasta to --
31 from Tok to Mentasta Pass.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Are you including the
34 residents of Prince William Sound that are already in
35 there?
36
37
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.:
                                      Yeah.
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
40
41
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: And the area around
42 Tanada Creek for Dot Lake and Mentasta, so that would be --
43 I think it could be written up better than that, but I
44 think....
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Sure.
47
48
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: .....you know what I
49 mean.
50
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00232
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah. Do I hear a second?
  Let me give it back to you the way I think you said it.
3
4
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Did you include Healy Lake?
5
6
                   MR. F. JOHN:
                                 No.
7
8
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Did you?
9
10
                   MR. F. JOHN: No.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: On purpose?
13
14
                   MR. F. JOHN: On purpose.
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: On purpose, okay. So what
17 you said is the Glennallen District of the Upper Copper
18 River District except for the waters of the Copper River
19 between ADF&G regulatory markers located near the mouth of
20 Tanada Creek and approximately one-half mile downstream
21 from that mouth and in Tanada Creek between ADF&G
22 regulatory markers identifying the open waters of the
23 creek.
24
25
           Salmon - residents of Prince William Sound,
26 residents of Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin, Tok and
27 those individuals that live along the Tok Cutoff from Tok
28 to Mentasta Pass. Was that correct?
29
30
                   MR. F. JOHN: Uh-huh. (Affirmative)
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: In the waters of the
33 Copper River between ADF&G regulatory markers located near
34 the mouth of the Tanada Creek and approximately one-half
35 mile downstream from that mouth and in Tanada Creek between
36 regulatory markers identifying the open waters of the
37 creek.
38
39
           Salmon - residents of Dot Lake and Mentasta.
40
41
                   MR. F. JOHN: Right.
42
43
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Did I summarize the
44 motion....
45
46
                   MR. F. JOHN:
                                 Yeah.
47
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do I hear a second?
49
50
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Second.
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00233
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It's been moved and
  seconded. Now we can put it on the table. Discussions,
  reasons why? Fred, you want to start?
5
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah, I was curious as to why
  Healy Lake was not included? I don't have any background
  on any of this and I don't know, in looking at the map, how
  are they connected to the highway, do they have a road into
  -- off the highway?
10
11
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    To Healy Lake, you mean?
12
13
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah.
                                        There must be.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I'm not familiar with that
16 area myself.
17
18
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do they have a road for
21 Healy Lake to the highway or do they.....
22
23
                   MR. F. JOHN: No, they don't, they don't
24 have a road.
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: They don't have a road.
26
27 So they fly, mostly? Snowmachine?
28
29
           George.
30
31
                   MR. SHERROD: There's an ice road in the
32 wintertime and in the summer they take boats to a landing
33 where they have (indiscernible - away from microphone)
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay. So it's by boat
35
36 in the summertime and ice road in the wintertime.
37
38
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Okay.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
                                           Does that answer
41 some of your questions on that, Fred?
42
43
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Yes. You know, in reading
44 the material here it seems to me that a lot of people have
45 used the fishery but, in turn, there's a lot of people that
46 haven't, so I really don't know. So as you're the man of
47 the area, I have to trust your judgment.
48
49
                   MR. F. JOHN: I could get killed early.
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00234
           (Laughter)
1
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
4
5
                   MR. F. JOHN: Dot Lake -- I mean....
6
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Fred, you want to explain
   your thinking on it?
10
                   MR. F. JOHN: You know, I see Dot Lake
11 there, they're very close to us and Tanacross and Northway
12 they're from where we are, really. But way up there in --
13 I think they should put in their own proposal, you know,
14 because I don't really know about their fishing, that's
15 about all.
16
17
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gilbert.
18
19
                   MR. DEMENTI: I think Healy Lake is not in
20 our district either.
21
22
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah. What we re doing
23 right here is -- I think right there -- we re talking about
24 another district and it s pretty hard, you know, for me to
25 say. Yeah, except those people down there, we fight to be
26 -- we want to be in a resident zoned part of the national
27 park and it s just these villages here. And Tok already is
28 in a resident zone.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    These aren t all in our
31 district either, are they?
32
33
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: No, none of them are in
34 our district.
35
36
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: None of them are in our
37 district.
38
39
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Uh-huh.
                                               (Affirmative)
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Okay. But these, there s
42 kinship ties with most of them?
43
44
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah. With Mentasta,
45 yeah.
46
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
                                           Any other
48 discussion? Gilbert, have you got something to say on it?
50
                  MR. DEMENTI: Not right now. I m going
```

00235 with.... 3 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, if we pass this the way we just read it, then there will be no need to put a study for customary traditional for Dot Lake and Mentasta. And basically what we re basing that on is testimony that we've heard today. Especially the testimony from Katy that her grandmother s got available. That the Tanada Creek area hasn t been used by anybody except those three 10 families and that it s private property. So I think that s 11 a legitimate decision to give them C&T for that area there 12 and eliminate, you know, the problem that we were worried 13 about, which was an expanding fishery. So I don t see any 14 problem there. 15 16 With that, I don t have anything else to add. 17 there is no other discussion by the Council, then the 18 question is in order. If you ve got something else to add 19 or clarification as to why the original proposal didn t 20 call for those that live along the Alaska Highway. Or did 21 it? 22 23 MR. SHERROD: It did. 24 25 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Huh? 26 27 MR. DEMENTI: Nineteen did. 28 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Nineteen did? So we 30 actually should have a reason as to why we felt like that 31 should be dropped. Is it basically they are not part of 32 the communities or.... 33 34 MR. F. JOHN, JR.: They re not part of the 35 communities, no. 36 37 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now, this doesn t deny 38 them access to the -- correct me if I m wrong. Terry, 39 maybe you can answer this. Not having a C&T doesn t deny 40 them access to the Glennallen Subdistrict because currently 41 the Glennallen Subdistrict is open to all residents of the 42 State of Alaska, isn t it? 43 44 MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, yes, that is the 45 case. Currently residents, all of these residents could 46 fish under State regulations. There could come a time 47 where State regulations may not provide those 48 opportunities. 49 50 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: May not provide for it

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00236
  but at this point and at that point in time they could
   actually submit for a C&T themselves at that point in time,
  too. But it s not denying them access to the Chitina
  Subdistrict either, is it?
6
                  MR. HAYNES: Not at this time, no Mr.
7
  Chairman.
8
9
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    No.
10
11
                  MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, I do have a -- I
12 guess it would be a logistical concern about how one would
13 not include residents along the Alaska Highway from the
14 Alaska-Canadian border to Dot Lake. How you would separate
15 those residents from community residents. I mean, there
16 are a lot of people that live along the highway, many of
17 which are part of the communities. Some of which may be
18 far removed from a community but I don t know operationally
19 how you would sort those people out.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    That s the same concern I
22 expressed yesterday because I -- you know, yesterday with
23 the proposal that was passed giving it to the eight
24 villages in the Copper River Basin for the Chitina
25 Subdistrict. My understanding is that they have to be
26 within the geographical boundaries of those villages. And
27 in that case, I don t even know if some of these
28 communities have geographical boundaries. But that to me
29 is a hard too, about not putting the interconnecting roads
30 in because not everybody lives within the geographical
31 boundary of the community. And I don t know how we re
32 going to handle that on the Chitina Subdistrict either.
33 see Devi has got her hand up. Maybe she can enlighten us
34 on that.
35
                  MS. SHARP: The issue of geographical
37 boundaries in these resident zoned is a sticky unresolved
38 issue for the Park Service. The communities that we have
39 added or we re proposing to add to our resident zoned
40 communities -- Dot Lake, Northway, Tanacross, Tetlin and
41 Healy Lake -- they will have two years after the rule is
42 passed to give us a geographical boundary. And Dot Lake
43 has already done that for us -- lines on paper. So those
44 are the only communities that we have lines on paper.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s -- yeah. So I
47 share your concern on that, Terry. I don t know how we
48 handle it either. Okay, Fred?
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MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I don t think -- my own

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00237
 reason is that -- these guys that come up on the highway
  and live on the highway, they re one day or two day people.
  And I -- you know, we re talking about customary and
  traditional. And when I talk about customary and traditional, I put it in those villages that have been
  there for a long time. It s not just somebody that come
  lately. We re just making fun of C&T if we just put
  everybody in there right now. I mean, even though there s
 not discrimination in rural area. That s my reason.
10 is, for the native village of Mentasta, is very important.
11 For the native village of Copper Center. C&T means
12 customary and traditional and there s probably a lot --
13 about eight factors of it. And we just start throwing
14 everybody in, the State will just take over again. That s
15 all I have to say.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Okay, we have a motion on
18 the table. Is there any other discussion on the motion?
19 Any comments on the motion? Okay, then if there s no more
20 further discussion or comments, the question is in order.
21
22
                   MR. DEMENTI: Question.
23
24
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    The question s been
25 called. All in favor of the motion, signify by saying aye.
26
27
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: All opposed signify by
30 saying nay.
31
32
          (No opposing responses)
33
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Motion carries.
35
           Okay with that, we have six minutes till lunchtime.
37 We have the Request for Reconsideration is the next thing
38 on the agenda. That will be under Tab F. And I guess we
39 might as well just take five minutes off ahead of time for
40 lunch. Was everybody capable of getting back in an hour
41 yesterday? I mean, did it work out so everybody could have
42 been back in an hour? Let s just take an hour for lunch
43 today then instead of an hour and a half. Unless I ve got
44 a lot of objections. So we ll get back at 1:30 so we can
45 get started. It s possible we can get through some more of
46 this stuff today.
47
48
          (Off record)
49
50
          (On record
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CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We ll call this public meeting of Southcentral Alaska and Subsistence Regional Advisory Council fall meeting back to order. If we could all stay on track for the afternoon, we may get done today if we have to work late. If we don t, we ll be back tomorrow morning. Okay, we have item for reconsideration RFR-00101, Tab F.

8

MS. PETRIVELLI: Hello, my name is Pat 10 Petrivelli and I m with the Office of Subsistence 11 Management and I did the staff analysis of the Request for 12 Reconsideration submitted by Mr. Midvag. And he was 13 requesting a reconsideration of Proposal 12, which asks for 14 a positive customary and traditional use determination for 15 the residents of Slana residing in Units 13(C) and the 16 other residents of 13(C) for Unit 11 black bear, brown bear 17 and goat. And when he submitted the request for -- well, 18 in his request, he said he believed that a clerical error 19 had left out half of the community of Slana. And a staff 20 analysis was prepared for the 2000 cycle and it was 21 presented in March to this Council and then also at the May 22 board meeting and the request was denied. In the request 23 he asked -- he said that a letter wasn t submitted to the 24 Board for reconsideration. And that letter was included as 25 a footnote but -- so the Board was aware of the letter but 26 it wasn t -- and I don t know if the Council discussed 27 thoroughly but the Board -- the letter discussed a policy 28 of treating communities as one. That the policy of the 29 Federal Subsistence Board who s been -- where a community 30 is divided by a unit boundary, that the community shall be 31 treated as one.

32

33 So that would apply to Slana because half of the 34 community is in Unit 11 and half is in Unit 13(C). And on 35 Page 3 of the Section F, it shows the different customary 36 and traditional use determinations for those different 37 areas of Slana. And it s George Sherrod, who wrote the 38 original staff analysis, he called the residents of Slana 39 that reside in Unit 11, they were called New Slana and the 40 residents who reside in Unit 13 were called Old Slana. 41 so they have different determinations in Unit 11 for black 42 bear, brown bear and goat, which was the topic of the 43 Proposal 12. Mr. Midvag was requesting that Slana, in Unit 44 13(C), also be granted C&T. In the letter that he received 45 from the Office of Subsistence Management, mentioned that 46 they should have C&T because -- for brown bear or for those 47 species because it has been the policy to treat a community 48 as one. Mr. Midvag s proposals didn t address the other 49 units, Units 12 and 13, and there are different 50 determinations there and these were brought out in the

analysis of Proposal 12 in appendix. The only differences in Unit 12 is for moose and then in Unit 13 the difference is for brown bear and for moose again.

4

And there was no new information presented in the request but -- except for the idea of the past board policy. And in discussing this request, it has been recommended to follow that policy and the solicitor s office recommends also that wherever a community is split, 10 that the community be treated as a whole. So the 11 recommendation is, wherever there is a positive C&T for one 12 portion of the community, to grant it to the other portion 13 of the community so that it would be consistent to avoid 14 confusion. And that s happened in the past, in Chickaloon. 15 Chickaloon straddles Units 13 and 14 so the regulations 16 read whenever Chickaloon has a positive C&T in 13 then in 17 14 it goes for all the residents of units -- and I forget 18 what section, but units whatever -- and the residents of 19 Chickaloon to insure that the whole community has the same 20 designation. And then the other areas is in Upper and 21 Lower Kalskag, they straddle Unit 18 and 19(A) and 22 Anaktuvuk Pass is in Unit 24 and 26. So wherever one --23 where they have a customary and traditional use in one 24 unit, in the other the residents are referred to so that 25 it s inclusive for the whole community.

26

27 And as far as the way it s effected for Slana, they 28 are a resident zoned community of the park and they make no 29 distinction between Old and New Slana or whether they re in 30 13 or 11, the Park Service considers them as a community. 31 And so the recommendation is that -- well, that they --32 well, and the solicitor s recommendation is that they are 33 one community. The other portion of Proposal 12 dealt with 34 the other residents of Unit 13(C) and in that regard, we 35 were hoping that maybe some people would come in that were 36 residents -- the other residents of 13(C) and maybe present 37 other testimony but otherwise the staff recommendation from 38 Proposal 12 recommended further analysis and study for 39 those areas to see -- for Units 11, brown bear, black bear 40 and goat, so. And then also, they could present testimony 41 of the eastern interior and hopefully give evidence about 42 the use for those other residents of 13(C).

43 44

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I missed that last part,

46

45 Pat.

MS. PETRIVELLI: Proposal 12 originally 48 included a request for Slana in Units 13(C) to have 49 positive C&T for brown bear, black bear and goat but it 50 also asks for a positive C&T for the other residents of

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00240
  Unit 13(C).
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay. Okay.
  that s a separate part of the proposal. The first part of
  the proposal deals with Unit 11.
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: No, it s still part of
  Unit 11. Proposal 12, the original Proposal 12, asked for
  a positive C&T for Slana in Units 13(C) and the other
10 residents that don t have a positive C&T, which are the
11 people who live on the road. And that request was denied.
12
13
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That request was denied.
14 Okay. So the part that we're dealing with though.....
15
16
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Yeah.
17 recommendation, the only part of the Request for
18 Reconsideration that we're dealing with are just the Slana
19 residents of 13(C) at this time.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The Old Slana residents of
22 13(C) in Unit 11?
23
24
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: No. No, they -- oh, for
25 -- well, the recommendation is to deal with the issue of
26 Slana.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Right.
29
30
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: So that would be the
31 residents of Slana -- well, whether they live in 13(C) or
32 11 -- to make the regulations consistent for the community
33 as a whole.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Oh, okay.
36
37
                  MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    In all three units.
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, in all three units.
40
41
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Yes.
42
43
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay.
44
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: And to deal with it as --
45
46 and just deal with that issue of where a community is
47 divided that where it's been granted a positive C&T use in
48 one area, that the rest of the community receives the same
49 treatment. So that's the only issue that was recommended
50 we deal with it this time.
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00241
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    That's the only issue
  that's up for reconsideration?
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Well, Mr. Midvag asked to
  request the reconsideration of Proposal 12 and in looking
  at it there was no new data presented except for the fact
  that it is board policy to deal with a community as a
  whole.
9
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
11
12
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: So the recommendation at
13 this time is to deal with Slana only and make it wherever
14 there was a positive C&T issued for one portion of the
15 community, to grant it to the other portion of the
16 community in all three units. And deal with the other part
17 of the request -- to deal with that later after more study
18 is done, if new information is presented that supports the
19 positive C&T.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And that would be
22 additional C&T?
23
24
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Well, for the other
25 residents of 13(C).
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Right. Right. Okay, for
28 the other residents of 13(C). So basically what we're
29 dealing with is Slana?
30
31
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Is Slana, yeah.
32
33
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And New Slana and Old
34 Slana -- maybe you could explain that to me -- is New Slana
35 -- is the one in Unit 11 that has a positive C&T?
36
37
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Yes, in Unit 11 they have
38 a positive C&T for black bear, brown bear and goat.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Okay.
41
42
                   MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    And Old Slana doesn't.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Okay.
45
46
                  MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    Okay.
47
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now when they say new and
49 old, is it really new and old? I mean, was Old Slana
50 there longer than New Slana or -- I mean, is Old Slana the
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00242 old community of Slana? 3 MS. PETRIVELLI: I should know that, right? I think George knows that better because George wrote the original analysis. 6 7 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Here comes George. 8 9 MS. PETRIVELLI: Yeah, and I'm completely 10 confused about it. 11 12 MR. SHERROD: I didn't bring any of my 13 backup material but basically, Old Slana -- the portion in 14 Unit 13(C) is the site of the original road house and the 15 community that developed. The portion of Slana in Unit 11 16 rose out of a land disposal -- a homestead act that the BLM 17 conducted, I believe, in the 1980's. When the Federal 18 government adopted State regulation, State regulations 19 contained different C&Ts for the two communities. And in 20 some cases, specifically identifying those residents of 21 greater Slana that has been homesteaders there in the 80's. 22 So this is where the problem sort of arose. 23 24 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So in this case what we 25 have is we have the new community has C&T in Unit 11 but 26 the old community doesn't. 27 28 MR. SHERROD: Right, by virtue of being in 29 Unit 11, the C&T for Unit 11 is all residents of Unit 11. 30 Most of C&Ts for Unit 13 are identified by specific 31 community. So this is where -- without trying to confuse 32 the issue too much -- where the request for these other 33 individuals that live along households, because they're 34 left out. If you're not within the boundaries of a 35 specific community, you're out. 36 37 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, okay. But what the 38 recommendation is, is to make the community one -- treat 39 the community as one community but not treat those people 40 that are outside of the community -- not to deal with a C&T 41 on the people that are outside of the community. 42 43 MR. SHERROD: Right. The basis for the 44 reconsideration was the fact that a letter had been issued 45 between -- prior to the evaluation of the proposal last 46 year and that that letter was probably not given full 47 airing in the decision making process. The Board, in 48 reconsidering or in evaluating the Request for 49 Reconsideration, found that there was merit in some of 50 their past actions of treating communities the same,

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00243
  regardless of where they fall. And so that portion was
  moved forward. The question about these isolated
  households, there was no new data. Part of the problem
  that this body was confronted with in looking at Proposal
  12 last year was the lack of documented harvest. If I
  recall, there was only one bear harvested in Unit 11 by
  residents of either portion of Slana and none of the other
  species in the 10 or 15 years that we had ticket
  information. And it was based upon this lack of documented
10 harvest that this body and the Board found justification in
11 denying the request.
12
13
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Now has there been any
14 additional documented harvest shown?
15
16
                   MR. SHERROD: There's no new -- no new
17 harvest information has been brought forward to this date.
19
                   MR. DEMENTI:
                                Ralph.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Okay. Gilbert?
22
23
                   MR. DEMENTI: Wouldn't it be easier just to
24 do individual C&T then? If there's just one harvest in all
25 these years?
26
27
                   MR. SHERROD: Well, individual C&Ts would
28 only apply to the park service lands because of our
29 regulations, it could be a....
30
31
                   MR. DEMENTI: That is Park Service land
32 (indiscernible - simultaneous speaking).
33
34
                   MR. SHERROD: Well, that would be Unit 11.
35
36
                   MR. DEMENTI: Unit 11.
37
38
                   MR. SHERROD: But the policy that the Board
39 is putting forward is the fact that if you treat a
40 community the same, this reconsideration or this -- the
41 results of this reconsideration effects Units 12 and Unit
42 13, which were not part of the original proposal. So in
43 suggesting that we treat the community the same, we modify
44 not only the existing customary and traditional use
45 determination for Unit 11 where individual C&Ts would apply
46 but also Unit 12 and Unit 13 where they would not apply.
47
48
                   MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    I mean, the idea is -- the
49 policy is that to treat the community as a whole. And
50 because Slana has C&T for those -- Slana residents in Unit
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00244
   11 have C&Ts so it's to treat the community as a whole and
   it's a recommendation from this solicitor that you can't
  divide up the community and treat them differently. That
  where one portion of a community has C&T, the other portion
  has it also.
6
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, any other questions?
8
  Fred.
9
10
                   MR. ELVSAAS: A little confusion on New and
11 Old Slana. Are they two separate communities or are they
12 one community with.....
13
14
                   MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    They're one community.
15
16
                   MR. ELVSAAS: They're one community.
17
18
                  MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                   They're one school, one
19 post office. It's just regulators that have made two
20 communities.
21
22
                   MR. ELVSAAS: But it sounds to me, from
23 what I've heard, is that part of the community that's
24 called New Slana....
25
26
                  MS. PETRIVELLI: No.
27
28
                   MR. ELVSAAS: .....is in 11.
29
30
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: I don't think so.
31
32
                  MR. ELVSAAS: And the part that -- so
33 apparently the boundary is right through the town
34 community.
35
36
                   MR. SHERROD: It's the Slana River -- forms
37 the boundary. And as I say, some portions of the
38 community, the social community -- because it's not an
39 organized community so, you know, the State doesn't have
40 boundaries for it -- lie in Unit 11 and part of it lies in
41 Unit 12.
42
43
                  MR. ELVSAAS: And they're both sides of the
44 river?
45
46
                   MR. SHERROD:
                                 Right.
47
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Okay. So the old is on the
49 eastern side of the river and the new is on the highway
50 side?
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00245 MS. PETRIVELLI: No. 1 2 3 MR. SHERROD: No, just the other way 4 around. 5 6 MR. ELVSAAS: Oh, the other way. Oh. 7 MR. SHERROD: And the new and the old were terms I applied to try -- in the Unit 12 analysis -- to try 10 and distinguish those households that were a result of the 11 BLM homestead act in the 80's and those that were there 12 prior to that or that part of the community that was there 13 prior to that. It must be understood that people have 14 moved in and out so what the -- the status quo in the 80's 15 is not the status quo today, twenty-some years later. 16 17 MS. PETRIVELLI: But they don't think of 18 themselves separate. 20 MR. SHERROD: Yeah, they don't think of 21 themselves as separate. It's with an artifact in large 22 part from the existing determinations we adopted from the 23 State. The State, when they were doing these much closer 24 to the 1980's, when this homestead act was a brand new 25 group of people arriving, saw the history of these two sets 26 of households. Even though they were continuous along the 27 road as being distinct and made the cut between those that 28 were there prior to the homestead act and those subsequent 29 to the homestead act. 30 31 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now have -- are there -- I 32 don't know how to say this, but are there old-timers in 33 both sections? 34 35 MR. SHERROD: That I can't answer, but I do 36 believe there may be somebody in the audience that can. 37 38 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I mean, the people that 39 have moved from one section to the other and..... 41 MR. SHERROD: There has been movement, I 42 know that. My original conclusion or my original 43 recommendation was to postpone action on Proposal 12 last 44 year until we were able to conduct some further research 45 and try to ferret some of this information out. But still, 46 based on the fact that we had no documented harvest, it was 47 the judgment of this group and the judgment of the board 48 subsequent to your recommendation, that the lack of harvest 49 took precedence and denied the request for the old portion 50 of Slana having -- or the 13 portion of Slana having C&T in

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00246
  Unit 11.
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for
4
  Pat or George?
5
                   MR. ELVSAAS: The other thing is, they want
7
  the rights to Unit 11 for all of 13(C)?
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Well, the original request
10 was for the residents of Slana residing in 13(C) to have a
11 C&T determination in Unit 11 for black bear, brown bear and
12 goat. And it was for the areas that even the residents of
13 this -- the same areas that the Slana people that live in
14 11 -- those same C&T determinations. And it also included
15 the other residents of 13(C) because besides Slana and then
16 those people -- which are about 30 people -- everyone else
17 would have a positive C&T determination that live in 13(C).
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But not all of the
20 residents of 13(C), I don't think, is what they were
21 talking about.
22
23
                   MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    The proposal, 12, included
24 the residents of Slana residing in 13(C).....
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Right.
27
28
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: .....and then the other
29 residents of 13(C) who did not have a positive C&T already.
30
31
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay. So that's part
32 of it's been dropped off of this right now. It's not part
33 of the Request for Reconsideration because it's a whole
34 different subject.
35
36
                  MS. PETRIVELLI: Well, it was part of the
37 Request for Reconsideration by Mr. Midvag and our
38 recommendation only because no data was presented to grant
39 a positive C&T for those other people.
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
42
43
                  MS. PETRIVELLI: But just to address that
44 policy issue -- the Board policy issue of the past of
45 treating a community as one and the solicitor's
46 recommendation that a community be treated as one, that we
47 base the recommendation to adjust the C&Ts to match.
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. Fred, do you
50 understand that one? What they're saying is, that part of
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00247
   it we're not considering now.
3
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Right. Right. It will be
4
   just the community of Slana.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    The only thing we're going
7
   to consider is, do you treat the community of Slana as one.
   I think if I'm -- am I summarizing what you said?
10
                   MS. PETRIVELLI:
                                    That's our recommendation.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Well, that's what the
13 solicitor's recommendation is.
14
15
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Yeah. Yeah.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gilbert, any questions?
18
19
                   MR. DEMENTI: No.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, thank you.
22 see any ADF&G recommendations on this one.
23
24
                   MR. HAYNES:
                                Thank you, Mr. Chairman. No,
25 we haven't made a formal recommendation on this. Although
26 I think our inclination is to support treating the
27 community as a whole. There is additional information now
28 available that has been reviewed and presented in previous
29 staff analyses that wasn't available back in the 1980's
30 when the original State C&T determinations were made. This
31 makes sense to treat communities as one and there may be
32 situations where that doesn't necessarily work but in this
33 case it would seem to.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. I'm going to
36 probably step out of line but I'm going to ask the park
37 service -- Devi, have you got any comments on this one here
38 since it directly effects the park service?
39
40
                   MS. SHARP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
41 support treating the community of Slana as one community.
42 We don't, in our administrative and daily business,
43 differentiate between the two communities and don't see any
44 reason to. So we support treating both communities of
45 Slana as Slana and giving them the same C&T.
46
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. Do we have any
48 written comment?
50
                  MS. WILKINSON: No.
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00248
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: No written comment. We
  have some people who wish to speak to this.
3
4
                   MR. M. EWAN: Ralph, can I ask a question?
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Morris, can you ask a
7
  question? Sure, you may ask a question.
                   MR. M. EWAN: New Slana was born around
10 1980, I remember the State gave out land and these people
11 come in here. And if you give these people C&Ts and the
12 State gives another land grab away, would you be giving
13 those people also all C&Ts?
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I don't think so, but
16 I'm....
17
18
                  MR. M. EWAN: What if this happens in the
19 future?
20
21
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We're dealing with is the
22 one that....
23
24
                 MR. M. EWAN: I speak in opposition of
25 this.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....aren't on the land
28 grab, aren't we?
29
30
                   MR. M. EWAN: I speak in opposition of
31 this, I want you to know.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, Okay, Gloria?
34
                   MS. STICKWAN: We are in opposition to
35
36 this. When C&Ts were made back in early 1980's it was done
37 through Wrangell-St. Elias Subsistence Resource Commission.
38 Many of those people during that time that were on that
39 committee were big game hunters and guides and they're the
40 ones who made the original C&T determinations. There
41 wasn't hardly any natives that was on that C& -- during the
42 1980's, there was hardly any natives on there and
43 determinations were made without input from our villages.
44 So that's what happened and it's been adopted -- it's been
45 like that since then. And we opposed this from the
46 beginning but we didn't have adequate representation back
47 in the 1980's on that subsistence resource commission.
48 That's all I have to say.
50
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay now, I must be
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00249
  missing something someplace along the line. Part of Slana
   already has C&T and you're saying that that was done
  improperly?
5
                   MS. STICKWAN: It was done by people that
  were big game hunters and guides back in the 1980's when
  they were on the Council. They made the original C&T
  determinations for the park. None of our -- hardly anybody
  in our area was on that Wrangell-St. Elias Subsistence
10 Resource Commission back then. Since then it has changed
11 but since it's already passed, there's nothing we can do
12 about it.
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, but then what do you
15 think about dividing a community like that. I mean, we did
16 the same thing with Chickaloon. Basically what we've got
17 is we've got part of the community has and the old part
18 doesn't in Unit 11. The new part has C&T and the old part
19 doesn't.
20
21
                  MS. STICKWAN: I don't know.
22
23
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So -- I know. And so....
24
25
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Why don't Slana come
26 together?
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                  Well, there would be two
29 ways it could come together: you either take it away --
30 you take it away from one side or you give it to the other
31 side. And I don't think we're in the position to take it
32 away.
33
34
                  MR. ELVSAAS: No, and we're still dividing
35 the communities.
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And we're still dividing
38 the communities, so. You see what I mean?
39
40
                  MS. STICKWAN: Yeah.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So that's -- but basically
43 you're against this.....
44
45
                  MS. STICKWAN: We were against the
46 original....
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....because of what
49 happened in the past.
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00250 MS. STICKWAN: We were against this from the original proposal and we weren't adequately representative (sic) back in the early 1980's. 5 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, but that part of 6 it's done. 7 8 MS. STICKWAN: It's done. There's nothing 9 we can do about. 10 11 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, that's kind of where 12 I see it, too. Thank you. Does anybody else have any 13 questions for Gloria? Thank you, Gloria. 14 15 George Midvag? 16 17 MR. MIDVAG: Mr. Chairman, the Board, good 18 afternoon. 19 20 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I was told to ask, are you 21 from New Slana or Old Slana? 22 23 MR. MIDVAG: Well, there's still some 24 confusion here, it seems like. But the funny thing was, 25 the new part -- the part where everyone came after 1980, 26 that was included in the Unit 11 just straight across the 27 board with, of course, the people that have lived there 28 prior in all of Unit 11. What was left out -- and in 13(C) 29 we have, you know, Kenny Lake, Glennallen, Gulkana, Gakona 30 and Chistochina -- they're all included in 13(C). So when 31 you ask, what about the rest of 13(C), they're already all 32 included except a couple of little places that don't have a 33 name along the road. And, you know, like Indian River, 34 Sumpa (ph) and those boys, they don't belong anywhere, so 35 to speak. And the Knightens (ph) down the road, they're 36 sort of part of Slana but they're a few miles away. 37 Dwayne, Alena, Creed, Craig, they're excluded because, you 38 know, Mentasta is included but that little piece of road is 39 not. And Angus DeWitt that was born down there 75 years 40 ago -- he's excluded. And he had a real funny expression 41 on his face when we told him that. Steven John is excluded 42 and I'm excluded where I live right now but I have a house 43 on the other side of the river so if I move my address over 44 there I'm fine. 45 So, you know, it just -- there was such a small 46 place that got left out by the designation not being either 47 blanket 13(C) where all the other communities are mentioned 48 by name. Even all of Glennallen, people come and go down 49 there like crazy. But also the villages, they're all 50 included. And up here into 12 -- that's included by Unit

12 and by name, Mentasta. But the rest of 12 is also included. So either -- if Slana had been called Slana, then that little chunk where we happen to live, right a mile and a half from the highway to the river and then a couple of miles each way -- that's the piece that's excluded. Because it's not named by name and it's not named by unit. But everything else, we drive a little further down the road, it's covered. And this was the situation, it was pretty well covered here except there was 10 still some confusion about which part was actually the ones 11 that did have. And the new part is all included just fine. 12 Do anything you want in 11 but the old part, like the part 13 I mentioned for you that know the area locally, where Angus 14 lives and where the road house is and, you know, up to 15 Knightens' and Dora Bouchay (ph) and they're all excluded. 16 And it's such a small area, just a mile and a half down the 17 road.

18

19 And in this one study here that -- on an analysis 20 of subsistence hunting that was submitted to the University 21 of Alaska in Fairbanks -- have you seen this? There's a 22 map in there that shows the use of each area. And it shows 23 the use of Nebesna Road as being one of the hardest hit 24 subsistence areas in the whole -- we had a whole area. And 25 now the mile and a half of that is excluded. 26 everything is mentioned by name here except at Nebesna 27 Road. And that Nebesna Road took a real hit in the old 28 days -- everybody used that. But there's also some old-29 timers that live on the other side, way out there. And 30 they are, of course, now excluded but we -- in my proposal 31 and the reason they are -- when I first brought it up with 32 some of the advisory people, you know, and talked to Frank 33 and all those guys about it, they said, oh heck it was just 34 a stroke of a pen mistake. We all remembered our own 35 communities, you know, Gulkana, Gakona, Kenny Lake, 36 Glennallen. Everybody remembered their own but there was 37 nobody there from Slana so that got left out in the 38 shuffle. And that's really all -- there's very few people. 39 It's just the ones right near the intersection and we got 40 left out, somehow. And that's my Request for 41 Reconsideration. You've already mentioned the letter that 42 we received from the Subsistence Board last year -- from 43 Mitch's office and this says, oh, we didn't intend that, 44 that was a mistake. And they said, go right ahead. 45 covered last year. But then when it was brought up in 46 Kenai, this letter -- well, I now hear it was a footnote 47 but, somebody might not have read it.

48 49

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CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I didn't, I'm sorry.

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00252
                   MR. MIDVAG: And there was my letter here --
    I have it here if somebody wants a copy of it. I'm not
  going to bore you reading the whole thing but what it says
   in essence is that it is not the Board's policy and
  tradition to split communities up. And that's the part I
  was getting at. Now I actually meant to include these few
  people that live these 10 miles down, whether they call
  them Slana or not, because on that side of the river all
  our addresses are Gakona addresses so I don't even know if
10 that puts them under the Gakona designation even though
11 we're 60 miles away from Gakona. But the highway delivery
12 is all Gakona or you can have a mailbox across the river
13 and call -- no, this side of the river and call it Slana.
14 But to me it just looks like a little FUBAR that just could
15 be corrected very, very easily. Because we are so few out
16 of the whole basin with 6,000 people and we've got 30
17 people excluded. And that's the one we couldn't
18 understand. So I'm glad that you took the time to bring it
19 up again because this has kept me awake a few nights.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, that's because you
22 guys never drove across the bridge. What's been.....
23
24
                  MR. MIDVAG: That's basically all I have to
25 comment.
26
27
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: What's been suggested to
28 us is that, at this point in time, what we can handle is
29 recombining Slana. We can't deal with those that are.....
30
31
                  MR. MIDVAG: That would be fine because, I
32 mean....
33
34
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                  Because on the basis for
35 the Request for Reconsideration is the fact that.....
37
                  MR. MIDVAG: Slana.
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: .....the policy is not to
40 split communities.
41
42
                  MR. MIDVAG: Yeah.
43
44
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That doesn't cover
45 somebody that's not in the community and that would have to
46 be worked at a different time.
47
48
                  MR. MIDVAG: Well, it's a real fuzzy border
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49 because, you know, I mean even five miles away they still 50 say we live in Slana. But like you said earlier, there's

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00253
1 no community set border. And that's what -- the same thing
  -- remember what happened in Gulkana when they went dry?
  Everybody was trying to figure out how far that stretched,
  you know. And that caused a lot of problems down there,
   just trying to say where this place end or begin.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, if people ask me
  where I live, I tell them McCarthy but my address is
  Chitina. And I really live at 44.5 McCarthy Road and I do
10 not claim to be a McCarthyite, you know, so.
11
12
                  MR. MIDVAG: Well, we have people down our
13 way that prefer Gakona and Slana.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, that tells you
16 something. Okay, does anybody have any questions for
17 George?
18
19
                  MR. ELVSAAS: No, now that we know the
20 difference between old and new.
21
22
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you.
23
24
                  MR. MIDVAG: Thank you very much for your
25 time.
26
27
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We don't have any other
28 public testimony listed. Is there any other public
29 testimony that I missed? Somebody that turned in a blue
30 slip? No, okay. At this point in time, for us to discuss
31 it, we need a motion on the table. Do I hear a motion to
32 combine the communities of Slana?
33
34
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Mr. Chairman, the request is
35 for reconsideration....
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
38
39
                  MR. ELVSAAS: .....and I don't know what
40 the past action was. Was the past action denial?
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Denial, right.
43
44
                  MR. ELVSAAS: So I guess the first thing
45 we'd have to agree to is to reconsider the action. We'd
46 have to have a motion approving that.
47
48
                 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: A motion to reconsider the
49 action.
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00254
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Right. And I would move to
  reconsider the action.
                  MS. PETRIVELLI: Well, actually the Board
  had already decided to accept the reconsideration for the
  purposes of -- so it's just -- it is reconsideration in
   light of this so.....
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Oh, it's not a
10 reconsideration.
11
12
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: .....they're asking for --
13 yeah, so they're asking.....
14
15
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Oh, okay.
16
17
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: .....for your input in the
18 reconsideration of this. In that -- in those areas.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So they're basically
21 asking whether we support combining Slana as one or leaving
22 it the way it is, right?
23
24
                   MS. PETRIVELLI: Yeah. Yeah.
25
26
                   MR. ELVSAAS: With that, then I would move
27 that we approve the staff recommendation which is to
28 combine the community as one but not include the balance of
29 13(C).
30
31
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do I hear a second?
32
33
                  MR. DEMENTI: Second.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It's been moved; it's been
36 seconded. Discussion?
37
38
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Question.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The question's been
41 called. All in favor, signify by saying aye.
42
43
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
44
45
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Opposed signify by saying
46 nay.
47
48
           (No opposing responses)
49
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                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Motion carries.
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00255
          Okay, at this point in time, the floor is open for
  proposals to change Federal subsistence regulations for
  wildlife and we have proposal forms for anybody that would
  like to write out a new proposal. Do we hear any wildlife
  proposals at this time? While the floor is open right now,
  the Subsistence Board is open for proposals to change
  wildlife regulations up until the closing date of -- I
  think it's February something.
10
                  MR. DEMENTI: October 27th.
11
12
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: October 27th? Oh, October
13 27th. So you basically have got four weeks to get a
14 proposal in if you wish to change a wildlife regulation.
15 The forms are available, it doesn't have to be done at this
16 meeting.
17
18
          We will now go on to agency reports. We already
19 took care of the subsistence management so the next agency
20 report is migratory birds. Do we have somebody here to
21 give us a migratory bird report?
22
23
                   MR. PROBASCO: Mr. Chairman, I think
24 there's some more staff reports yet under the column and
25 the next one would be the consultation coordination of the
26 State of Alaska.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, you're right.
29
30
                  MR. PROBASCO: Mr. Boyd took care of the
31 first....
32
33
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: He took care of from A to
34 1 through 3.
35
36
                  MR. PROBASCO: To the staffing.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So are you going to start
39 where B is? Right?
41
                  MR. PROBASCO: That's correct.
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, my fault. We still
44 have to finish number 1. Here I thought we'd get out
45 today.
46
47
                  MR. PROBASCO: Well, we'll make it real
48 short for you, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Chairman, my name is.....
50
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible -
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00256 away from microphone). 3 This is under Tab..... CHAIRMAN LOHSE: 4 5 6 MR. PROBASCO: H. 7 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: ....H. 8 9 MR. PROBASCO: And Mr. Chairman, my name is 10 Pete Probasco. I've been recently hired as the State 11 liaison for the Federal system. My prior career was with 12 the Department of Fish and Game as the regional supervisor 13 for the westward region. 14 15 Mr. Chairman, before you under Tab H is a more 16 detailed report of the consultation and coordination with 17 the State of Alaska. And I'll just briefly summarize that 18 for you since the details are in the written part. 19 Regional Advisory Councils have expressed a great deal of 20 interest in tracking our working relationships with the 21 State of Alaska. And as I said, included in your booklet 22 is a summary of that. In that also is a summary of the 23 inner memorandum agreement between the Federal agencies, 24 the Federal Subsistence Board, ADF&G, Board of Fisheries 25 and Board of Game. And that's summarized in that first 26 paragraph and it hits the high points of that MOA. Once 27 the MOA was finalized in April, the Federal/State MOA 28 working group focused immediately on the developing an in-29 season fisheries management protocol and focused on the 30 Yukon drainage. And it's safe to assume that this is a 31 starting point for other protocols that will be developed 32 for other river drainages in the future. Mr. Tom Boyd 33 summarized and highlighted how that working relationship 34 went this year with the Yukon protocol. There were some 35 rough roads initially in the process, which was expected. 36 However, as the season went on and as we moved through the 37 more difficult decisions in the fall, most of the bugs had 38 been worked out and things were working fairly well. 39 There's still some additional issues to address an make it 40 better but I think a lot has to be said with the staff and 41 the work that went into it to make this work this year. 43 The next step that will be done this winter is --44 this umbrella agreement between agencies identified other 45 protocols that will be developed and those are listed in 46 the second paragraph and those will be done this winter. 47 And they'll address in-seasons fisheries management; data 48 management; regulatory processing, including coordination

49 among boards; identification of subsistence use amounts and 50 fisheries and wildlife management planning. And what I

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00257
  would like to do is encourage involvement of the Regional
  Advisory Councils. Maybe an advisory Council process but
  hopefully more importantly is actively -- members on these
  committees to help address in these protocols. And staff
  will be providing the opportunities and information to keep
  you up to speed on when these committees will be meeting
  and when the issues will be addressed.
          And again, just to reiterate, I'd like to ask
10 Council to discuss participation in these protocols and
11 we'll do our best to keep you informed and up to speed on
12 that. And Mr, Chairman, that's a summary of that report.
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So basically, with the one
15 that you had in place for the Yukon this summer, it
16 actually worked?
17
                  MR. PROBASCO: Yes, it worked. There were
19 difficult parts of it but all in all I'd say it went very
20 well.
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now were the difficult
23 parts just simply because it takes implementation or were
24 the difficult parts because of -- oh, how do I want to say
25 it -- a tendency for everybody to try to carve out their
26 niche of authority?
27
28
                  MR. PROBASCO: No, I think it's more the
29 latter. You have a new type of management regime coming in
30 and you have existing managers and new agencies come in and
31 so the communications, I would say, were the main part.
32 And understanding of the Federal -- had tried to adjust
33 their system so they could react in-season much quicker to
34 try to mirror what the State has, emergency order
35 authority. So all of that was going through the initial
36 phase and anytime you develop a new program you're going to
37 have bumps in the road. But all and in all I would say it
38 worked fairly well.
39
40
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    So it was mostly
41 communication, not protection of turf?
43
                  MR. PROBASCO: That's correct. That would
44 be my summary of that, Mr. Chairman.
45
46
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions? Thank you.
47 Tim?
48
                  MR. JENNINGS: Mr. Chair, I will give the
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50 next part of the agency reports under subsistence

management. My name is Tim Jennings and the next report covers the Regional Council Fisheries Training, Phase III and that is also under Tab H. It's a summary there that says Regional Council Fisheries Training, Phase III. way of background, if you'll recall when the Federal program assumed fisheries management, there was several initiatives to help implement the fisheries program into the Federal side. And one of these initiatives was Training for Council members, training for training. 10 Federal Board members and training for staff. Phase I of 11 the training involved some board member orientation whereby 12 last summer, in 1999, board members traveled to subsistence 13 sites along the Yukon River. Phase II training was last 14 January, you recall, I think most of you were in Anchorage 15 for a rather comprehensive gathering of State and Federal 16 and subsistence Council members to discuss implementation 17 of fisheries. We also had an in-season management meeting 18 at the end of May which I believe, Mr. Chair, you attended, 19 where we talked about in-season management issues related 20 to fisheries management.

22 And so this brings us now to Phase III or what's 23 been called Phase III. After the first full season of the 24 2000 fishing season now behind us -- largely behind us, we 25 want to bring together Council members, key Federal staff 26 and State staff to discuss and reflect back on the 2000 27 season, remaining issues and how to look forward to 2001. 28 We also want to, as Tom Boyd mentioned this morning, we had 29 already planned in January to bring the Council members 30 from across the State altogether in order to provide input 31 on the fisheries projects -- the monitoring studies. And 32 so we wanted to capitalize on the need to bring the Council 33 members together for that input and also dovetail with some 34 additional training -- this Phase III training. So what 35 you have before you in the book is a draft agenda with some 36 possible topics. The first item there is review of the 37 draft fisheries studies plan. That will be done -- that's 38 the thing that Tom had mentioned this morning.

The other five remaining items: in-season
fisheries management, status of western Alaska salmon runs,
fisheries assessment methods, developing fisheries study
proposals and the fisheries regulatory process — those are
all possible agenda items and we want to emphasize at this
point that they're tentative. And what we're doing is
coming before you and the other Councils this fall and to
ask for input on agenda topics either on the ones that
we've listed or if you have other items or other areas of
interest that you believe that would be desirable to have
covered.

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00259
          And so that's my report on this topic, Mr. Chair,
  and I'd stand by now or later on in the meeting to take any
  feedback you may have on the possible agenda topics for the
  January training for Phase III.
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Looks like a pretty
  optimistic training session. If we covered that much,
  that's going to be a pretty full three days.
10
11
                  MR. JENNINGS: Yes, we've set aside up to a
12 week....
13
14
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Five days?
15
16
                  MR. JENNINGS: One thing that we would like
17 input on is -- you'll recall last January's that we had
18 some caucus meetings where we had two or three Councils
19 participate in caucus sessions. We also had prepared
20 presentations delivered by speakers. We'd like some
21 feedback from you on how best to arrange this future
22 training. If the caucus sessions were more beneficial or
23 if there's specific presentations that you believe that
24 would be beneficial. And then we'll tailor the program,
25 the agenda accordingly. We see one day on the agenda as
26 being dealt with -- dealing with the draft fisheries study
27 plan. And so that would leave us probably three days -- I
28 don't know if we'll go for the entire week. It's still
29 being discussed and we would need your input in terms of
30 what's needed.
31
32
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: When do you need the input
33 by?
34
35
                  MR. JENNINGS: We would appreciate feedback
36 in the near future because it does take some time to
37 organize something of this magnitude. I don't have any
38 particular deadline for input. As soon as possible, within
39 the next few weeks -- several weeks would be appreciated.
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: As soon as possible.
42 Okay. So we need to, as a group or as individuals, be
43 thinking of areas of concern that we'd like education on as
44 a Council that could be covered under this. Right? Or
45 that we feel would be worthwhile for all Councils to hear.
46
47
                  MR. JENNINGS: Yes.
48
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for -- Ida's
50 got her hand.....
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MS. HILDEBRAND: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
Ida Hildebrand, BIA staff committee member. I just want to
remind the Council that part of the input we're asking from
you is for your input as how do you as a Council want to be
involved when they develop protocols that develop your -that address your area. And how do you want to be involved
in discussions when the whole Council isn't brought into
Anchorage or the whole Council is meeting an issue that
concerns your Council. I mean, when the whole Council
isn't meeting, did you want to nominate people that will
represent your Council or is it up to the Chair or those
kinds of information that you also need to be discussing
and putting comments forward.

14

15 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions? Does 16 most of the Council feel like they're going to be able to 17 make this one?

18 19

MR. ELVSAAS: What say?

20 21

21 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do most of you feel you'll 22 be able to make the week in January?

23

24 MR. ELVSAAS: I believe so. I think it's a 25 vital week, you know, that we should make every effort to 26 be there. But, you know, I know this is a great thing but 27 we were just listening to some comments a little bit ago 28 about the problems of the fishery in Lake Clark, Lake 29 Iliamna, where there wasn't enough fish for subsistence but 30 yet Fish and Game, in their process, tends to look towards 31 the commercial and support fishery as how to manage 32 fisheries. And I think that that's something that needs to 33 be addressed very strongly -- is how to get the subsistence 34 management and a handle on this. And I believe that the 35 way to do this for all the areas is to have co-management 36 with the tribes of the areas and the Federal government and 37 the State government. And I think we need to look at that. 38 The in-season fisheries management -- how do you predict 39 the run strengths and so forth. Those are things that 40 concern everybody because the run doesn't hit everybody at 41 the same time. Especially here we're talking about Tanada That's the very end of a run of fish in the Copper 42 Creek. 43 system or the Prince William area. And the same with Lake 44 Clark in the Bristol Bay area.

45

And it's the same in Cook Inlet with the Susitna 47 runs. A major focus in Cook Inlet is the Kenai fishery 48 because it's so popular as a sport fishery, although there 49 are subsistence fisheries there. But that's something that 50 needs to be looked at in depth. How do all users have

00261 access to the fish. We just looked at reconsideration on a game thing and because some people are in and some are out.

Some are on the right side of the river and some are not. And this is going to apply very strongly to the fish in Alaska in regards to subsistence and access to fish and the rights to fish. So I think that this committee should make every effort to be at that meeting.

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gilbert, do you have any

9 10 questions?

> MR. DEMENTI: No.

12 13 14

11

MR. JENNINGS: Okay, Mr. Chair....

15 16

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now are you going on to

17 the next one?

18 19

MR. JENNINGS: I'll move on to the next

20 one. 21

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Good.

23 24

22

MR. JENNINGS: The next page is entitled 25 Statewide Rural Determinations. The purpose of this 26 briefing, Mr. Chair, is to give the Council an update and a 27 status of the initiative underway to look at statewide 28 rural determinations. There's a provision in our 29 regulations that every 10 years there will be a complete 30 re-evaluation of the rural or non-rural status statewide. 31 And so, this is an update to indicate to the Councils that 32 this initiative has begun through Federal Board direction, 33 our office is in the process of gaining some third party 34 contracting expertise in rural or non-rural sociology in 35 Alaska.

36 37

Our office, ourselves, we didn't feel like we had 38 the kind of expertise that was needed. And I think you'll 39 recall in some of the discussions surrounding the Kenai 40 determination that the methodology that had been used was 41 in need of some improvements and some refinements and so 42 the Board directed staff to initiate this third party 43 contracting effort. So that's been initiated. There's not 44 been a contractor selected yet, we're still developing an 45 appropriate scope of work and having that reviewed and 46 approved by the Board and by key technical committee.

47

48 We recognize that the Regional Councils have a very 49 vital role in this rural/non-rural process and so this is 50 the first step to keep you informed about what's going on.

10

And when we have more concrete results from the contractor and some recommendations we'll be working with, with the Councils, to provide updates. And we also see as a possibility, if you recall, when we implemented fisheries on some of the key fisheries issues, the Board had a couple of the chairs from the Councils attend board sessions. it was Willie Goodwin and Dan O'Hara from -- Willie was from Northwest Arctic and Dan from Bristol Bay.

And we envisioned another possible scenario where 11 the chairs might select a couple of Council chairs to 12 participate in discussions on this issue with the Board. 13 This will be a fairly long term initiative. It's going to 14 be based upon the 2000 census data and the complete census 15 data and all the information will not be available for 16 another year, 18 months. And in that interim period, we 17 hope to have the new methodology and criteria improved 18 through this contracting process so that when we have the 19 data information, the census information, that the Councils 20 can then make recommendation on rural/non-rural status in 21 their regions and the Board can then make final 22 determinations. So this is an early heads-up to the 23 Council about the process and the initiatives that's 24 underway in that regard.

25 26

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So you're still working 27 on the scope of the contract. You haven't started to get 28 somebody in line before doing the contract yet?

29 30

MR. JENNINGS: Correct.

31 32

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions on that? 33 And that will have a direct impact on the Kenai question 34 won't it?

35

36 MR. JENNINGS: It will have impact, I mean, 37 it will be -- it's a statewide review so all communities 38 statewide will have the potential for being reviewed or 39 will be reviewed during that time period. There's, as 40 you're aware with the Kenai issue, there's threshold 41 population, thresholds in our regulations. And so, 42 communities that are under 2,500 people are presumed to be 43 rural. And so we don't really see that kind of threshold 44 changing at this time. So most of the communities 45 statewide, you know, a vast majority of them are small, 46 rural communities under 2,500. It's not expected that 47 anything is going to change in the status in their regard. 48 It'll be for those communities like you've mentioned on the 49 Kenai where there has been some discussion about rural 50 versus non-rural and we're hoping that this new methodology

will help -- the improved methodology will help make a better decision or at least in the eyes of folks have the criteria be a little more solid.

4 5

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions on this? Thank you, do you go on to the next one? Okay.

6 7

MR. JENNINGS: Mr. Chair, the next page is a brief update with customary trade. Basically the update 10 is, we're still working on this issue. We're still working 11 on initiative to characterize practices by region. 12 still a desire of the Board to recognize the need to 13 further define significant commercial enterprise. And it's 14 the desire or the wish of the Board, as stated recently, 15 that they would like to try to address that significant 16 commercial enterprise issue before the next fishing season. 17 And so at this time what we're giving you the update on is 18 that staff continues to work -- I believe there's a new 19 committee that's being formed to work on this issue and 20 we'll continue to involve the Councils to make sure that we 21 are characterizing the practices on a regional basis. 22 That's what we had heard previously from the Council input 23 when we brought this issue before the Councils. Is that 24 they really -- each Council felt largely that it should be 25 regionalized because the practices were different around 26 the different regions of the state. And so that's the 27 update on customary trade.

28

29 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for Tim on 30 that? Tim, I saw something in here that struck a note with 31 me. It reminded me of something that happened quite a few 32 years ago in my own life. Its says, part of the confusion 33 for the public relates to whether State or Federal 34 regulations prevail in any particular situation or 35 location. On Federal public lands and waters, our 36 solicitor's offices determine if the Federal regulations 37 will prevail. Adding to the difficulties for users in the 38 areas of mixed jurisdictions, individuals and law 39 enforcement personnel must know their exact location. 40 just relating it to, oh, this is an incident probably 35 41 years ago in Minnesota. I went with a group of my friends 42 to the Red Lake Indian Reserve, which is Federal land. 43 this Red Lake Indian Reserve, there was no limit for wall-44 eyed pike. Off the Red Lake Indian Reserve, you were on 45 Minnesota land. Minnesota game wardens enforce Minnesota 46 state laws on state land. So it didn't matter that you 47 caught the wall-eyed pike on Federal land, which had no 48 limit, as soon as you took it across the border into State 49 land, you were in violation. And that's one of the things 50 that's going to have to be sorted out here. Because where

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00264
  Federal can allow customary and trade and barter, if the
  State doesn't allow customary, trade and barter or the
  selling of certain items and you cross over to State land
  to make the transaction, it's a possibility that you're
  going to be in violation.
7
                  MR. JENNINGS: That is part of the concern,
  Mr. Chair. And in it, part of the desire to address the
  issue from the Federal prospective.
10
11
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other comments for Tim
12 on this? Have you got the next one?
13
14
                  MR. JENNINGS: Ann, did you want to do the
15 next one? It's the art contest or would you like me to
16 cover that?
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Have you covered it with
19 our local teacher here?
20
21
                   MR. JENNINGS: Okay, if you'll turn the
22 page you'll see that there's an art contest that we're
23 sponsoring. It has to do with providing examples of
24 subsistence lifestyles in the form of art that we can use
25 in our Council booklets and other publications. There is a
26 typographic error on this first page, it includes grades K
27 through 12, not K through 6.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, it's eight through 12,
30 not K through 6?
31
32
                  MR. JENNINGS: K.
33
34
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: K through 12.
35
                  MR. JENNINGS: K through 12. Kindergarten
37 through 12.
38
39
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: K through 12.
40
41
                  MR. JENNINGS: Right. And so all we're
42 bringing this to your attention is to -- as you go back to
43 your communities, if you would promote the contest with the
44 children in your communities, we would appreciate having
45 lots of good entries to consider. I believe that the
46 Council chairs will make the selection of the art.
47
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Has the Fish and Wildlife
49 Service made an attempt to at least get a list of the
50 schools in the state and send information on this to every
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00265
   school in the state so that you're not depending on us?
3
                   MR. JENNINGS: It's just -- we're depending
  on you as another avenue. We are sending this out through other publicity sources. It's posted on our website and I
  don't know if there's another initiative to contact schools
  directly but it's just to bring it to your attention.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah. And home schoolers
10 are allowed to enter it too?
11
12
           (No audible response)
13
14
           REPORTER: Was that a yes?
15
16
                   MR. JENNINGS: Say yes, yes. I nodded.
17 For the record, yes.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, Tim, do you have the
20 migratory bird update?
21
22
                   MR. JENNINGS: Well, I don't believe
23 there's anyone else here from Fish and Wildlife Service
24 refuges or migratory bird office to address this issue so I
25 will give you a brief status on this as well. This is
26 under Tab I.
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now this is the first year
29 it actually took place and there was a season in place for
30 this year, wasn't it?
31
32
                   MR. JENNINGS:
                                   That I'm not sure of.
33 You'll recall that -- maybe somebody else here knows about
34 that.
35
36
           (Whispered conversations)
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Spring of 2002, not 2001.
39
                   MR. JENNINGS: Yeah, the treaty has been
40
41 passed and Jerry's informed me that they're still working
42 on the regulations. And if you look on Page 2, it lays out
43 how we will proceed. The reason why we're giving the
44 Councils this update is you may recall that one of the
45 options that was considered was to use the Regional Council
46 system for the management bodies and the regional director
47 of the Fish and Wildlife Service, they made a
48 recommendation to go a different route. So it's not going
49 to go through the Regional Councils. And so we wanted to
50 bring you back with that update.
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CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I think if I remember right, our Regional Council and a couple of the other ones objected to that too -- pretty highly.

MR. JENNINGS: So I'm not an expert in this arena, Mr. Chair, on the migratory bird management bodies but the update is before you. It was provided by our migratory bird people. If you have questions after you've reviewed the material, we can provide some follow-up with you in that regard.

12 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And so lead shot is not 13 allowed in that one either. It says primary enforcement 14 effort is insuring that lead shot is not used. In other 15 words, not seasons, not bag limits, not anything -- just 16 that lead shot is not used. Okay, now are you -- that's 17 all for you Tim?

MR. JENNINGS: That's it.

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.

MR. JENNINGS: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

25 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. That was a lot 26 you covered and -- did I lose the agenda? Okay, U.S. 27 Bureau of Land Management, Glennallen.

MR. WATERS: Good afternoon, Mr. Chair, 30 Council members. I'll try to keep this brief, get us back 31 on track because I know everybody wants to leave today. 32 The handout I've given you, I'll put extras up front if 33 anybody in the audience wants one. For the record, my name 34 is Elijah Waters, BLM, Glennallen. What you have in front 35 of you is a rundown of the subsistence permits that have 36 been issued to date for the moose and caribou. This was 37 updated as of Monday. I'm sorry I don't have enough for 38 everybody you can -- if you'd like one, take one. As you 39 can see, we're pretty much on track as far as numbers go. 40 There was a lot of concern this year that with the State 41 reducing the number of tags that there might be an increase 42 but we're pretty much on track with what we have 43 traditionally given since 1990.

I want to point out that the caribou season will 46 continue through March 31st so those numbers will go up. 47 This year, for the first time, we didn't go to Delta 48 Junction but we did make permits available through the 49 Fairbanks office. And about half of the 20(D) permits have 50 been issued through the Fairbanks office. I would also

like to point out that there was a congressional inquiry on why we didn't go to Delta Junction. That's been answered and we haven't heard back so I quess it was adequate. 2, I just put the previous year's permits and harvest data Just again, just to point out that we're pretty much on track, you know, we're within the average numbers that we typically issue through the Glennallen office. I would like to point out also that it looks like, at least on the caribou, since Delta Junction has been added to that hunt, 10 those numbers have went up slightly. Not a lot, but 11 slightly -- on the harvest, that is. This year all of the 12 Federal hunt areas were marked on the highways and that was 13 change in the past. Those signs sometimes get ripped down, 14 moved, shot up -- all of that kind of thing. Those were 15 replaced this year.

16

17 Also, a law enforcement ranger has been selected. 18 He was supposed to have reported but there's been a hold up 19 because background -- his security clearance or background 20 check had expired and we're waiting on that. He should be 21 here sometime during this season. I do want to make that 22 clear, but you know how that goes -- it's out of our hands. 23 And finally, I just want to point out that since I am here 24 full time, that there is a lot of hunt monitoring going on. 25 I'm doing, you know, I try to get up and do aerial flights 26 once a week, which doesn't always happen because of 27 weather, pilot availability. And then when I can't, I get 28 up and do some -- a lot of monitoring of that by vehicle, 29 by snow machine when the snow's out there. And these 30 surveys have several purposes, one to look at the 31 availability and vulnerability of the animals. The land, 32 at least that the BLM manages, a lot of that land is not 33 readily accessible unless you have the toys to get there --34 snow machines, four wheelers, airplanes, boats. Yeah, I'm 35 looking at the distribution of people on those lands and 36 the distribution of animals on those lands.

37 38

Also, a big thing I'm trying to do is gain 39 information on animals that we don't give tags for. You 40 know, we give tags for caribou and moose but there's 24 41 other species that have Federal regulations and we don't 42 really know a lot of information about it. So, so far, 43 I've been finding out about several traplines that are on 44 Federal lands and also some ptarmigan hunters. So that's 45 an ongoing thing. If you have any special concerns you'd 46 like for me to look at, bring it to my attention, I'd be 47 glad to.

48

This concludes my report and I'll answer any 50 questions.

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00268
                   MR. DEMENTI: So you say this Norton field
  office will closed next year?
                  MR. WATERS: No. No, I'm sorry. No, I
   said they issued tags for the first time this year just for
   20(D) residents. Just for Delta Junction residents.
8
                  MR. DEMENTI: Oh, okay, because.....
9
10
                   MR. WATERS: They volunteered to do that.
11 They didn't volunteer to do it next year. That's something
12 that we'll evaluate at the end of the year to see how many
13 they issued. See if they're willing to do that again next
14 year. Personally, I would rather keep it all in Glennallen.
15 It just makes it easier because it just -- you get to know
16 the people. We have had somewhat of an increase of people
17 trying to get tags who weren't eligible and if it's all
18 coming through one office, it makes that a little bit
19 easier to track down and to monitor that. Any other
20 questions?
21
22
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for Elijah?
23 Thank you.
24
25
                  MR. WATERS: If you have any other
26 questions later, I'll be around at till the end of the
27 meeting.
28
29
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Alaska Division of Fish
30 and Game -- Department of Fish and Game, Subsistence
31 Division.
32
33
                  MR. SIMEONE: Mr. Chairman, members of the
34 Board, my name is Bill Simeone. I work for the Alaska
35 Department of Fish and Game, Division of Subsistence and I
36 wanted to update you on two projects that the subsistence
37 division is doing within the Southcentral Region. And one
38 of them is to update community profiles of resident zoned
39 communities around Mt. McKinley National Park. And last
40 April, we started that project by doing a harvest survey
41 and collecting information on lifetime area uses in
             That project is ongoing and we're going to
42 Cantwell.
43 conduct some more information -- or conduct some more
44 interviews about historical uses of Mt. McKinley National
45 Park.
46
47
          And then the other project that we have is the
48 Copper River Subsistence Fishing Evaluation 2000, which is
49 described as Project 40 under Tab H in your book. And in
50 that project we're going to address three issues or we've
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addressed three issues. We're documenting the traditional ecological knowledge of Ahtna elders and we are going to document the potential changes in the fishery in light of the new regulations passed by the Board of Fish in December. In other words, making the dipnet fishery a subsistence fishery and we're looking at the current trends and characteristics of the subsistence fishery -- the fish wheel subsistence fishery. To work with Ahtna elders, we've hired a linguist named Dr. James Carey and we've 10 conducted about 10 interviews with Ahtna elders all up and 11 down the river. And we've also done a survey with about 12 500 dipnetters and fish wheel users along the river, 13 looking at their characteristics -- where they come from, 14 how much money they make, how many fish they think they 15 need -- basic information. And that, hopefully, will be 16 available sometime at the end of this year -- the 17 preliminary data. So, are there any questions?

18 19

19 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, I've got a question.
20 It says participation for both fisheries will be the lowest
21 since 1996. Current participation level in the Glennallen
22 District is the highest on record. Where the Chitina
23 Subdistrict is approximately 1,500 permits less than the
24 three year average. Do you think that was because of the
25 increase in the fee?

26 27

27 MR. SIMEONE: Partly, I think that's partly 28 it and partly also the restriction that they reduced them 29 to one chinook.

30 31

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay. From what I heard, a lot of the dipnetters didn't worry about that reduction to one chinook because it was pretty easy to catch one and give it to somebody else and catch another one and give it somebody else and catch another one and give it to somebody else. That's kind of what I heard is going on down there. That's antidotal evidence and that was reported by somebody that was there watching but it didn't -- in other words, it didn't reduce the amount of chinook caught, it just reduced the amount of chinook that one individual could take home.

42 43

MR. SIMEONE: That's right, yeah.

44

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Is there a lot of -- I
46 know when I talk to my local friends up there, most of them
47 would rather eat sockeyes than chinook. Is there a lot of
48 effort -- I mean, is it -- I'm not talking upper
49 subsistence, I'm talking down in the Chitina State
50 subsistence. Do a lot of people go after the chinook just

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00270
   so they can say they caught a chinook or .....
3
                   MR. SIMEONE: Apparently so, that fish has
4
  become a targeted entity.
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    So they're targeting the
7
   chinook not because it's the best eating one but because
  they want to be able to say they got a chinook.
10
                   MR. SIMEONE: Well, I don't know why
11 they're targeting them but it appears that they are
12 targeting it, yes. That's changed in terms of the emphasis
13 of the fishery, yeah.
14
15
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: A lot of that's changed
16 with the addition of boats into the fishery so they can be
17 in the center of the river.
18
19
                   MR. SIMEONE: Uh-huh, yeah.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Other than that, I don't
22 have anything to ask you on it. I don't want to sound like
23 I'm a complainer or anything like that, but -- Bruce, would
24 you like to ask him a question?
25
26
                   MR. CAIN: On page 2 of your report.....
27
28
                   REPORTER: Can't hear you, Bruce, I'm
29 sorry.
30
31
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You have to come up to the
32 mike.
33
34
                   MR. CAIN: I'm looking at page 2 of your
35 report, it says, 7,941 permits issued in Glennallen
36 Subdistrict and the five year average is 991. Is that a
37 typo or is that....
38
39
                   MR. SIMEONE: No, no, that's not my report,
40 first of all.
41
42
                   MR. CAIN:
                              Oh, okay.
43
44
                   MR. SIMEONE: I'm not sure what that
45 relates to.
46
47
                   MR. CAIN:
                             It's on the State of Alaska
48 letterhead.
49
50
                   MR. TAUBE: I can answer that.
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00271
                   MR. SIMEONE: That's Tom's
1
2
3
                   MR. CAIN: Okay, never mind. I'll wait and
  do it at the right time.
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Was there a mistake or
7
  what?
8
9
                   MR. SIMEONE: No, that's Tom's report and
10 he can explain that.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, Tom?
13
                   MR. TAUBE: Yeah, the section that -- I
14
15 guess I'll introduce myself. I'm Tom Taube, I'm the area
16 fisheries biologist out of the Glennallen office
17 responsible for the Glennallen and Chitina Subdistrict
18 subsistence fisheries. The portion that Bruce is talking
19 to is under Tab J. The table on Page 2, Table 1, those
20 numbers are reversed, there's a typo there. The 1245
21 should be under the Glennallen Subdistrict and the 7941
22 should be under the Chitina Subdistrict. And actually, 23 just to update those numbers, as of last Friday, we were at
24 8,111 permits issued for the Chitina Subdistrict and 1,275
25 issued for the Glennallen Subdistrict.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, I see what you're
28 talking about, yeah. Well now, how come when it says five
29 year average, the five year average drops from 7,941 down
30 to 991?
31
32
                   MR. TAUBE: The five year average is
33 actually 8,598 for that corresponding number. Those -- the
34 1,240....
35
36
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, okay. I got it.
37
38
                   MR. TAUBE: .....those numbers need to be
39 reversed.
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Those numbers stay where
42 they belong and we raise the 1,200 to the top line.
43
44
                   MR. TAUBE:
                                That's correct.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We drop the 7,000 to the
47 bottom line and those numbers -- it's not the whole thing
48 that's....
49
50
                   MR. TAUBE: No, no. Just those individual
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00272
   numbers.
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, gotcha.
4
5
                   MR. TAUBE: And as I said, for the Chitina
   it's 8,000 or 8,100 roughly and almost 1,300 now for the
   Glennallen Subdistrict.
9
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Yeah.
10
11
                   MR. TAUBE: And as Bill reported, you know,
12 our belief is that the reduction in the Chitina Subdistrict
13 is partly due to the, you know, the fee increase and also
14 the reduction from four to one for chinook. Another,
15 probably, reasoning for that is also the low sonar numbers
16 early on. People just didn't feel it was worthwhile to
17 come up there and participate if there weren't enough fish
18 passing by. We did see -- I do have some numbers here that
19 you can add into the Table 2 for 2000 which I didn't have
20 at the time I sent this in. For 2000 in the Glennallen
21 Subdistrict, 29 percent of the permits were from the Copper
22 River Basin, 30 percent from Anchorage, 15 percent from
23 Fairbanks, 11 percent from the Mat-Su and 15 percent from
24 other communities. In the Chitina Subdistrict, 1 percent
25 from the Copper River Basin, 36 percent from Anchorage, 35
26 percent from Fairbanks and 17 percent from the Mat-Su and
27 11 percent from other communities. As you can see, our
28 actual percentage of Copper Basin participants in this has
29 dropped, you know, over 10 percent from previous years.
30 And the actual number last year, for example, we issued 408
31 permits to Copper Basin residents and this year was 360. I
32 don't know why that dropped down. There's real -- no
33 reasonable explanation for why we saw that decline.
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Can you give me the
36 percentages again on that first -- for the Glennallen?
37
38
                               Yes, it was 29 percent.....
                   MR. TAUBE:
39
                                    Twenty-nine, okay.
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
41
42
                   MR. TAUBE:
                              .....for Copper River, 30 for
43 Anchorage, 15 for Fairbanks, 11 for Mat-Su and 15 percent
44 for other communities.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So what you see is, you
47 see a drop in the Fairbanks and the Chitina Subdistrict but
48 you see them moving to the Glennallen Subdistrict.
50
                  MR. TAUBE: That's correct.
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00273 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You see an increase in the Chitina Subdistrict from Anchorage and an increase in the Glennallen Subdistrict. And the same way with the Mat-Su. So it looks like the Anchorage and Mat-Su is making more use of it than they did before. 6 7 MR. TAUBE: At least for this year, yes. Yeah. For any harvest information, we won't have that until later on this year. The reporting requirement, for 10 at least particularly the Chitina Subdistrict, had been --11 after each fishing trip you needed to turn your permit in. 12 This year that had been changed to at the end of the 13 season. So we only have about 10 percent of the permits 14 returned back. We have about 20 percent back for the 15 Glennallen Subdistricts. If we have entered that harvest 16 numbers in. Right now we're at about 17,000 fish harvested 17 by the Glennallen Subdistrict with 20 percent of the 18 permits turned in. I expect it will probably be at around 19 75,000 fish harvested by the Glennallen and I expect with 20 the Chitina Subdistrict, with our decline in participation, 21 it'll probably only be about 100,000 fish taken in there. 22 Even though you said, I heard the rumor that the fish were 23 being passed around with chinook also. Just the fact that 24 people couldn't keep four, with one we still anticipate a 25 reduced harvest of chinook in the Chitina Subdistrict. 26 27 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. Any questions 28 for him? Thank you. Bruce, do you have a question? 29 30 MR. CAIN: Now I'm just curious on a couple 31 numbers. We're looking at the Glennallen Subdistrict 32 permits. You're saying 1275 is the number that you've got 33 right now. That's a 285 increase over the average -- what 34 was it over last year? Do you..... 35 36 MR. TAUBE: Over last..... 37 The change from last year in the MR. CAIN: 39 Glennallen Subdistrict permits. 41 MR. TAUBE: Last year the 1999 numbers were 42 1,102 or 1102 so we're looking at about a 175 increase. 43 44 MR. CAIN: Okay, so there's 175 permits 45 increased and the Glennallen or the Copper Basin permits 46 went down by 32 so we're actually seeing an increase of

47 over 200 permits from outside the Copper Basin in the 48 Glennallen Subdistrict. Those mostly fish wheels or what

49 was the makeup?

50

MR. TAUBE: I don't have the exact
breakdown on that but I expect that -- well we're seeing
the increases in the dipnet permits, not the fish wheel
permits. We have seen an increase of -- particularly with
the increase of boats in there. I think what we saw were a
lot of people with boats moving up above the bridge and
just drifting up there because when we do issue Glennallen
permits, we tell people that access is limited and they're
pretty much restricted to just above the bridge. And so
there were -- you see a lot of boats coming in there. Most
of the times I was down there this season, there was
generally one or two boats drifting up above the bridge.

MR. CAIN: Okay, just an observation that I
15 made in Silver Springs where I use a fish wheel. There
16 were four fish wheels there this year and last year there
17 was only one. So there's a four-fold increase there in
18 that area. And I'm just curious as to -- and what was the -19 do you have any idea of what the total number of increase
20 in fish wheels or change in fish wheels was for this year?

MR. TAUBE: I haven't been able to work up 23 those numbers yet. Generally, our number of permits are 24 around -- fish wheel, registered fish wheels -- are around 25 120 to 150.

MR. CAIN: Okay, at least the people that 28 were running those new wheels were all from Anchorage. And 29 I guess what I'm concerned about here is what I stated 30 before, is that we're seeing a larger, maybe a shift from 31 the Chitina Subdistrict into the Glennallen Subdistrict or 32 just a general increase in the number of fish wheels being 33 used on the Copper River by non-rural residents. And I 34 think that's a lot more significant of a problem, 35 especially if you're estimating a 75,000 fish harvest in 36 the Glennallen Subdistrict. That's a lot -- that's a 37 pretty big jump especially when you consider that the rest 38 of the system had a -- at least in the Cordova area we were 39 being told it was close to a crisis situation in the run.

MR. TAUBE: We may have seen a -- actually 42 it was probably a slight decline from last year in total 43 harvest. Until I get those numbers, I can't answer that 44 specifically, what type of reduction. Last year we took 45 over 85,000 fish in the Glennallen Subdistrict. We did see 46 a reduction of about 50,000 fish in the Chitina harvest 47 this year if it ends up being 100,000. But again, I won't 48 have those numbers probably until November or December. 49 You know, there were times when the -- the Glennallen 50 Subdistrict is open by regulation June 1st and runs through

00275 September 30th. The Chitina Subdistrict was only open, by regulation, used to open between June 1st and June 11th. It was opened on the 10th of June and it was only for a 12 hour opening and then the next two or three openings were reduced until we had sonar numbers when we opened it up continuously. Okay, well I don't have any MR. CAIN: other questions. Just my big concern is the, you know, the 10 rural preference on the fish wheels. It needs to be 11 addressed or looked at and I think the numbers are 12 available to see just what's going on and I hope that the 13 Board or the Federal subsistence division, whoever that is, 14 deals with it. 15 16 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Bruce. 17 you for the information. I had thought of one more thing 18 that I was going to ask you. So basically the last two 19 years have been above the historical average for catch. 20 Above -- in the Glennallen Subdistrict but there's been, 21 looks to me like almost a 33 percent increase in permits in 22 the last two years above the -- you know, in the Glennallen 23 Subdistrict. When -- like if somebody from Anchorage puts 24 a wheel in the river, that does not necessarily mean that 25 you've got one more person using a fish wheel, does it? 26 They can put a wheel in it, use it till they catch their 27 fish, transfer that wheel to somebody else and transfer the 28 wheel to somebody else until the season is over, can't 29 they? 30 31 MR. TAUBE: That's correct, yes. 32 one registered owner of the wheel under our management.... 34 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: There's one registered 35 owner. 36 37 MR. TAUBE: .....but any unlimited number 38 of people can use that wheel. You know, as long as they 39 come to the office, get a permit and have the permission of 40 the registered owner to use that wheel. 41 42 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So one wheel from 43 Anchorage or something could increase the catch quite 44 drastically if -- is there the -- I don't know how to put 45 this but, is there the possibility that somebody from there 46 could put a wheel in and then basically lease that wheel 47 out to people from Anchorage to come up on the weekend and 48 use the wheel?

MR. TAUBE: They can t collect any money

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00276
   for the use of the wheel. That s against State
   regulations. They can have someone, you know, allow them
  to use the wheel but they, per say, couldn t lease it for
   any monetary amount.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Thank you. Any other
7
  questions for him? Okay. National Park Service -- no,
   fisheries update -- Tom, that was you right?
10
                   MR. TAUBE: And Ellen.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And Ellen now.
13 commercial fisheries update.
14
15
                   MS. SIMPSON: Yeah, my name is Ellen
16 Simpson and I work for the commercial fisheries division in
17 Anchorage. In the last couple years, in the fall, I ve been
18 giving you kind of a quick update on the commercial fishing
19 in the central region. And this year in the central region
20 it really looked like a mixed bag. Upper Cook Inlet and
21 Lower Cook Inlet, the sockeye returns came in below
22 forecast. And in Upper Cook Inlet, the harvest of 1.3
23 million was the second lowest since 1979 and garnered the
24 lowest ex-vessel value since 1975. However, we achieved
25 all our escapement goals except for one, which was Big Lake
26 or Fish Creek in Upper Cook Inlet. That is the third year
27 that for some reason, we haven t been able to achieve our
28 escapement goal there. And in Lower Cook Inlet, even
29 though the Tutka hatchery pinks came in below forecast, the
30 hatchery was able to achieve their brood stock goal.
31
32
           In Prince William Sound though, the situation was
33 somewhat different. They re having almost, you know, all
34 of their pink and chum returns were above forecast and
35 quite good. And they achieved all of their escapement
36 goals except for the northern district and I think that s
37 pretty close. For some reason the tail end of that return,
38 of those runs, just didn t materialize as expected. And
39 the sockeye escapement at Eshamy Lake fell short by about
40 10,000 fish. The sockeye catch in the Copper River
41 district was average this year and the Gulkana hatchery
42 return was below forecast. And that caused the Department
43 to re-evaluate their in-season Copper River goal past the
44 Miles Lake sonar.
45
46
           Does anyone have any questions?
47
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well could you clarify
49 that last statement that you made?
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00277
                  MS. SIMPSON: Well, near the end of the
1
  season....
3
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: About the re-evaluating
5
  the escapement goal.
6
7
                   MS. SIMPSON: The in-season goal past the
8 Miles Lake sonar. Since the Gulkana hatchery.....
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Makes up a large component
11 of that goal.
12
13
                  MS. SIMPSON: Right -- but what s
14 classified as hatchery excess.
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay.
17
18
                   MS. SIMPSON: And the hatchery excess is
19 built in the Miles Lake goal so that we don t over
20 exploit....
21
22
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Wild stock.
23
24
                   MS. SIMPSON: ....wild stocks. And since
25 the hatchery component of the return was below
26 forecast....
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, it was a smaller
29 percentage.
30
31
                  MS. SIMPSON: There was a smaller
32 percentage that were hatchery fish going past the sonar.
34
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. So that would
35 change the overall goal to smaller because you d have less
36 hatchery access.
37
38
                   MS. SIMPSON: That s exactly right.
39
40
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, that explains that
41 for me then. Any questions for Ellen? Thank you.
43
           Devi? You we been up and down like a yo-yo this
44 meeting.
45
46
                   MS. SHARP: I tried to get Hollis to go
47 first. Devi Sharp, Wrangell-St. Elias. The Wrangell-St.
48 Elias Subsistence Resource Commission will meet in Yakatat
49 November 2nd and 3rd -- everyone is invited to come to
50 rainy Yakatat. If you would like details.....
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00278
1
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s sunshiny down there.
2
3
                   MS. SHARP: It probably is. Please ask and
   we ll give you details. I would like to inform the
  Regional Advisory Council as well as the rest of the
  audience of some subsistence staff changes in the park.
  Heather Yates, our former subsistence specialist will
  continue her interest in subsistence but is currently at
  the law enforcement academy and will be a law enforcement
10 ranger with a strong emphasis on subsistence resource
11 monitoring and she will not be a stranger. She s in
12 Georgia right now. To fill that void, we re going to hire
13 a cultural anthropologist/subsistence specialist.
14 anybody has any likely candidates, I d love to hear about
15 it. I anticipate moving on this pretty quickly and keeping
16 the position -- the announcement open for at least a month
17 if not more to allow for good recruitment.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And you re looking for
20 local hire, if possible?
21
22
                  MS. SHARP:
                               What s that?
23
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: You re looking for local
24
25 hire, if possible?
26
27
                   MS. SHARP:
                              Local hire would be great.
28 Someone who knows subsistence and has the roots and
29 grounding in Alaskan subsistence would be wonderful.
30 That s my goal.
31
32
           Qualified Federal subsistence users for Wrangell-
33 St. Elias can now hunt migratory birds, ducks, in
34 accordance with the State season and bag limits. That s a
35 request to change a regulation that the Wrangell-St. Elias
36 SRC has been tracking for -- proposed several years ago --
37 has been tracking or quite a while and finally made it
38 through the various layers of the solicitor s office and
39 has been decided that it s appropriate for the park to
40 grant that subsistence activity.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Now, question.
43
44
                   MS. SHARP:
                               Yeah.
45
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                    Has that always been
47 available in the park preserve?
48
                  MS. SHARP: Has it always been available in
50 the preserve?
```

00279 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: In the park -- national park preserve. Duck hunting has always been..... 3 4 MS. SHARP: In the preserve. 5 6 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s been okay. Now it s 7 in the -- what your talking when you say the park, you mean the hard park? 10 MS. SHARP: Right. That s.... 11 12 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. 13 14 MS. SHARP: My legal counsel's -- okay, we 15 do have some concerns about this because it introduces a 16 new activity into the park. And park staff have some 17 concerns about, for example, a lake that s right on the 18 road in the hard park that people in the fall very often go 19 to to watch ducks. So we need to monitor the interaction 20 between hunter and other visitors. And we also are 21 concerned about increased use on ATV trails. It s a -- we 22 don t need the increased use. So it s something that we 23 clearly have to watch and make some sort of monitoring plan 24 and schedule to understand how it s effecting park 25 resources and park visitors. 26 27 Due to a hunting regulation change last -- passed 28 by the board last May, the Federal Subsistence Board 29 decided that all Federal subsistence moose hunting in 30 Wrangell-St. Elias, includes Unit 11, 12 and that little 31 portion of 13(C), need to get a Federal registration 32 permit. And quite honestly, it pretty much shocked us that 33 all of a sudden we had an additional 200 permits to give 34 out. And we were concerned about the impacts on 35 subsistence users. And not having - well, we finished up 36 the year but not having looked at all the results, all in 37 all I d say I m pretty happy doing the extra work. And it 38 has been a lot of extra work for the park staff but it has 39 enabled us to understand who s using the park, where 40 they re being successful and we ve weeded out a few people 41 who probably would have slipped through otherwise. And we 42 recognized that we needed to go out to Kennicott and 43 McCarthy and some of the other villages where people may 44 even -- the ones on the road may not get out very much. 45 46 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Don t even know that they 47 need a permit. 48

50 you know, we try to talk it up. So we recognize we need to

MS. SHARP: And we put it on the radio and,

00280 do a better idea so we can accommodate our subsistence users and keep them within the regulations. That s our 3 goal. CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now when you say inside the park, is that inside the park boundaries on State land and private land and Federal land or is that inside the park boundaries on Federal land? 10 MS. SHARP: Inside the park and preserve 11 for Federal regulations. Now when you go into the next 12 layer in, you know, private land -- in there, I don t know. 13 State? Yeah, and if it s selected it s considered public 14 and if it s conveyed, you shouldn t be there. 15 16 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. 17 18 MS. SHARP: The Wrangell-St. Elias 19 Subsistence Resource Commission has been working through 20 the addition of five villages -- five communities into our 21 resident zoned communities and we have made the next step. 22 It s been a long, painful process. The proposed 23 regulations have made it out of the Washington office. 24 regional director will be signing them or has signed it 25 this week. Then it goes into the Federal register for a 60 26 day comment period and if there s no significant comments, 27 no need to change the regulations, then it goes back into 28 the regulations as the final. So the first round is 29 proposed rule, the second round it s final rule. Which is 30 actually a great improvement over the last report. 31 32 And finally, we have been successful in formalizing 33 one government to government relationship with the native 34 villages and we have a formal government to government 35 relationship with the village of Chistochina. And that 36 only gives us 11 more to go. And I d like Eric to come up 37 and talk about fisheries in the park. 38 39 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you. 40 41 MS. SHARP: Any questions? 42 43 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any questions for Devi?

MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Yeah. You got that 46 subsistence/anthropologist -- it s a new position for you 47 guys and what would, mostly, the job consist of because I 48 want to follow with a question?

44 45

50

MS. SHARP: The job would consist of

managing the Wrangell-St. Elias subsistence program. So in a few years, you won t see me. That person would be doing some of the C&T issues that we ve talked about today.

Particularly important are the fisheries issues because we have the opportunity to do proper C&T now and keep ahead of the curve. I personally would like to see us take one village and do all species and figure out what each village and community used and where they used it. And when they used it. And get the who, what, when, where -- all that done for each community by community so that we re not constantly having to go back and, you know, piecemeal the 12 C&T. That s my goal but we have a lot of communities. But we could start.

14

15 MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I like that answer 16 because what I brought up is we ve been throwing on C&T 17 like something that has no meaning, you know, and I kind of 18 would -- for C&T, you know, put something real solid on it. 19 That we just don t go down the road and say, hey, from Tok 20 to Canadian Highway, they all got C&T without even knowing 21 who s there, what s there. You know, there might be a 22 whole big village of people from Ukraine over there or some 23 other, you know, that we don t even know. And here we 24 throw C&T around like it s a, you know, it s a loose word 25 or something. It s not. For a native person, customary 26 means something way deep inside. When somebody kills a 27 moose in this village and they bring back the stomach or 28 the moose head and everything, the whole village is happy 29 for that person and we all gather around and celebrate. 30 me, that has a deeper meaning than just throwing the word 31 around. That s why I like to really know.

32 33

MS. SHARP: Well, I think it s really appropriate for us to have our subsistence specialist be in the cultural leg because I look at subsistence from an administrative point of view as having three legs. One is natural — the natural resource; one is the cultural resource and the other is regulatory. And I think with the existing park staff, we do well with the regulatory. We do well with the natural but we could do a lot better in the cultural. So I m pretty hopeful that this will help us move forward.

43 44

MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Thank you.

45 46

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Thank you, Devi.

47

MR. VEACH: Mr. Chairman, Eric Veach from 49 Wrangell-St. Elias National Park. I just want to give you 50 just a real brief update on some of our ongoing projects

and proposed projects. As I discussed earlier today, we did operate a weir and not very successfully this year. did actually have the weir installed in Tanada Creek from June 7th through June 10th. And June 10th, due to high flows, it was washed out and we were unable to reinstall And as of July 18th, we made the decision to stop attempting to reinstall it. That decision was based on the fact that in one of the years past when it had been operated by July 18th, the entire run had passed beyond 10 that point -- by July 18th. So we just didn t feel that 11 our information would be that good even if we did get the 12 weir in at that point. The flow stayed high all summer, I 13 think that was a good decision that we made.

14 15

One thing that we did accomplish and manage to keep 16 are three local hires. All individuals hired from Slana, 17 employed for the rest of the summer working on fisheries 18 work. One of the things that they probably spent most of 19 their time on was designing a better weir for next year. 20 We re working on a sort of a floating weir which we re 21 hoping will be a little more versatile design for that 22 site. We d like to continue to work at that site, it seems 23 to be a pretty good sign.

24 25

Another proposal that we ve submitted for potential 26 funding for 2001, I mentioned earlier, it s a cooperative 27 project between the park and CRNA to try and evaluate 28 harvest that would occur outside the June 1st to the 29 September 30th season on the Copper River if Proposal 16 is 30 adopted by the Federal Board. And I won t go in any more 31 depth on that. I went over it yesterday. One point I did 32 want to make though, I got a lot of good advice about that 33 proposal after the session yesterday and if there are 34 several wheels operating on the Copper River, we 11 try and 35 sample a little bit larger pool so that we have valid 36 numbers there.

37

38 I also cover the subsistence fisheries for the 39 Glacier Bay preserve and I ve been working with several 40 groups down there on four different proposals addressing 41 the East Alsek River which flows into Dry Bay. We ve been 42 working with the Yakatat Tlingit tribe, the Yakatat Quaan 43 (ph), the city and borough of Yakatat and the Dry Bay 44 Setnetter s Association. If you re not aware, there s been 45 quite a decline in the fisheries in the East Alsek over the 46 last probably four to seven years. One of theories for the 47 cause of that decline is there s been a real increase in 48 the aquatic submerged vegetation in the stream. So one of 49 the proposals that we re putting forward is a TEK proposal 50 which I think is just fascinating. Traditionally there has

been some habitat management performed in these streams where tribal members would actually use long poles to stir and clean the gravels and keep the vegetation kind of under control. And this proposal would just attempt to document that, which I find really fascinating.

6

A second proposal would be to install a staff gage and collect some flow and water quality information in the East Alsek to see if there s maybe been some changes in the 10 ground water over time. The third proposal would be to 11 pull together and just analyze existing information that we 12 have as far as harvest information, look at similar sockeye 13 runs in other drainages near by, see what the changes in 14 their populations have been. Look at ocean productivity, 15 look at precipitation -- just any information we can get 16 our hands on now to see if we can help kind of just narrow 17 down the question a little bit as to what s been going on 18 with that stock. And then the fourth proposal is a stock 19 assessment proposal which would involve operating an adult 20 weir and also a smolt weir and then performing red counts 21 in the stream. And then we also just want to kind of track 22 and see what happens with those reds. We would actually 23 monitor those reds throughout the summer and see if other 24 species are superimposing reds on top of them because they 25 want to avoid spawning where the aquatic vegetation is 26 pretty dense.

27

28 One other project we re going to be working on over 29 the next three years here that s not directly related to 30 subsistence but that I think will still be real valuable to 31 us as subsistence managers is a inventory project across, 32 actually our network of parks. So that 11 be the Wrangell-33 St. Elias National Park, Denali National Park and Yukon-34 Charley Rivers Preserve. Just to inventory fresh water 35 fish species. Right now we have pretty good information on 36 our anadromous stocks, stocks that are certainly considered 37 game fish. But beyond that, we know very little 38 information about what fish species we have out there. So 39 this will be an attempt to inventory and figure out what 40 fish species we have and then also gather some relative 41 abundance and distribution information about those species 42 throughout those parks.

43 44

That s all I ve got for you. Does anyone have any 45 questions?

46

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I don t have any questions 48 but I have a comment that it might be worth your while to --49 in the early '60s, mid-'60s, I know that the Fish and Game 50 did a lot of test net fishing up in the Chitina Valley and,

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00284
  you know, longnose suckers and burbot and all that kind of
          And it d be interesting to get a hold of that
  information for a baseline, see what s changed and what
  hasn t changed, you know. Because I can remember they had
  the multiple size mesh nets that they were putting in the
  lakes and putting under the ice to check the fish stocks
  and various and sundry sort of lakes out there.
                   MR. VEACH:
                               I appreciate that, we ll pursue
10 that information.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I m not sure -- maybe Tom
13 would know where you could go find that information.
14
15
                   MR. TAUBE: We ve already discussed it.
16
17
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, you already.....
18
                   MR. TAUBE: Yeah.
19
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Okay, then I ll shut my
22 mouth. Okay, any other questions for him? Thank you.
23 Forest Service?
24
25
                   UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible --
26 away from microphone).
27
28
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
                                   Oh, he s not on the list
29 but I ll call him up. Sorry Forest Service, we ve got the
               I already gave you one more Devi, you were
30 other park.
31 only listed as one.
32
33
                  MS. SHARP: That s okay, we really
34 appreciated hearing Denali called the other park.
35
36
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, it is the other
37 park.
38
39
                   MR. TWITCHELL: Thank you Chair and
40 Council. I m Hollis Twitchell with Denali National Park.
41 I have just a couple of items I wanted to talk to you, only
42 one of them requires an action on your part.
                                                That one is
43 regarding an appointment to Denali Subsistence Resource
44 Commission by this Council. And in your notebook on
45 Section J, the second page of that you ll find a letter
46 from the Denali Subsistence Resource Commission. And that
47 letter is bringing to the attention their appreciation of
48 Vernon Carlson and his contributions to the commission over
49 the last three years and suggesting to you that you would
50 consider him for reappointment to the Denali Subsistence
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23 24

29 30

32 33

Resource Commission. Of course appointments to the Denali -to any subsistence resource commission by Councils, the individual needs to be a subsistence user of that area and also needs to serve on a local Fish and Game Advisory Committee. So those are the two criterias that are in place for appointees.

The situation in the Denali area was that the Denali State Fish and Game Advisory Committee resigned at 10 their meeting this last winter. So right now the status of 11 that committee, the State s Fish and Game Advisory 12 Committee is uncertain as to whether it will be reorganized 13 and whether or not Vern will be reappointed to that. 14 requirement doesn t limit the individuals just to be 15 members on State Fish and Game Advisory Committees. 16 there are other committees -- Fish and Game Advisory 17 Committees, either through a tribal council or a native 18 association, then that certainly would put them in standing 19 as well. So that s something to consider. And I guess I 20 would open it to Gilbert, he had made some contact and he 21 had some clarification on Vernon s role and position within 22 the community.

MR. DEMENTI: Yeah, I got in contact with 25 Veronica Nicholas, she the president of the Cantwell 26 Village Council and she said Vernon is an alternate for the 27 Cantwell Village Council with CRNA and Ahtna. So he is on 28 a council. I mean he is on an alternate for an advisory.

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And that s for advisory 31 for Fish and Game questions?

MR. DEMENTI: Yes, same as Gloria.

34 35 MR. TWITCHELL: Vernon is also a member of 36 the Cantwell tribe and is a very active member in the 37 community. He has been one of the leading contributors, is 38 very interested in resources and use of the area and has 39 contributed in a significant way over the last three years. 40 So from the Park Service standpoint, he brings a lot of 41 information forth and has been very effective. One of the 42 reasons the SRC is particularly interested in the Cantwell 43 area is because that s where a large percentage of our 44 subsistence users reside, in that particular community. 45 And because of that and the various issues that are facing 46 use in that area, the commission has in the past requested 47 that two people from the Cantwell area, through the 48 Southcentral Regional Advisory Council, would be appointed 49 to the Denali Subsistence Resource Commission. So there s 50 a very high level of cognizance upon the commission,

00286 realizing that the Cantwell area has a lot of issues that they had to deal with and that was the reasoning why they were looking for two representatives from that community. Of course, the other member you know well is Gilbert who also sits on the commission. 7 I don t know if you want to deal with that particular appointment now or would you like me to 9 continue. 10 11 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s the next thing on 12 our agenda after the staff reports. 13 14 MR. TWITCHELL: Oh, okay. 15 16 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We ll probably deal with 17 it then and if we need you we ll call you up for questions 18 on it at that point in time. 19 20 MR. TWITCHELL: Okay. 21 22 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do you have anything more 23 on how the moose hunting in Kantishna and the conflict in 24 the park and stuff like that? How s it going this year? 25 26 MR. TWITCHELL: That seems to have worked 27 itself out pretty well. We only get about three to four 28 people traveling through the old Mt. McKinley Park to 29 Kantishna. And they come through the entrance area and get 30 an access through the park road quarter out to Kantishna. 31 We have a temporary restriction on the discharging of 32 firearms for that first half of the moose season, September 33 1st to September 15th. And that applies only to one mile 34 either side of the road to the Kantishna airstrip. That s 35 not a subsistence closure, it s simply a firearms discharge 36 closure. So certainly harvest by bow and arrow, for 37 instance, in that earlier period would certainly be..... 38 39 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Or they could walk a mile 40 off. 41 42 MR. TWITCHELL: Or they could walk a mile 43 off from that Kantishna road and hunt with a rifle beyond 44 that location. And it seems to be working fine so there 45 hasn t been any difficulties anyhow that I m aware of. 46 47 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Do you have any 48 restrictions on when they drive back out? Can they have

49 their moose rack proudly displayed for all park visitors to

50 see?

43 44

MR. TWITCHELL: Well, we usually request them not to lay it across the front of their hood, but for the most part that hasn t been an issue. The biggest concern was when I was asked several years ago whether they should put their moose through the front of the door or on the rear of the door if they were riding the bus out to Kantishna. That one was a hard one. So we would prefer that they carry it in their own vehicle out of the area.

10 I just have a couple of other items just to mention 11 to you that Denali is a joint partner with Gates of the 12 Arctic and Yukon-Charley for sharing a fisheries biologist 13 representing those three areas. And we were able to bring 14 on an individual named Fred Anderson, he has a pretty 15 extensive career track and history in Alaska, all on the 16 Yukon River drainage. So we re very happy to enjoy his 17 expertise and his skill working with the communities and 18 the users along that drainage. So Fred is on board with us 19 now. Most of our fisheries resources and work occurs on 20 the north side of the range. And we have several projects 21 going this year through the fisheries program. We have a 22 recapture wheel operating on the Kantishna River, just 23 outside of our boundaries. Part of a joint project with 24 the state ComFish division where they re looking at chum 25 salmon on the Kantishna River drainage where they have a 26 capture wheel down at the confluence of the Kantishna and 27 Tanana Rivers.

And then the state operates two recapture wheels up 30 on the Toklat and then we re operating for them one on the 31 Kantishna. So those three recapture wheels are looking to 32 monitor fish that have been marked with floy tags from the 33 lower wheel to determine abundance and timing of run in 34 that information. So it s part of a two year project and 35 this is the first year for it. The second fisheries 36 project involves aerial surveys of tributaries primarily on 37 the north side of the Alaska Range, looking for abundance, 38 absence and where salmon are spawning and a relative counts 39 and indexing of what we re seeing there in those waters. 40 So we flew in midsummer for the king salmon and now we re 41 starting up next week, in the first week in October to do 42 the fall chum overflights.

There s a couple of other projects that are just 45 nearing completion and I mentioned these to you at your 46 last meeting in Kenai. We re expecting to very shortly see 47 the final report for ethnographical review and assessment 48 that s going on. As Bill Simeone mentioned, we re starting 49 looking at community profile updating in the Denali area to 50 try to get a fuller and more accurate representation of the

long history of the community s uses rather than shorter time periods and blocks which often are used when they ll look at a community -- an area. And we also just have completed our native place name mapping project as well. So those cultural and subsistence studies, I think, will be very beneficial and useful for us. The Denali Subsistence Resource Commission is concerned that we as a park service are not doing quite enough to get information out to the public about cultural native peoples associated with Denali and subsistence use.

11

They we recommended that we produce a brochure -- a subsistence brochure that s targeted towards the audience of our visitors coming into the area so they have a better understanding of local peoples and their use and subsistence needs. And the first prototype of that was presented to the commission, their meeting in August, and we re hoping to get that out sometime this year as well. The other part of their meeting in August dealt with finalizing their subsistence management plan and they responded to the comments that were received during the comment period. So that plan is now complete with their revisions that they we made. And of course that s updated annually and so it s an ongoing living document that they re very, very much involved with.

26

27 And the last issue to mention was a significant 28 amount of that meeting was discussing a wolf buffer zone 29 issue associated with Denali. Where a proposal was made to 30 the Alaska Board of Game last year to create a buffer zone 31 outside of Denali for viewable wildlife where no state 32 hunting and trapping would be allowed. The state tabled 33 that motion and established a committee to look at the 34 issue. There was an individual who came forward and the 35 Alaska Wildlife Alliance at the meeting, asking for a 36 voluntary compliance by the Denali subsistence users not to 37 harvest within Denali National Park areas, wolf on that 38 north side, north-northeast sector. And after extensive 39 debate and presentation by biologists and others, the 40 Denali Commission passed a motion which states the Denali 41 Subsistence Resource Commission does not support the buffer 42 zone proposal for lands outside of Denali National Park nor 43 their request for subsistence buffer zones inside Denali 44 National Park east of the Toklat River and the east park 45 boundary.

46

And that was based on the biological information 48 presented to them at the meeting and also harvest 49 information and records in terms of subsistence users take. 50 So they we taken a position on that. They don't feel that there is a biological threat to the wolf population in the Denali area and that the subsistence, actual harvest take, is very, very small. They are concerned about the wolf population but their concerns are threats that are imposed to wildlife populations including wolf from proposed new roads, new railroads, possible developments and the urbanization that tends to be occurring on that eastern park highway guarter.

That s all I had to present to you and if you have 11 any questions, I ll try to answer them.

12 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So their position was not 13 to support the buffer zone or limit subsistence take wolves 14 in the park.

15 16

MR. TWITCHELL: That s correct. They
17 cautioned in their recommendations for action outside of
18 the park areas since it s not their role directly to advise
19 the Board of Game particularly in terms of projects and
20 management outside of the boundaries. But based on the
21 information that was presented to them, they didn t believe
22 that they could support that proposal.

23 24

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, now the Forest Service. You can tell it s the Forest Service by the 26 (indiscernible - rubbed against microphone)

2728

MR. ZEMKE: No, these aren t a box of 29 pastries unfortunately. Good afternoon Mr. Chairman and 30 Council members. My name is Steve Zemke. I m the 31 subsistence coordinator for the Chugach National Forest in 32 the supervisor s office. I d also like to recognize Cal 33 Baker sitting over here in the corner. He s our Cordova 34 ranger district -- district ranger and also he s the in-35 season manager for Prince William Sound and the Cook Inlet 36 area. What I ve got --handed out this package of material 37 today -- is basically three different items. One -- and 38 we ve been here a couple times before mentioning our forest 39 plan, it is currently now in a draft environmental impact 40 statement with a preferred draft alternative. It was 41 released September 15th and there s going to be a formal 90 42 day comment period with comments in by December 15th. 43 then after that we would be looking at analyzing all the 44 comments, taking those comments and additional analysis and 45 coming through with a recommendation to a regional forester 46 for a final decision on a preferred alternative and forest 47 plan. And that would signed -- a decision actually by our 48 regional forester in the regional office, that would be 49 Rick Cables in Juneau.

And what we have here, the kind of buffy colored package, that s an executive summary of the draft environmental -- actually, the draft environmental impact statement but primarily the forest alternatives. There were six action alternatives and then there was a preferred alternative developed by a forest supervisor along with what we call the no action alternative which was the alternative that was based off our 1984 environmental impact statement which is a current forest plan direction. 10 Also included in that package is the new -- to try to cut 11 down paperwork, we ve included a CD and within that CD is 12 basically this 15 pound box. That s the full hard copy of 13 the forest plan, the draft environmental impact statement, 14 the appendices and the maps. So all that s contained 15 within this compact disk which can be run on any kind of 16 Windows, like 3.0 platform. Most all PCS are Windows so 17 you should be able to look at that. If you can t, there s -well, when you first open it up there s instructions on it 19 and if you have trouble, who to contact within the 20 supervisor s office. We ve brought several copies of the 21 full forest EIS and forest plan and if anybody really wants 22 one of the those, they can have it. I would advise you 23 probably don t unless you have a real specific need. Not 24 many people want to read 1,000 pages of something like 25 that.

27 The other two items I have here is what we call our 28 schedule of proposed actions and that s all kind of 29 upcoming projects on the forest, primarily focused on the 30 ranger districts. And those would include things like fish 31 habitat enhancement projects such as large woody debris 32 placement in streams within Montague Island where logging 33 back in the early 70's may have logged right to the stream 34 channel and now there s a lack of large woody debris. 35 we d be proposing to put some material in and the analysis 36 of that would be -- they would done with it and also 37 environmental analysis. And there s a -- within this 38 package then is a listing of those projects, kind of a 39 schedule of when the environmental assessments are going to 40 done and then kind of a lead person for that within the 41 Forest Service with their name and number. So if there s 42 any interesting projects that you -- that Council members 43 would be interested in, there s a direct number who they 44 can talk to with the expert on that project. 45

The final piece of paper is another big
47 spreadsheet. If you look at -- it s 11 pages and it s the
48 current fiscal year 2001 list of subsistence management
49 projects. And unlike the Department of Interior, the
50 Forest Service agent is within the Department of

Agriculture so we run things a little bit different. You know, different bureaucracies and since we re in a completely different agency within the Federal government, we kind of run a little bit different. One of the major things we would look at is we re trying to run an integrated program where fish and wildlife and then what we call special forest projects are included all within the subsistence management program. So what we have here is a listing of -- there s 33 different projects, first couple 10 of them are basically administrative overhead type and then 11 the other 31 are projects. Including in that are ones that 12 were previously listed such as the Coghill weir that was a 13 fiscal year 2000 project that was run through the 14 Southcentral Regional Advisory Council, it was on the 15 Federal Board it s approved and it s an ongoing project. 16 But it s also listed in this as an ongoing project for 17 fiscal year 2001. So in the time we have, we probably 18 don t have a significant amount of time to be able to look 19 at all 33. I don t know, we ll probably just take a look 20 at that, if there s anything of major interest, I d be able 21 to answer some of those questions. 22

23 On our forest plan, also on the back wall, I 24 basically have a draft preferred alternative map. It s got 25 a whole bunch of -- a series of colors but if anybody is 26 familiar with the Chugach National Forest area, the are to 27 the left -- kind of that buffy brown color -- that s the 28 Kenai Peninsula. There s a spruce bark beetle infestation 29 problem area and probably the major emphasis on that area 30 under the draft preferred alternative is for forest 31 restoration as well as protection of fish and wildlife 32 habitats. Probably another thing I should mention is that 33 subsistence uses and activities are maintained on all 34 portions of the Chugach National Forest, irregardless of 35 the management prescription or allocation for that area is. 36 So things like subsistence hunting and fishing are allowed 37 on every acre on the forest so there s no problem that way. 38 The other one is access for subsistence uses, are also 39 quaranteed on all acres. And those are kind of the two big 40 questions we had on subsistence for the forest. One, are 41 the uses protected and two are the access to those 42 resources also maintained. And the questions (sic) on both 43 of those were yes.

44

Kind of finally, the disposition of fish and 46 wildlife habitats looking at the alternatives. Primarily 47 they re either restoration or enhancement activities or 48 maintenance. And through the draft environmental analysis 49 it basically maintained that there is no significant impact 50 to fish and wildlife populations on the forest and so

subsistence uses for those species used by subsistence users are also maintained. So I guess the short answer there is subsistence resources and uses are maintained with the draft preferred alternative. The alternative was developed through a community based process and I think that s helped in making sure that subsistence uses have been protected. Our forest supervisor has met with the -- examples, met with most of the communities, he s met with the presidents of the village councils for Tatitlek and Chenega Bay and the Kenaitze Indian tribe made several attempts for the native village of Eyak and haven t been real successful there though. Our district ranger has also visited with the native village of Eyak also. So there s been a collaborative effort to be able to develop -- come to this preferred alternative process.

16

17 Kind of a final step in that is what -- we re 18 going through a process we call subsistence risk analysis 19 and that we had a meeting this week with some subsistence 20 users in the area to specifically show them the preferred 21 alternative and we ve taken a look at our subsistence use 22 area maps which came from the state community profile 23 database mapping efforts for the rural communities out in 24 Prince William Sound and Kenai Peninsula and Copper River 25 area. And what we ve gone through is develop some what 26 we re going to call hot spots where we think that, is there 27 a concern? Have we made an adequate analysis of the risk? 28 And then we re going to go back to the rural communities 29 again between now and December 15th and to discuss those 30 hot spots just to make sure that we have addressed all the 31 subsistence issues.

32

Probably the final thing I d like to say is that, if you looked at the staff analysis you d see the Forest Service serves nine positions and currently none of them have been filled. I ve been recently hired into one of those positions for -- of nine -- the Forest Service. And we have currently developing outreach employment flyers for four other positions on the forest. And just like everybody else, if you have any available candidates that you think would be interested in one of those positions, you can contact us at the supervisor s office, it would be helpful.

44 45

I know this is quite a bit of material and lots of 46 paperwork to be able to look at in a short period of time. 47 If there s any questions or if you d like more 48 clarification, I d be glad to answer those.

49 50

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I have two real quick

ones. SS here means spruce bark beetle, right? 3 MR. ZEMKE: Yes. One of the things on the Kenai Peninsula if you looked it up in the map there, there s some dark colors on the Kenai Peninsula, if those all familiar, those are on the far left, kind of middle of the map. And that one real dark linear line, that s the road corridor going from around Girdwood/Anchorage down to Seward. And then the one kind of dark spot on kind of the 10 northwestern corner, that s the area around communities of 11 Hope and Sunrise. And one of the major issues there was 12 the impact of the spruce bark beetle on the spruce forests 13 in the area. And then also the potential to develop some 14 small, kind of user based industries -- small logging 15 operations, thinning operations. That s where most of our 16 campgrounds -- probably safety hazards are also. And so 17 there was an emphasis on putting forest restoration 18 activities within those areas. And so that s why those 19 have been designated that way. 20 21 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: When you say no action, 22 that s basically the way it is now. 23 24 MR. ZEMKE: Yeah, even though that doesn t 25 mean we re not doing anything, it means that we re not 26 changing the action. 27 28 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: No, but then that's 29 basically the same categories as things are in at this 30 current time. 31 32 MR. ZEMKE: That s correct, Mr. Chairman. 33 34 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And that puts 50 percent 35 in category one and two where the preferred action puts 96 36 percent in categories one and two. 37 38 MR. ZEMKE: Yes. 39 40 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s guite a major 41 change, isn t it? 42 43 The previous forest plan put --MR. ZEMKE: 44 the philosophy there was basically to allow uses to occur 45 if there was a need identified or an issue identified. And 46 all forest plans, they don t really recommend that they re 47 actually going to implement an action, they re just -- a 48 zoning document would allow activities. And so a large 49 amounts of those areas were in category three which would 50 allow for road building and forest harvest development

activities. And looking at the issue statements where people came in, there was a lot of those areas that didn t make sense that there would be road building or forest harvest or other developmental activities. And so rather than putting them in an allowable category, we put them in a lower category -- category one or we call category two kind of low intensive use categories. And much of that was on the basis of working with the local communities and users to see what they had in mind -- what they would desire. The area around Copper River Delta, there was several different community based alternatives and the preferred alternative is essentially an amalgam of those community developed alternatives.

14 15

15 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: In another place does it 16 tell us who or what groups or whatever it is came up with 17 the different -- like Alternative A, Alternative B, 18 Alternative C. Were these basically -- like Alternative D --19 were these basically put forward by different interest 20 groups or were they....

21

22 MR. ZEMKE: There isn t anywhere in the 23 forest plan or draft EIS that really talks about that. 24 You d have to go back into the planning record but a year 25 and a quarter ago we took the 33, I think it was, community 26 based alternatives and had a big meeting where we invited 27 representatives from each one of those alternatives to come 28 in, sit down with our interdisciplinary team and actually 29 come together to try to create a reasonable -- manageable I 30 should say, not reasonable -- set of alternatives that we 31 could actually bring through the process. And so, no there 32 isn t a direct track, something like maybe Copper -- or 33 maybe one of the Cordova alternatives. It may have 34 actually been put into two different alternatives based on 35 the theme of that alternative. But that was done in an 36 open process with inviting the representatives or 37 proponents of that individual alternative to come in and 38 work directly with the team and other publics to come up 39 with those alternatives.

40 41

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Because I notice there s 42 quite a spread for what categories the land gets put in 43 from Alternative A to Alternative D.

44 45

45 MR. ZEMKE: One of the ideas is that we 46 need to have a full range of alternatives and so if indeed 47 the publics hadn t come together and presented that range, 48 we probably would have been forced to.....

49 50

CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Forced to make that range.

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00295
                   MR. ZEMKE: .....make that range but the
  public did that themselves and so we were fortunate.
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well that s what I was
   just wondering, whether that basically represents different
   segments of the public?
8
                   MR. ZEMKE: Various interest groups and
9
  constituencies and, yes.
10
11
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Any other questions for
12 him? I thank you.
13
14
                               Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
                   MR. ZEMKE:
15
16
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now I think that ends our
17 agency reports. I ll have to get back to my agenda but I m
18 pretty sure that ends our agency reports. Is there an
19 agency out there I ve missed? I see somebody sitting in a
20 chair over there that s got a smile. Do they have
21 something to report? We definitely don t want to cut off
22 any of the agencies. There wouldn t be anybody left in the
23 room. Okay, now where am I -- here s the agenda.
24
          Okay Council, as was brought to our attention in
26 this point in time, we need to decide whether we re going
27 to appoint someone to the Denali Subsistence Resource....
28
29
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Take a five minute
30 break?
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s sound good. Well,
33 how about a ten minute break, that 11 give everybody time
34 to stretch. You got to work twice as hard when you come
35 back then, Fred.
36
37
           (Off record)
38
39
           (On record)
40
41
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, we ll call this
42 meeting back to order. The next item on the agenda is the
43 appointment to Denali Subsistence Resource Commission. We
44 had Vern Carlson there before. It s been recommended that
45 we reappoint him -- not recommended but he s had a good
46 report on his work on that commission. Do we want to make
47 a motion to reappoint him?
48
49
                  MR. DEMENTI: So moved.
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00296
1
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s been moved by
2
  Gilbert.
3
4
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I second.
5
6
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And seconded by Fred. Any
7
  discussion?
9
                  MR. DEMENTI: I guess we heard all his
10 qualifications -- he s been on that for a while. He knows
11 the area.
12
13
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I thought that was a very
14 good report given to us by Hollis on him and if there is no
15 further discussion we can call the question.
16
17
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Question.
18
19
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Question s been called.
20 All in favor of appointing Vern Carlson -- or is it Vernon
21 Carlson?
22
23
                   MR. DEMENTI: Vernon Carlson.
24
25
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Vernon Carlson. Signify
26 by saying aye.
27
28
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: All opposed signify by
31 saying nay.
32
33
           (No opposing responses)
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Motion carries.
35
36
37
           The next tab on our business in any new business
38 and since we ve got everybody s mouth full of M&Ms, they
39 probably can t tell us any. Any new business? Any new
40 business from any members of the Council? Anything that we
41 feel needs to brought up? We ll open it to the floor. Is
42 there any new business from the floor that the floor thinks
43 that we should be aware of as a Council?
44
           Hearing none, we ll go on to the next item on the
45
46 agenda which if you d turn to Tab K you ll find a calendar.
47 And we need to decide when and where our next meeting will
48 be.
49
50
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: When s the Fur
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00297
  Rondevous?
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I don t know. Fairbanks,
4
  huh?
5
6
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: No, Anchorage.
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh.
                                         The calendar has a
  window from February 19th through March 23rd. I don t
10 know, do you have any -- you have no other conflicting
11 councils scheduled yet because this is your first council,
12 isn t it?
13
14
                   MS. WILKINSON: No. North Slope Council
15 met and they set their next meeting for February 20th and
16 21st.
17
18
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, so they re February
19 20th and 21st so that s out for us.
20
21
                   MS. WILKINSON: Also, Mr. Chairman, we
22 would like for you to reconsider -- excuse me, I m thinking
23 of the other thing -- to consider holding the next meeting
24 later in March.
25
26
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I was going to bring that
27 up. It was brought to my attention that with the Board
28 having to act on the Kenai thing, the later that we can
29 have our meeting the more time staff would have to prepare
30 anything that would come out of that meeting for us that
31 we d have to attend to. So if we can take our meeting
32 towards the end of March or towards the end of the window,
33 it would be better for the staff.
34
35
                   MR. ELVSAAS: When does the Board meet?
36
37
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The Board meets in
38 February but the staff is going to have to prepare
39 proposals and things that we might have to deal with
40 because of whatever action the Board makes -- if the Board
41 makes any action. If the Board doesn t make any action,
42 there s no problem. Easter is in April so it s not
43 conflicting with Easter. March 17th is St. Patrick s day
44 so it s probably a good time not to be in Anchorage.
45
46
                   MR. ELVSAAS: All us Irishmen. How would
47 the 19th, a Monday -- we re getting it as close to the end
48 as possible.
49
50
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: We have to plan for a two
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00298 day meeting probably, I would think. 3 MS. WILKINSON: I would think two days 4 would be the minimum anyway. 6 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Two days should be 7 sufficient for what we ve got on our agenda in this point in time, although we re going to have to discuss the -we re going to have two meetings in January. We re going 10 to have to go down to the Kenai for the one and then we re 11 going to have that fisheries five day one in Anchorage. 12 there s two meetings in January. I don t think there s 13 anything else scheduled for February or March so at this 14 point in time I quess I ll have to go to the Board meeting 15 in February. And when are they talking about having a 16 chair meeting? Or have they done any..... 17 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Is that.... 19 20 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Tim, have they done any 21 work as to when the chair meeting will be? 22 23 MR. JENNINGS: Mr. Chair, are you referring 24 to the chair s meeting in advance of the Board meeting 25 in.... 26 27 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s right. That s what 28 I m referring..... 29 30 MR. JENNINGS: .....May or the one in 31 December. There s a Board meeting in December, the week of 32 December 4th where the Board will take final action on the 33 current fisheries proposals on a statewide basis with the 34 exception, as we mentioned, of Proposal 13 and 33 because 35 of the Kenai issue. So there s a chair s meeting at the 36 beginning of that week. 37 38 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, that s in December. 39 40 MR. JENNINGS: And that s in December and 41 then there s the Board meeting in May when they will take 42 final action on the wildlife proposals. There 11 be a 43 chair s meeting at the beginning of that week and that s 44 typically the first week of May. I don t have the exact 45 dates in front of me. 46 47 CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. 48 MR. JENNINGS: And I believe one other 50 thing to consider is Terry Haynes has mentioned to me that

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00299
  he believes there is a Board of Game meeting in the March
  time frame.
                   MR. HAYNES: Mr. Chairman, the Board of
  Game meets in Anchorage March 2nd through the 12th and they
  will be taking up Southcentral Region wildlife proposals so
  that might effect some members of your Council.
9
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: March 2nd through 12th?
10
11
                  MR. HAYNES: Yes.
12
13
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Now I went and testified
14 for our Council at the Fish Board meeting. If there s
15 Council concerns that we d like to take to the game board
16 meeting, one of us could go attend that. And we also need
17 to request that we be given at least the same status as an
18 advisory group so we don t get just three minutes and then
19 we re done. You know, it was pretty hard to just -- you
20 know, advisory groups were up there and were able to make
21 some comments and we basically didn t get enough time to
22 even get started at the fish one. So okay, so that s in
23 early March. Well, the 19th sounds okay to me.
24
25
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: That sounds okay, 19th.
26
27
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: 19th and 20th. Ann, from
28 your standpoint, because of traveling and everything, would
29 it be easier to have it 20th and 21st so traveling and
30 setup doesn t have to be done on a weekend?
31
32
                  MS. WILKINSON: Well, that would be very
33 thoughtful.
34
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
35
                                   How about for the rest of
36 you? Would that -- that way we could travel on a Monday.
37
38
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Travel Monday and.....
39
40
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Meeting on Tuesday.
41
42
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: It s okay with me.
43
44
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Meeting on Tuesday and
45 Wednesday. Gilbert, does that sound okay to you?
46
47
                  MR. DEMENTI: Good enough.
48
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Otherwise, because I think
50 that you re probably salaried staff aren t you?
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00300
                  MS. WILKINSON: Yes.
1
2
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: So if you work on a
   Sunday, you work on a Sunday for free.
5
6
                   MS. WILKINSON: Uh-huh (affirmative).
7
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay. So travel on the
   19th, meeting March 20th and 21st and probably home on the
10 22nd. Okay, a motion to that effect would be in order.
11
12
                   MS. WILKINSON: Excuse me, Mr. Chair.
13
14
                   MR. BAKER: Where?
15
16
                   MR. F. JOHN: Anchorage.
17
                   MR. BAKER: You may want to get a location
19 before you bring it to the table.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, that s true. That s
22 true. We could decide on the location before we vote on it
23 then we could vote on it all as one package. That time of
24 the year, my vote is for Anchorage but what were you going
25 to suggest?
26
27
                   MR. BAKER:
                               I was going to suggest, based
28 on your past pattern, a couple of opportunities were
29 present, one would be Cantwell, one would be Cordova.
30 would suggest for that time frame, Cordova would be
31 probably preferable of those two.
32
33
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Or how about Yakatat?
34
35
                   MR. BAKER: We have the Native village of
36 Eyak and look forward to going to work to make that a
37 success.
38
39
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well rather than push my
40 hometown, I ll leave that up for the rest of my Council.
41
          Morris has got something.
42
43
44
                  MR. M. EWAN: Some of these places I know
45 -- I m in a wheelchair and a lot of these places are not
46 wheelchair accessible. So I disapprove of (indiscernible --
47 away from microphone).
48
49
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: That s something to think
50 about. That some of these places are a little harder for a
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00301
  wheelchair to -- accessible. I m not sure what the
  facilities in Cordova is like that way.
3
                  MR. BAKER: Bruce, what s your executive
  office, is it accessible?
6
7
                  MR. CAIN: We have some facilities that
  would be willing to help Morris out but I guess we d just
  extend the invitation to Cordova if it was helpful, you
10 know, as an option to you. And we would make Morris feel
11 more than welcome and assign some people to take care of
12 him if that would work. And I mean, we re not pushing
13 anything, just it s an option for you.
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The only, I think, problem
15 that I can see with Cordova is it is a little harder for
16 everybody to access. But there s plenty of facilities in
17 Cordova -- plenty of places to stay but it is a little
18 harder to access for everybody than Anchorage.
19
20
                  MR. BAKER: One other point is the -- well
21 I think it would be preferable to hold at the native
22 village office -- the Forest Service office is fully
23 accessible now. With an elevator and everything.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Council members?
26
27
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Well if we re going to be
28 addressing game issues primarily in this area.....
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Primarily.
31
32
                  MR. ELVSAAS: .....I wonder if Glennallen
33 wouldn t be an easier place for people to access.
34
35
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: But Glennallen in March
36 doesn t have a lot of facilities either, I don t think.
37
38
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Oh.
39
40
                  MS. SHARP: Kluti Kaah Town Hall in Copper
41 Center.
42
43
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: What?
44
45
                  MS. SHARP: The Kluti Kaah hall in Copper
46 Center is accessible. I mean, we re really short on
47 accessible meeting halls, in the Copper Valley it s a
48 similar problem.
49
50
                  MR. ELVSAAS: It doesn t matter to me.
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00302
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It doesn t matter to me,
   it s up to you guys.
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Glennallen s okay with
  me. They got a lot of rooms down there and cafes and they
  got community hall in Gulkana or down in Kluti Kaah.
                   MR. M. EWAN: It s either Copper Center or
9 Gulkana (indiscernible -- away from microphone) are they
10 wheelchair accessible.
11
12
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: They are?
13
14
                   MR. ELVSAAS: They didn t consider that for
15 me....
16
17
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: What?
18
19
                  MR. ELVSAAS: .... in Kenai.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Gloria, what were you
22 saying?
23
24
                   MS. SHARP: Kluti Kaah usually holds 500
25 people during their annual meeting.
26
27
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well, do I hear a -- we ve
28 got lots of offers on the table now.
29
30
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Where next?
31
32
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Well we ve got Copper
33 Center, Glennallen, Cordova -- there was someplace else
34 mentioned just before. It s up to you guys.
35
                  MR. ELVSAAS: You know, Cordova is just a
37 short ferry hop from Valdez. I don t how that schedule
38 is....
39
40
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: If the ferry is running
41 and when the.....
42
43
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Huh?
44
45
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: If and when the ferry is
46 running, that s the main thing.
48
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Oh, oh.
49
50
                  MR. BAKER: That s typically a punishing
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00303
  run when it is running.
3
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I would like to see us
  hold one of the next meetings where we consider fisheries
  things in Cordova. And the game issues, either hold in
  this area or where centrally located, where everybody can
  access it like Anchorage or someplace like that.
  is the handiest.
10
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Well that gives us a choice
11 between Chickaloon and Glennallen and there s nothing in
12 Chickaloon.
13
14
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yep. Well, Glennallen
15 tops.....
16
17
                   MR. ELVSAAS:
                                 I agree that Cordova would be
18 a great place for fisheries issues, which would mean a year
19 from now roughly. Next fall.
20
21
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: I kind of would like to
22 hold a fall meeting there but....
23
24
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Fall meeting in Cordova?
25
26
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah.
27
28
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Yeah.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: And a March meeting either
31 Glennallen or Copper Center or Anchorage or someplace like
32 that.
33
34
                  MR. ELVSAAS: Let s have it in Copper
35 Center.
36
37
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: You familiar with
38 Glennallen? There s -- everything s there?
39
40
                  MR. M. EWAN: Anchorage would be fine with
41 me.
42
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Glennallen got the
44 hotels, Copper Center got the facilities. Community hall.
45
46
47
                                   What did you say Morris?
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE:
48
49
                  MR. M. EWAN: Anchorage is a fine spot for
50 me.
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00304
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, Anchorage has got
  wheelchair facilities there too. The main thing that we
  need to think about at that time of the year is
  transportation. It can be very cold about then and we have
  a lot of people to move. And most of those people aren t
  from out here, you know, so.....
8
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Well by March, it s not the
9
 bitter cold.
10
11
                  MR. DEMENTI: It ain t cold. It ain t cold
12 in March.
13
14
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Oh, it s not cold in
15 March. The days are longer.
16
17
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Well, unless I hear
18 different, I m going to move for Glennallen.
20
                  CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, any objection to
21 that?
22
23
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Mr. Chairman, I would move
24 that the next meeting be March 20th and 21st at Glennallen.
25
26
                   UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: There s no
27 facilities in Glennallen.
28
29
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Unless you want to make
30 it Copper Center? Copper Center got the facilities.
31
32
                   UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible --
33 simultaneous speech).
34
35
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: That s okay, let s make
36 it Copper Center.
37
38
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Make a combina....
39
40
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: I (indiscernible) Copper
41 Center.
42
43
                  MR. ELVSAAS: I didn t get a second to that
44 anyway so you make it.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Yeah, make it that way.
47
48
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: How do I make a motion
49 -- I mean, I second it with an amendment?
50
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00305
                 MR. ELVSAAS: You make a motion now, mine
  died.
3
                  MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Oh, okay. I make a
  motion we have the meeting in Copper Center. We have the
  facilities in Glennallen so on March 20 and 21st.
8
                   MR. DEMENTI: Second.
9
10
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s been moved and
11 seconded to hold the meeting in Copper Center March 20th,
12 21st. And we ll have to make use of the rooming and stuff
13 in Glennallen but do I -- we have a first, a second. Any
14 discussion?
15
16
                   MR. DEMENTI: I got second.
17
18
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: He did.
19
20
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: Okay, is the question
21 called for?
22
23
                   MR. F. JOHN, JR.: Question.
24
25
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The question s been called
26 for. All in favor signify by saying aye.
27
28
                   IN UNISON: Aye.
29
30
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: All opposed, signify by
31 saying nay.
32
33
           (No opposing responses)
34
35
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: The motion carries.
36
37
           Okay, the next thing on the agenda is a motion to
38 adjourn.
39
40
                   MR. DEMENTI: I make a motion to adjourn.
41
42
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s been moved.
43
44
                   MR. ELVSAAS: Second.
45
46
                   CHAIRMAN LOHSE: It s been seconded and we
47 don t need to vote on that one. The meeting is adjourned.
48
49
                       (MEETING ADJOURNED)
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003	CERTIFICATE
2 3 4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ) )ss.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 9 20	STATE OF ALASKA )
	I, Joseph P. Kolasinski, Notary Public in and for the State of Alaska and Owner of Computer Matrix, do hereby certify:
	THAT the foregoing pages numbered 168 through 305 contain a full, true and correct Transcript of the SOUTHCENTRAL FEDERAL SUBSISTENCE REGIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETING, VOLUME II, taken electronically by Joseph P. Kolasinski on the 21st day of September 2000, beginning at the hour of 8:30 o'clock a.m. at the Mentasta Village School, Mentasta Lake, Alaska;
	THAT the transcript is a true and correct transcript requested to be transcribed and thereafter transcribed by under my direction and reduced to print to the best of our knowledge and ability;
23 24 25	THAT I am not an employee, attorney, or party interested in any way in this action.
26 27 28 29 30	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 2nd day of October 2000.
31 32 33	Joseph P. Kolasinski Notary Public in and for Alaska My Commission Expires: 04/17/04